# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

**COMPANY NUMBER: 509133** 

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# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Directors' and Company information	1
Directors' report	2 - 4
Statement of directors' responsibilities	5
Independent auditors' report	6 - 7
Profit and Loss account	8
Balance Sheet	9
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11 - 34

## **DIRECTORS' AND COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors R N Batkin

C R Hefford R Markwell

Secretary R N Batkın

Registered Office Abbey Park

Stoneleigh Kenilworth CV8 2TQ

Registered number 509133

Auditors KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants and

Registered Auditor One Snowhill

Snow Hill Queensway

Birmingham B4 6GH

Bank HSBC Bank Plc

Level 37

8 Canada Square

London E14 5HQ

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

#### **Principal activity**

The Company's principal activity during the year was the marketing and selling of agricultural tractors and other farm machinery and parts. The Company also provides a financial and administrative service which is shared by other group companies. This service is recharged to the relevant companies via management fees.

#### **Review of business**

AGCO Limited continues to purchase agricultural equipment and spare parts from OEM suppliers and other AGCO group companies to sell to its UK and Irish dealer network and to export markets. It sells agricultural equipment in the UK and Irish markets under the Massey Ferguson, Fendt, Valtra and Challenger brand names and it sells to export markets under the Massey Ferguson and Challenger brand names.

Under its different brand names, the Company offers a full range of agricultural tractors ranging from 40 to 570 horsepower Tractors account for approximately 69% of the Company's total sales with replacement parts 18%, combine harvesters and other equipment 13% constituting the remainder

From a number of independent sources and in compliance with legal requirements, the Company receives market statistics which identify the number of units retailed in each market and over time is therefore able to determine the movement in the total market place and its own market share

In AGCO Limited's largest single market, the United Kingdom, the total tractor market (measured in tractor units) increased for the third year running and, over 2007, the market increased by approximately 24% AGCO Limited's total sales also increased in the same period. The increase in UK market size reflected the improvement in farmer confidence as a result of higher farm income from livestock, crop and milk prices. Raw material pricing and supplier pricing pressure negatively impacted Company profitability.

In all other European markets the market size (measured in tractor units) increased by approximately 10%, mainly in the Central European and Baltic markets. AGCO Limited's sales to these markets also increased year on year

AGCO Limited's associate companies continue to invest strongly in research and development to support AGCO's corporate vision statement of providing "high-tech solutions for professional farmers feeding the world"

AGCO Limited's ultimate parent company, AGCO Corporation, again achieved strong operating cash flows in 2008 which enabled it to reduce debt and improve its balance sheet. Such a performance enables the company to be able to invest in its strategic initiatives that support the vision statement above

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008 (CONTINUED)

The Company's strategic plans are focused on

- 1 growing sales and market position through product development, improving the quality of our dealer networks and enhancing service support programmes,
- 2 increasing profit through harmonising and improving internal processes and
- 3 optimising the Company's asset base and working capital requirements

## Risks

The financial results of AGCO Limited depend entirely upon the agricultural industry and the factors that affect the agricultural industry such as farm income, debt levels, land values, commodity prices, crop yields and government policies or subsidies will affect the results of this Company

Sales will also be affected by economic conditions such as interest rates and exchange rate levels. It is the Company's policy to hedge significant foreign currency cash flows either by natural hedges that occur from offsetting sales and purchases in the same currency or by entering into foreign exchange contracts

Weather conditions such as heat waves and drought, and pervasive livestock diseases can also affect farmers' buying decisions

Whilst AGCO Corporation is making significant investment in new product development, the ongoing success of AGCO Limited depends upon the ability of its suppliers to introduce new products that have customer acceptance. Through its customer satisfaction index (CSI) programme, the Company continually monitors the acceptance of its product and the quality of its own service and its dealers' service to the end user.

#### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account for the year is set out on page 8 The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2007 £nil)

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year are

R N Batkın

CR Hefford

R Markwell

#### Charitable donations and political contributions

The company made charitable donations of £55,870 (2007 £74,106) There were no political contributions (2007 £111) during the year

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008 (CONTINUED)

## Creditor payment policy

The Company's policy in respect of its suppliers is to agree terms of payment on or before entering into each transaction and to adhere to such terms, subject to satisfactory completion of the transaction concerned. Where prior agreement is neither practicable nor feasible, invoices will be dealt with in a timely manner as part of a systematic payment process. The Company negotiates individual payment terms with each of its suppliers. At 31 December 2008, the Company's creditor days compared to the value of suppliers' invoices received in the year was 67 days (2007-61 days).

