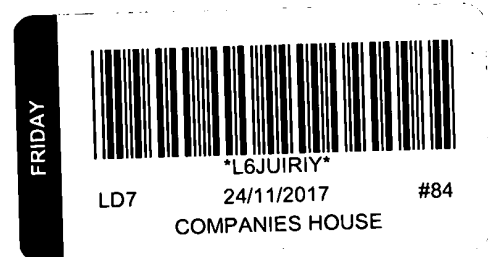


**APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017**



**APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 05374680**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2017**

	Note	28 February 2017 £	29 February 2016 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	4	320	-
		<u>320</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	15,476	11,692
Cash at bank and in hand		60,808	36,134
		<u>76,284</u>	<u>47,826</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(21,233)	(18,123)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>55,051</u>	<u>29,703</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>55,371</u>	<u>29,703</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			
Deferred tax		(54)	-
		<u>(54)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>55,317</u></u>	<u><u>29,703</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		55,316	29,702
		<u>55,317</u>	<u>29,703</u>

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

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**APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 05374680**

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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2017**

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The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

*A Thompson*

**A Thompson**  
Director

Date: *30 October 2017*

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

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## APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

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#### 1. General information

Appletree Consulting Limited is a privately owned company limited by shares and is incorporated in England & Wales. The registered office is 12 Neville Court, Castle Lane, Warwick, Warwickshire, CV34 4EZ.

#### 2. Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

##### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

##### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

##### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

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## APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

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#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment	- 25% Straight Line
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

##### 2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

##### 2.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

##### 2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### 2.7 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

##### 2.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

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## APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

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## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.9 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

### 2.10 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2016 - 1).

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**APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017**

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**4. Tangible fixed assets**

	Office equipment £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	
At 1 March 2016	1,060
Additions	427
At 28 February 2017	<u>1,487</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 March 2016	1,060
Charge for the year on owned assets	107
At 28 February 2017	<u>1,167</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 28 February 2017	<u>320</u>
At 29 February 2016	<u>-</u>

**5. Debtors**

	28 February 2017 £	29 February 2016 £
Trade debtors	7,522	11,596
Other debtors	7,875	-
Prepayments and accrued income	79	96
	<u>15,476</u>	<u>11,692</u>

Included within other debtors due within one year is a loan to A Thompson, a director, amounting to £7,875 (2016 - £NIL). The loan was interest free and was repaid in full by 31 October 2017.

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APPLETREE CONSULTING LIMITED

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

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6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	28 February 2017 £	29 February 2016 £
Corporation tax	16,513	15,632
Other taxation and social security	3,520	1,216
Other creditors	-	75
Accruals and deferred income	1,200	1,200
	<u>21,233</u>	<u>18,123</u>

7. Deferred taxation

	2017 £
Charged to profit or loss	(54)
<b>At end of year</b>	<u>(54)</u>

The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:

	28 February 2017 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(54)
	<u>(54)</u>

8. First time adoption of FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS102. The last financial statements under previous UK GAAP were for the year ended 29 February 2016 and the date of transition was 1 March 2015.

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.