Registered number: 04257429

## ADAPTIVE MODULES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020

Gooch Maloney & Partners Limited

Chartered Tax Advisers and Accountants

Streathbourne House Redehall Road Smallfield Surrey RH6 9QA

# Adaptive Modules Limited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

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## Adaptive Modules Limited Balance Sheet As at 30 November 2020

Registered number: 04257429

		2020		2019		
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible Assets	3		165,794		3,526	
		•		_		
			165,794		3,526	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks	4	226,208		358,757		
Debtors	5	824,370		300,179		
Cash at bank and in hand		374,115	_	1,258,181		
		1,424,693		1,917,117		
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(438,827)	-	(1,666,659)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			985,866	_	250,458	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<b>1</b> ,151,660	_	253,984	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7		(550,000 )	_	-	
NET ASSETS			601,660	_	253,984	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		- -		=		
Called up share capital	8		149		149	
Profit and Loss Account			601,51 <b>1</b>		253,835	
		•		_		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			601,660		253,984	
		:		=		

### Adaptive Modules Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 November 2020

For the year ending 30 November 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Ms Christine Aslett

Director

11 December 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

### Adaptive Modules Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 12 Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings 33% Reducing balance
Computer Equipment 33% Reducing balance

#### 1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

#### 1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### Adaptive Modules Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

#### 1.6. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 8 (2019: 5)

#### 3. Tangible Assets

Fixture: Fitting		Computer Equipment	Total
£		£	£
Cost			
As at 1 December 2019 32,	,156	-	32,156
Additions		207,243	207,243
As at 30 November 2020 32,	156	207,243	239,399
Depreciation			
As at 1 December 2019 28,	,630	-	28,630
Provided during the period 3,	,526	41,449	44,975
As at 30 November 2020 32,	,156	41,449	73,605
Net Book Value			
As at 30 November 2020	-	165,794	165,794
As at 1 December 2019 3,	,526	-	3,526
4. Stocks			
		2020	2019
		£	£
Stock - materials		226,208	358,757
		226,208	358,757
5. Debtors			
		2020	2019
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade debtors		823,250	133,594
Prepayments and accrued income		1,120	1,453
Directors' loan accounts	_	<del>-</del> -	165,132
	_	824,370	300,179

### Adaptive Modules Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	248,904	642,578
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	62,403
Corporation tax	90,837	-
Other taxes and social security	-	80,547
VAT	91,654	-
Accruals and deferred income	-	881,131
Directors' loan accounts	7,432	
	438,827	1,666,659
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans	550,000	
	550,000	
8. Share Capital	<del></del>	
	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	149	149

#### 9. General Information

Adaptive Modules Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04257429. The registered office is Marine House, 151 Western Road, Haywards Heath, West Sussex, RH16 3LH.

This document	t was delivered , authentication a	using electronic co	ommunications and ery under section 10	d authenticated in 172 of the Compani	accordance with tes Act 2006.	the registrar's rules	s relating to