#### **Employees**

As a key part of the Company's philosophy, the Company continues to place great importance on involving its employees in its operations. Regular meetings are held between management and employee representatives through which, as well as through house journals, news bulletins, briefing meetings, video presentations and open days, the Company seeks to keep employees informed and involved in the progress and performance of the Company and its associate companies.

Disabled persons are employed and trained where their aptitude and abilities allow and where there are suitable vacancies. Every effort is made to ensure that employment continues for employees who become disabled, training being arranged as appropriate. It is the policy of the company that, as far as possible, disabled and able-bodied people should enjoy identical career opportunities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

On behalf of the board:

R.N. Batkin Secretary

Abbey Park

Stoneleigh Kenilworth

CV8 2TQ

W March 201

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AGCO LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of AGCO Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 5

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

## Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AGCO LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## **Opinion**

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

#### KRMG LLS

#### **KPMG LLP**

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor One Snowhill Snowhill Queensway Birmingham B4 6GH

15 Harch 2010

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

		2008	2007
	Note	£'000	£'000
Turnover	2	528,767	491,743
Cost of sales		(478,875)	(443,181)
Gross profit		49,892	48,562
Distribution costs		(14,232)	(11,053)
Administrative expenses		(53,104)	(55,414)
Other operating income	3	15,472	18,133
Operating (loss)/ profit being (loss)/ profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		(1,972)	228
Impairment of investments	11	(961)	_
Net interest receivable and similar income Other finance charges	4 5	11,256 (3,274)	11,550 (1,300)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	6	5,049	10,478
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(1,746)	(5,926)
Profit for the financial year	19, 20	3,303	4,552

All of the amounts above relate to continuing activities

## BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2008

			200	08	200	7
		Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets						
Tangible asse	ts	10		5,762		4,959
Investments		11	_	1,895	_	1,892
				7,657		6,851
Current asse	ts					
Stocks		12	15,494		46,330	
Debtors		13	339,385		348,984	
Cash at bank	and in hand		33_	-	156	
			354,912		395,470	
Creditors:	amounts falling due within					
	one year	14	(126,386)	-	(162,572)	
Net current a	assets			228,526		232,898
Total assets l	ess current liabilities			236,183		239,749
Creditors:	amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(2,142)		(1,539)
Provisions fo	or liabilities and charges	16		(727)		(1,885)
	cluding pension liability		•	233,314	<del></del>	236,325
Pension liabi	ility	22		(35,967)	_	(20,736)
Net assets in	cluding pension liability			197,347		215,589
Capital and Called-up sha	are capital	18	,	151,136	-	151,136
Profit and los	s account	19		46,211	_	64,453
Shareholder	's funds	20		197,347	=	215,589

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this balance sheet

Included in debtors are amounts due after more than one year of £3,600,000 (2007 £2,814,000)

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 15 hard 2010 and were signed on its behalf by

R.N. Batkin Director

Company number 509133

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

		2008	2007
	Note	£'000	£'000
Profit for the financial year		3,303	4,552
Actuarial (loss)/ gain recognised in the pension scheme	22	(29,924)	33,400
Deferred tax arising on loss/ (gains) in the pension scheme		8,379	(10,020)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	20	(18,242)	27,932

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

#### 1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

The amendment to FRS 17 'Retirement benefits' has been adopted in these financial statements for the first time and the disclosures it requires have been presented for both the current and comparative period. The amendment to FRS 17 also requires that quoted securities are valued at their current bid-price rather than their mid-market value, no prior year adjustment is required for the year ended 31 December 2007 balances as the valuations were calculated at bid-price

#### Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Business Review on pages 2 to 3. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of AGCO Corporation, which is established under the law of the United States of America. AGCO Corporation is required to publish consolidated financial statements incorporating the results of AGCO Limited and consequently, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 1, no cash flow statement is included in these financial statements.

AGCO Limited is exempt under section 228A of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. The financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company is consolidated within the consolidated financial statements of AGCO Corporation. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of AGCO Corporation may be obtained from 4205 River Green Parkway, Duluth, Georgia, 30096

## Acquisitions

The results of any businesses acquired during the year are included from the effective date of acquisition using the acquisition method of accounting. The purchase consideration is allocated to assets and liabilities on the basis of fair value at the date of acquisition.

#### Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods and services, excluding value added tax and is shown net of discounts

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost net of depreciation and any provision for impairment

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets, over their estimated useful lives. The principal rates used are as follows

Leasehold improvements - 5%
Plant and equipment - 5% - 33%
Production tooling - 20%

Depreciation is not provided on assets in the course of construction

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is shorter

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis to the period of the next rental increase

#### **Investments**

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment

#### Research and development

All expenditure on research and development is written off as incurred, except that development expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward only when its future recoverability can be foreseen with reasonable assurance. Any expenditure carried forward is amortised over the life of the related project.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. Cost comprises materials and overheads attributable to the stage of delivery reached. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate

#### Warranty

Provision is made for the estimated liability in respect of all products still under contractual one year warranty. Up to a further 48 months of extended warranty may be purchased and this income is recognised over the period of the extended warranty.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account deferred taxation (see below)

Current tax, including foreign tax where appropriate, is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen, but not reversed, by the balance sheet date, except as where otherwise required by Financial Reporting Standard No 19

#### **Pensions**

The company operates a defined contribution pension. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

The company also operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. Pension scheme assets are measured using market values. For quoted securities the current bid price is taken as market value. Pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent terms and currency to the liability.

The pension scheme surplus (to the extent that it is recoverable) or deficit is recognised in full. The movement in the scheme surplus/deficit is split between operating charges, finance items and in the statement of total recognised gains and losses, actuarial gains and losses.

#### Share based payments

The shared based compensation plans allow certain employees to acquire shares of AGCO Corporation. The fair value of the shares/options granted is charged as an employee expense. The fair value is measured at the grant date and spread over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the shares/options. The fair value is based on either market value at grant date or the Black Scholes option pricing model depending on the plan (see note 25 for details). The Black Scholes model takes into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the estimated number of shares/options that are expected to vest except where forfeiture is only due to 'total shareholder return' targets not being achieved.

The transitional provisions of FRS 20 allow for no expense to be recorded in respect of grants made under the above schemes prior to 7 November 2002. These schemes were only introduced during 2006.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Turnover

Turnover represents amounts invoiced for goods and services supplied by the company excluding value added tax and is analysed by geographical market supplied to as follows

	2008		2007	
	£'000	%	£'000	%
Rest of Europe	226,705	43	218,457	43
United Kingdom	220,602	41	162,027	33
Africa	42,906	8	58,079	12
Asıa	29,317	5	37,894	8
Australasia	1,950	1	8,570	2
North America	4,728	1	4,638	1
South America	2,559	1	2,078	1
	528,767	100	491,743	100

The Directors consider there to be one class of business. All turnover both domestic and international arises from activities within the United Kingdom

## 3. Other operating income

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Management fees	15,472	18,133

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 4. Net interest receivable and similar income

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Interest receivable Less interest payable and similar charges	14,135 (2,879)	15,730 (4,180)
	11,256	11,550
The above amounts are analysed as follows		
Interest payable and similar charges	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Bank loans and overdraft Finance lease interest Other interest payable to third parties	1,369 81 1,082	3,144 50 986
Interest payable to group undertakings	347 2,879	4,180
Interest receivable		
Interest receivable from third parties Interest receivable from group undertakings	67 14,068 14,135	125 15,605 15,730
5. Other finance charges		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(15,220) 18,494	(17,000) 18,300
	3,274	1,300

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 6. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging the following

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Depreciation - owned assets	1,133	1,056
Depreciation - assets held under finance lease contracts	599	494
Research and development expenditure	615	1,602
Foreign exchange losses	10,138	4,695
Hire of other assets – operating leases	3,263	3,000
Hire of plant and machinery – rentals payable under operating leases Auditors' remuneration	8	96
<ul><li>Audit of these financial statements</li><li>Amounts receivable by the auditors and their associates in respect of</li></ul>	147	120
Other services pursuant to legislation	261	212
Share of group Sarbanes Oxley compliance	158	128

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor in respect of services to the Company and its associates, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of the Company's parent, AGCO Corporation

#### 7. Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of the directors, (excluding pension contributions), was £492,545 Pension contributions made by the company totalled £71,413 Total emoluments therefore amounted to £563,958. Emoluments of the highest-paid director are as follows

