Registered number: 07115780

AMBERFRAME HOLDINGS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

AMBERFRAME HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07115780

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets	Note		L		L
Investments	4		100		100
Investment property	5		755,400		655,400
		_	755,500	_	655,500
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	134,894		123,647	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(4,174)		(4,323)	
Net current assets			130,720		119,324
Total assets less current liabilities		_	886,220	_	774,824
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	8	_	(31,175)	_	(12,654)
Net assets		=	855,045	=	762,170
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Investment property reserve			280,000		180,000
Profit and loss account		_	574,945	_	582,070
		=	855,045	=	762,170

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 3 September 2019.

R Hough

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Called up share capital £	Investment property revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 April 2017	100	180,000	567,324	747,424
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	14,746	14,746
At 1 April 2018	100	180,000	582,070	762,170
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(7,125)	(7,125)
Revaluations		100,000	<u>.</u>	100,000
At 31 March 2019	100	280,000	574,945	855,045

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. General information

Amberframe Holdings Limited is a private Company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 6 High Street, Ely, Cambridgeshire, CB7 4JU. The nature of the Company's operations continues to be that of a property investment and holding company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company's functional and presentational currency is Pounds sterling. The level of rounding is to the nearest £.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, Value Added Tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover comprises rental income receivable. Turnover is recognised as the period of rental elapses and is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

2.3 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.5 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.8 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2018 - 2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4. Fixed asset investments

	Cost or valuation		Investments in subsidiary companies
	At 1 April 2018		100
	At 31 March 2019		100
5.	Investment property		
			Freehold investment property £
	Valuation		
	At 1 April 2018		655,400
	Revaluation		100,000
	At 31 March 2019		755,400
	The 2019 valuations were made by R Hough, on an open market value for existing use basis.		
		20 1 9 £	2018 £
	Revaluation reserves		
	At 1 April 2018	180,000	180,000
	2019 Revaluation	100,000	-
	At 31 March 2019	280,000	180,000
6.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Amounts owed by associated undertakings	134,894	123,647

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Corporation tax	2,674	2,823
Accruals and deferred income	1,500	1,500
	4,174	4,323

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8. Deferred taxation

	2019 £	2018 £
At beginning of year	12,654	15,367
Charged to profit or loss	18,521	(2,713)
At end of year	31,175	12,654
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	2019 £	2018 £
On investment property revaluation	31,175	12,654
9. Share capital		
	2019 £	2018 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid	~	~
100 (2018 - 100) ordinary shares of £1.00 each	100	100

10. Related party transactions

IIncluded in debtors is an amount due from Richard Hough (Building) Limited, a company under common control , totalling £ 134,894 (2018 - £123,647). The loan is interest free and repayable upon demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.