Company Registration No. 01534080 (England and Wales)	
ARTHUR JOHNSON & SONS LIMITED  ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the conduct of auctions.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

P J Poyser

S Wightman

J Brownsword

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

P J Poyser

Director

22 June 2020

# BALANCE SHEET

## AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		9,664		5,951
Current assets					
Stocks		57,249		50,277	
Debtors	5	109,648		124,811	
Cash at bank and in hand		680,435		485,975	
		847,332		661,063	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(363,320)		(247,163)	
Net current assets			484,012		413,900
Total assets less current liabilities			493,676		419,851
Comital and recomme					
Capital and reserves	-		40.500		40 500
Called up share capital	7		12,500		12,500
Share premium account			25,500		25,500
Profit and loss reserves			455,676		381,851
Takal amilin			402.676		440.054
Total equity			493,676		419,851

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 June 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

P J Poyser

Director

Company Registration No. 01534080

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Arthur Johnson & Sons Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Cattle Market, Meadow Lane, Nottingham, NG2 3GY.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements 25% on cost, 20% on cost, 10% on cost

Plant and equipment 25% on cost

Fixtures and fittings 25% on cost and 12.5% on cost

Motor vehicles 25% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

## 1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## 1.6 Financial instruments

# Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Loans and borrowings

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

## 1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 50 (2018 - 49).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3	Intangible fixed assets					Goodwill £
	Cost At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019					4,000
	Amortisation and impairment At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019					4,000
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2019					-
	At 31 December 2018					
4	Tangible fixed assets					
		Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and I fittings		Total
	Cost	£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2019	296,049	3,300	224,084	17,000	540,433
	Additions	-	-	7,558	-	7,558
	At 31 December 2019	296,049	3,300	231,642	17,000	547,991
	Depreciation and impairment					
	At 1 January 2019	293,799	3,300	220,383	17,000	534,482
	Depreciation charged in the year	869		2,976		3,845
	At 31 December 2019	294,668	3,300	223,359	17,000	538,327
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 December 2019	1,381		8,283		9,664
	At 31 December 2018	2,250		3,701		5,951
5	Debtors					
	Amounts falling due within one year:				2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors				45,633	57,962
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income				4,478 59,537	66,849
					109,648	124,811

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•		2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	97,660	38,457
	Corporation tax	76,910	64,990
	Other taxation and social security	85,794	74,219
	Other creditors	40,478	31,082
	Accruals and deferred income	62,478	38,415
		363,320	247,163
7	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	12,500 Ordinary of £1 each	12,500	12,500

## 8 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2019	2018
£	£
279,461	407,359

# 9 Related party transactions

All transactions that took place were on normal commercial terms and on an arms length basis and therefore no further disclosure is required by FRS102 Section 1A.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.