	2008
	£'000
	202
Aggregate emoluments excluding pension contributions	202
Aggregate value of any company contributions paid to a pension	35
scheme in respect of qualifying services	
	237

Two of the directors who held office at 31 December 2008 are members of a defined benefit scheme

No director received emoluments from the company during 2007 The emoluments received by the company's directors in respect of their services as directors to AGCO International Limited are disclosed in the financial statements of that company

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 8. Staff costs

The average monthly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the year was

	2008 Number	2007 Number
Selling	191	254
Administration	472	385
	663	639
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Wages and salaries	21,714	21,128
Share based payments (see note 25)	2,026	1,532
Social security costs	2,243	2,397
Other pension costs	1,554	2,913
	27,537	27,970

# 9. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of the tax charge for the year

	200	<b>)8</b>	200	7
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000
Current tax:				
UK corporation tax				
Payment for group relief	-		-	
Adjustments in respect of previous years	-		236	
		-		236
Foreign tax – charge for current year		89		153
Total current tax (see over)	-	89	-	389
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of timing differences	3,001		4,737	
Impact of rate change	-		870	
Adjustment in respect of previous years	(1,344)	_	(70)	
Total deferred tax (note 17)		1,657		5,537
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	1,746		5,926

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 9. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The corporation tax rate applicable to the company changed from 30% to 28% from 1 April 2008 The company does not make a payment for group relief

The deferred tax assets have been calculated at 28% in accordance with FRS 19 on the assumption that the timing differences will reverse after 1 April 2008

The current tax charge for the year is lower (2007 lower) than the average standard rate of corporation tax during 2008 in the UK of 28 5% (2007 30%) The differences are explained below

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Current tax reconciliation:		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,049	10,478
Current tax thereon at 28 5% (2007 30%)	1,439	3,143
Effects of		
Net expenses not deductible for tax purposes	838	367
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	68	1,633
FRS 17 pension timing differences	(3,433)	(3,660)
Short term timing differences	(253)	(3,099)
Non taxable financial impacts of FRS 17	933	390
Foreign tax	89	153
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous years	-	236
Group relief for no payment	408	1,226
Total current tax charge (see above)	89	389

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 10. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements £'000	Plant and equipment £'000	Production tooling £'000	Assets in course of construction £'000	Total £'000
Cost:	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000
At 1 January 2008	65	20,046	2,406	769	23,286
Additions	-	2,139	960	246	3,345
Disposals	-	(762)	-	(796)	(1,558)
At 31 December 2008	65	21,423	3,366	219	25,073
Depreciation:					
At 1 January 2008	4	16,269	2,054	-	18,327
Charge for year	3	1,510	219	_	1,732
Disposals		(748)	-	<u>-</u>	(748)
At 31 December 2008	7	17,031	2,273		19,311
Net book value:	58	4,392	1,093	219	5,762
At 31 December 2008	30	4,392	1,093	219	3,702
At 31 December 2007	61	3,777	352	769	4,959

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 10. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under finance lease contracts are as follows

			Plant and equipment £'000
Cost:			2 000
At 1 January 2008 Additions Disposals			1,807 908 (430)
At 31 December 2008			2,285
Depreciation:			
At 1 January 2008 Charge for year Disposals			850 599 (430)
At 31 December 2008			1,019
Net book value:			
At 31 December 2008			1,266
At 31 December 2007			957
11. Fixed asset investments			
	Interest in subsidiary undertaking £'000	Other investments £'000	Total £'000
Cost and net book value at 1 January 2008	1	1,891	1,892
Additions	-	964	964
Amounts written off	-	(961)	(961)
Cost and net book value at 31 December 2008	1	1,894	1,895

The £961,000 written off during the year relates to the impairment of the investment in AGCO Argentina SA

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 11. Fixed asset investments (continued)

## Interests in subsidiary undertaking

The company owns 100% of the ordinary share capital of Massey Ferguson Staff Pension Trust Limited, a company registered in England and Wales This subsidiary did not trade during the year

#### Other investments

	Principal activity	Country of incorporation	Holding %
AGCO SA	Manufacturing and sale of agricultural	France	0 05
	tractors		
AGCO Italia Spa	Sale of agricultural tractors	Italy	1
AGCO Argentina SA	Sale of agricultural machinery	Argentina	5

## All holdings are in ordinary shares

The directors are of the opinion that the value of fixed asset investments is at least equal to the amounts at which they are included in the financial statements

