**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10139094** 

# TOTAL CARPENTRY (WILTSHIRE) LIMITED UNAUDITED FILLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30TH APRIL 2020

BARNETT AND CO ACCOUNTANTS LIMITED CHARTERED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS MELKSHAM

WEDNESDAY



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#### **DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

Sam Law

Sade Coleman

**COMPANY NUMBER** 

10139094

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

1st Floor

11 Church Street

Melksham Wiltshire SN12 6LS

**BUSINESS ADDRESS** 

23 West End Melksham Wiltshire SN12 6HJ

**ACCOUNTANTS** 

Barnett and Co Accountants Limited

24A High Street Melksham Wiltshire SN12 6LA

**BANKERS** 

Lloyds Bank Plc 64 Fore Street Trowbridge Wiltshire BA14 8EU

# REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF TOTAL CARPENTRY (WILTSHIRE) LIMITED YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited for the year ended 30th April 2020 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at <a href="http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA\_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf">http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA\_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf</a>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited. You consider that Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Total Carpentry (Wiltshire) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Barnett and Co Accountants Limited Chartered Certifed Accountant

L. Somet

24A High Street Melksham Wiltshire SN12 6LA

7th September 2020

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30TH APRIL 2020

		2020		2019	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets				•	
Tangible assets	5	40,683		43,607	
			40,683		43,607
Current assets					
Stocks		6,840		11,437	•
Debtors	6	12,519		64,601	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,953		124,917	
		44,312		200,955	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(34,498)		(114,833)	
Net current assets			9,814		86,122
Total assets less current liabilities			50,497		129,729
Creditors: amounts falling due	·				
after more than one year	8		(10,924)		(15,245)
Provisions for liabilities			(7,729)		(8,285)
Net assets			31,844		106,199
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		1
Profit and loss account			31,842		106,198
Shareholders funds			31,844		106,199
Ondionolders funds			====		====

For the year ending 30th April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) 30TH APRIL 2020

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7th September 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Sam Law Director

Company registration number: 10139094

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2020

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 1st Floor, 11 Church Street, Melksham, Wiltshire, SN12 6LS.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2020

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment

25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 33.3% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2020

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 7 (2019: 5).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2020

5.	Tangible assets				
		Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost	. 0 224	E0 277	1,309	68,017
	At 1st May 2019 Additions	8,331 6,250	58,377 4,000	881	11,131
	At 30th April 2020	14,581	62,377	2,190	79,148
	•	=====	=====		====
	Depreciation At 1st May 2019	3,888	19,609	913	24,410
	Charge for the year	2,673	10,692	690	14,055
	At 30th April 2020	6,561	30,301	1,603	38,465
	Carrying amount				
	At 30th April 2020	8,020	32,076	587	40,683
	At 30th April 2019	4,443	38,768	396	43,607
		<del>=</del>			
6.	Debtors				
				2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors			11,624	56,851
	Other debtors			895	7,750
				12,519	64,601
				<del></del>	=======================================
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
	•	•		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors			8,094	4,763
	Corporation tax			4,811	29,273
	Social security and other taxes			11,878	71,106
	Other creditors			9,715	9,691
				34,498	114,833
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after m	nore than one year		0000	2010
				2020 £	2019 £
	Other creditors			10,924	15,245

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2020

#### 9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

				and the second s			
	•		2020				•
			•		Balance	Advances	Balance
					brought forward	/(credits) to the directors	o/standing
					£	£	£
Sam Law					(22)	(955)	(977)
			2019				
					Balance	Advances	Balance
					brought		o/standing
					forward	the directors	
					£	£	£
Sam Law					(203)	181	(22)