Adelphi Insurance Brokers Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

30 November 2018

Adelphi Insurance Brokers Ltd

Registered number: 08333939

Balance Sheet

as at 30 November 2018

	Notes		2018	2017
			£	£
Current assets				
Debtors	2	804,018		273,035
Cash at bank and in hand		1,143,694		793,670
		1,947,712		1,066,705
Creditors: amounts falling due				
within one year	3	(1,408,384)		(625,057)
Net current assets			539,328	441,648
Net assets			539,328	441,648
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			231,350	231,350
Profit and loss account			307,978	210,298
Shareholders' funds		_	539,328	441,648

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

P J Price

Director

Approved by the board on 29 March 2019

Adelphi Insurance Brokers Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 November 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the

liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Debtors	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	91,853	150,494
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in		
which the company has a participating interest	662,328	105,078
Other debtors	49,837	17,463
	804,018	273,035
3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
, ,	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	113,413	-
Trade creditors	23,935	37,624
Taxation and social security costs	6,082	6,430
Other creditors	1,264,954	581,003
	1,408,384	625,057

4 Other information

Adelphi Insurance Brokers Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Suite 2 Armcon Business Park

London Road South

Poynton

Cheshire

SK12 1LQ

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