#### 12. Stocks

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Raw material and consumables Finished goods and parts	220 15,274	497 45,833
	15,494	46,330

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 13. Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year		
	2008	2007
	£'000	£,000
Trade debtors	36,410	33,578
Amounts owed by group undertakings	295,124	307,871
Other debtors	1,564	1,815
Social security and other taxes	320	349
Prepayments and accrued income	1,049	1,252
Deferred tax asset (see note 17)	1,318	1,305
	335,785	346,170
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Deferred tax asset (see note 17)	3,600	2,814
	339,385	348,984
14. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Trade creditors	8,258	19,711
Amounts owed to group undertakings	85,477	105,042
Corporation tax payable	500	500
Other creditors	_	5,457
Obligations under finance leases	485	410
Social security and other taxes	761	963
Accruals and deferred income	30,905	30,489
	126,386	162,572

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 15. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Obligations under finance leases	765	522
Accruals and deferred income	1,377	1,017
	2,142	1,539
Finance leases are repayable as follows		
	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Obligations under finance leases		
- between one and two years	417	255
- between two and five years	348	267
	765	522
On demand or within one year	485	410
	1,250	932

## 16. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Warranty provisions £'000
At 1 January 2008	1,885
Charge to the profit and loss for the year	1,595
Amounts released unused	(1,707)
Utilised during the year	(1,046)
At 31 December 2008	727
	<del></del>

The provision for contractual warranty is calculated as the expected liability on manufactured products on the basis of historical claims experience. One year's contractual warranty is offered as standard in most markets (two years in North America). Other rectification provision is made on the expected liability on manufactured products where there is a known failure. Provisions for extended warranty are made if the sum of the expected costs exceeds the related revenue.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 17. Deferred taxation

The amount recognised for deferred taxation at 31 December 2008, at a UK corporation tax rate of 28% (2007. 28%) is set out below

	200	08	200	)7
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Deferred tax asset excluding deferred tax on pension deficit included in debtors due in less than one year (note 13)				
Accelerated capital allowances	1,199		938	
Short term timing differences	119		367	
		1,318		1,305
Deferred tax asset excluding deferred tax on pension deficit included in debtors due in more than one year (note 13) Accelerated capital allowances Short term timing differences	3,600		2,814	
		3,600		2,814
Deferred tax asset excluding deferred tax on pension deficit included in debtors	-	4,918	. <del>-</del>	4,119
Deferred tax asset on pension deficit included in pension liability		13,987		8,064
	-	18,905	. =	12,183
				£'000
Deferred tax asset at 1 January 2008				12,183
Charge to the profit and loss account (note 9)				(1,657)
Credit for the year in the statement of total recogni	ised gains and	losses	_	8,379
At 31 December 2008			=	18,905
18. Called-up share capital				
Authorised:			2008 £'000	2007 £'000
155,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			155,000	155,000
Allotted, called-up and fully-paid: 151,135,779 ordinary shares of £1 each			151,136	151,136

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 19. Profit and loss account

		£'000
At 1 January 2008		64,453
Profit for the financial year		3,303
Actuarial loss recognised in the pension scheme		(29,924)
Deferred tax arising on loss in pension scheme		8,379
At 31 December 2008		46,211
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Profit and loss account excluding pension liability	82,178	85,189
Pension liability	(35,967)	(20,736)
Profit and loss account including pension liability	46,211	64,453
20. Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's fu	nds	
	2008	2007
	£'000	£,000
Profit for the financial year and retained profit Other recognised (losses)/gains relating to the	3,303	4,552
year	(21,545)	23,380
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year and net addition to shareholder's funds	(18,242)	27,932
Shareholder's funds at 1 January	215,589	187,657
Shareholder's funds at 31 December	197,347	215,589

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 21. Financial commitments

At 31 December 2008 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases for the hire of plant, equipment, land and buildings, and motor vehicles as follows

	2008	2008	2007	2007
	Land & Buildings	Other	Land & Buildings	Other
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire				
- within one year	143	144	_	192
- between one and five years	13	684	11	823
- greater than five years	1,213	6	1,213	
	1,369	834	1,224	1,015

#### 22. Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension costs charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £474,000 (2007 £430,000). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year.

The company also operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay The company has adopted FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits' in these financial statements. The latest full actuarial valuation was carried out at 30 September 2005, (previous valuation was at 30 September 2002) and was updated for FRS 17 purposes by a qualified independent actuary as at 31 December 2008, 31 December 2007, 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005

The major assumptions used for the FRS 17 actuarial valuation were

	2008	2007	2006
Rate of increase in salaries Rate of increase in pensions in payment for pension accrued	3.8% p.a.	4 2% p a	4.0% p a
-before 6 April 1997 - 6 April 1997 to 5 April 2004 - 6 April 2004 to 5 April 2005 - post 5 April 2005 Rate of increase in deferred pensions	3.0% p.a. 3.5% p.a. 2.7% p.a. 2.0% p.a. 3.2% p.a.	3 0% p a 3 5% p a 3 2% p a. 2 3% p a 3 2% p a	3 0% p a 3 4% p a 3 0% p a 2 3% p a 2 9% p a
Discount rate Rate of inflation	6.8% p.a. 2.8% p.a.	5 8% p a 3 2% p a.	5.2% p a 3 0% p a

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 22. Pensions (continued)

The mortality assumptions are based on standard mortality tables which allow for future mortality improvements. The assumptions are that a member currently aged 65 will live on average for a further 19 6 years if they are male and for a further 22 7 years if they are female. For a member who retires in 2028 at age 65 the assumptions are that they will live on average for a further 20 9 years after retirement if they are male and for a further 23 9 years after retirement if they are female.

The assumptions by the actuary are the best estimates chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions which, due to the timescale covered, may not necessarily be borne out in practice

#### Scheme assets/ liabilities

The fair value of the scheme's assets, which are not intended to be realised in the short term and may be subject to significant change before they are realised, and the present value of the scheme's liabilities, which are derived from cash flow projections over long periods and thus inherently uncertain were

	Fair value at	Fair value at	Fair value at
	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2008	2007	2006
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	75,472	94,600	194,600
Bonds	81,967	92,200	88,900
Other	86,344	111,200	7,300
		_	
Total fair value of assets	243,783	298,000	290,800
Present value of scheme liabilities	(293,737)	(326,800)	(363,900)
Deficit in the scheme	(49,954)	(28,800)	(73,100)
Related deferred tax asset	13,987	8,064	21,930
Net pension liability	(35,967)	(20,736)	(51,170)

The expected rates of return on the assets in the scheme were

	2008	2007	2006
	%	%	%
Equities	7.9% p.a.	6 8% p a	68% p a
Bonds	4.8% p.a.	4 7% p a	47% p a
Other	7.9% p.a.	48% p a	48% p a

AGCO Limited employs a building block approach in determining the long-term rate of return on pension plan assets. Historical markets are studied and assets with higher volatility are assumed to generate higher returns consistent with widely accepted capital market principles. The assumed long-term rate of return on each asset class is set out above. The overall expected rate of return on assets is then derived by aggregating the expected return for each asset class over the actual asset allocation for the Scheme at the 31 December 2008.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 22. Pensions (continued)

Analysis of other pension costs charged in arriving at operating profit

Thing is of other pension costs charged in arriving at operating profit		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Current service cost	1,236	1,700
Analysis of amounts included in other finance charges	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(15,220) 18,494	(17,000) 18,300
	3,274	1,300
Changes to the present value of the defined benefit obligation during year		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Opening defined benefit obligation Current service cost Interest cost Contributions by scheme participants Actuarial gains on scheme liabilities Net benefits paid out	326,800 1,236 18,494 700 (35,500) (17,993)	363,900 1,700 18,300 500 (39,100) (18,500)
Closing defined benefit obligation	293,737	326,800
Changes to the fair value of scheme assets during the year	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Opening fair value of scheme assets Expected return on scheme assets Actuarial losses on scheme assets Contributions by the employer Contributions by scheme participants Net benefits paid out Closing fair value of scheme assets	298,000 15,220 (65,424) 13,280 700 (17,993)	290,300 17,000 (5,200) 13,900 500 (18,500) 298,000
	·	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 22. Pensions (continued)

Analysis of amounts recognised in the statements of total recognised gains and losses

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Actual return less expected return on scheme assets (£'000)	(65,459)	(5,100)	1,700	26,200	7,900
Percentage of year end scheme assets (%)	26.9	17	06	9 4	3 2
Experience (loss)/ gains arising on scheme liabilities (£'000)	(2,143)	1,000	12,900	-	300
Percentage of present value of year end scheme liabilities (%)	0.7	03	3 5	0 0	0 1
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme habilities (£'000)	37,678	38,000	22,300	(41,200)	(9,000)
Percentage of present value of year end scheme liabilities (%)	12.8	11 8	6 1	10 4	26
Actuarial (loss)/ gain recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses (£'000)	(29,924)	33,900	36,900	(15,000)	(800)
Percentage of present value of year end scheme liabilities (%)	10.2	10 4	10 1	3 8	0 2

The scheme is closed to new members and therefore under the projected unit method the current service cost would be expected to increase as the members of the scheme approach retirement

Regular employer contributions to the Scheme in 2009 are estimated to be approximately £13,300,000

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 23. Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into a warehouse service agreement for the next financial year which includes the commitment of a fixed warehouse service fee of £2,446,524 (2007 £2,308,056) payable evenly on a monthly basis. The agreement includes exit payments where AGCO Limited is liable to pay £250,000 on a reducing balance based on months elapsed from the signing of the agreement and the effective date of termination on 15 December 2012. The company has further commitments in respect of other bonds of £nil (2007 £nil)

The company has counter-indemnified the UK lending banks in respect of HM Revenue and Customs duty deferment guarantees amounting £120,000 (2007 £120,000).

The company has given a counter-indemnity in respect of performance bonds amounting to £491,330 (2007 £573,315) and in respect of bid bonds amounting to £1,100 (2007 £nil)

The company is a party to a global credit agreement together with AGCO Corporation and its major subsidiaries. The agreement contains default provisions, which, if breached by AGCO Corporation or any of its major subsidiaries, may cause acceleration of substantially all of the company's indebtedness. The company had no indebtedness under the global credit agreement at 31 December 2008 or 31 December 2007. In May 2008 the agreement was renegotiated resulting in the company no longer being a designated borrower.

#### 24. Related party transactions

AGCO Corporation is required to publish consolidated financial statements incorporating the results of AGCO Limited and consequently, in accordance with FRS 8, transactions with group entities are not disclosed within these financial statements AGCO Corporation is established under the law of the United States of America

Balances with group undertakings are shown in notes 13 and 14

The following transactions and balances are with AGCO Finance Limited – formerly Agricredit Limited (incorporated in the UK), an associated undertaking of the company's ultimate UK parent company (AGCO International Limited), and AGCO Finance Limited – formerly Agricredit Limited (incorporated in Eire), an associated undertaking of a fellow subsidiary

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Amounts owed by AGCO Finance Limited	1,694	3,391
Amounts owed to AGCO Finance Limited	(88)	(883)
Amounts owed to AGCO Finance Limited (Eire)	(4)	(90)
Amounts charged to AGCO Finance Limited principally in respect of wholesale financing to AGCO dealerships, net of amounts in respect of financing arrangements	152,941	125,601
Subsidies paid to AGCO Finance Limited (Eire)	(1,325)	(1,028)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 24. Related party transactions (continued)

The extent of transactions with GIMA SA, a joint venture of a fellow subsidiary undertaking, is summarised below

summarised below		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Amounts owed by GIMA SA	3	-
Amounts owed to GIMA SA	(16)	(183)
Sales to GIMA SA	60	-
Purchases from GIMA SA	(873)	(899)
The extent of transactions with TAFE, an associated undertasummarised below		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Amounts owed by TAFE	-	129
Amounts owed to TAFE	-	(16)
Sales to TAFE	429	358
Purchases from TAFE	(317)	(773)
The extent of transactions with AGCO-SM Group, a joint undertaking up until 30 October 2007, is summarised below	venture of a	fellow subsidiary
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Amounts owed by AGCO-SM Group	-	-
Amounts owed to AGCO-SM Group	-	(25)
Sales to AGCO-SM Group	-	339
Purchases from AGCO-SM Group	-	-

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 24. Related party transactions (continued)

The extent of transactions with Laverda Spa, a joint venture of a fellow subsidiary undertaking, and with its subsidiary Gallignani Spa, are summarised below

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Amounts owed by Laverda Spa and Gallignani Spa	-	-
Amounts owed to Laverda Spa and Gallignani Spa	(2)	(379)
Sales to Laverda Spa and Gallignani Spa	190	-
Purchases from Laverda Spa and Gallignani Spa	(10,769)	(2,099)

#### 25. Employee share schemes

#### Share based payments

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the AGCO Corporation Group introduced two share based compensation schemes for employees Certain key employees of subsidiary undertakings are eligible to participate in these schemes

The schemes take different forms and the details of the schemes are provided below:

#### Performance Share Plan

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group introduced a Performance Share Plan under which eligible employees receive free shares following the end of a three year vesting period providing specified performance conditions are met. These conditions are based on targets for the AGCO Corporation Group earnings per share (EPS) and return on capital invested (RoC), as determined by AGCO Corporation's Board of Directors. The shares earned are based on the cumulative results over the three year period.

Performance periods are consecutive and overlapping three-year cycles and performance targets are set at the beginning of each cycle

Certain senior employees also participate in a transitional three year Performance Share Plan, with annual performance criteria. No shares were earned based on the one-year performance period to 31 December 2006 under this transitional plan. Based on the performance to 31 December 2007 16,316 shares were earned. Based on the performance to 31 December 2008 61,000 shares were earned.

The cost of these plans as far as it is charged in the accounts is based on the share price at the grant date and the level of performance achieved. For plans under which vesting has yet to occur the costs are based on the Group's estimate of the level of performance.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 25. Employee share schemes (continued)

## **Stock Appreciation Rights Plan**

The AGCO Corporation Group also operates a Stock Appreciation Rights Plan. Under this scheme eligible participants are granted awards in the form of Stock Appreciation Rights The Stock Appreciation Rights vest in equal instalments over a four year period

At vesting the Rights become exercisable at the predetermined exercise price, which is set at the date of grant. However the Stock Appreciation Rights cannot be exercised later than seven years after the date of vesting. On exercise the participants receive the aggregate appreciation in the stock price over the market price at grant, paid in shares of AGCO Corporation.

The fair value of the grants and therefore the cost of the Stock Appreciation Rights charged in the year is estimated using the Black Scholes option pricing model Expected volatility of the actual stock price is determined strictly over the stock price's historical volatility

Grant date of equity settled award by parent	Performance conditions	Contractual life of shares/options
Stock Appreciation Rights Plan		
27 April 2006	-	7 years
15 February 2007	-	7 years
Performance Share Plan		
27 Aprıl 2006	EPS and RoC performance	3 years
	targets over 3 years *	
15 February 2007	EPS and RoC performance targets over 3 years *	3 years

<sup>\*</sup> Targets are based on annual criteria for those employees in the transitional performance share plan

#### **Stock Appreciation Rights Plan**

	2008 Weighted average exercise price £	2008 Number of options	2007 Weighted average exercise price £	2007 Number of options
Outstanding at the beginning of the				
year	15.49	57,500	12 27	29,500
Granted during the year	30.75	6,000	18 68	29,500
Exercised during the year	15.47	(12,875)	11 89	(1,500)
Lapsed during the year	17.24	(2,500)	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	23.78	48,125	15 49	57,500
Exercisable at the end of the year	19.70	7,750	11 89	5,875

At 31 December 2008, the weighted average remaining contractual life of Stock Appreciation Rights outstanding was approximately 5 years (2007 6 years)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 25. Employee share schemes (continued)

Weighted average assumptions under the Black Scholes option pricing model at the year end were as follows

	2008	2007
Expected life of awards (years)	5.5	5 5
Risk-free interest rate	2.7%	4 7%
Expected volatility	38.0%	41 4%
Expected dividend yield	•	_

The fair value as at 31 December 2008 using the Black Scholes model was £12 32 (2007 8 55)

#### **Performance Share Plan**

	2008 Weighted average	2008 Number of	2007 Weighted average	2007 Number of
	grant date fair value £	options	grant date fair value £	options
Outstanding at the beginning of				
the year	15.49	123,500	12 27	78,816
Granted during the year	30.75	22,600	18 68	61,000
Lapsed during the year	20.17	(3,000)	-	-
Earned during the year	12.84	(61,000)	11 89	(16,316)
Outstanding at the end of the year	29.45	82,100	15 49	123,500

The weighted average grant date fair value and average contractual life outstanding at the year end were as follows

	2008	2007
Weighted average grant date fair value Weighted average contractual life (years)	£30.82	£15 36

The total expense recognised in the year in respect of the above equity settled share based payment schemes was £2,026,230 (2007 £1,531,664). This charge was included in administrative expenses

#### 26. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is AGCO Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of AGCO Corporation may be obtained from 4205 River Green Parkway, Duluth, Georgia, 30096