Company Registration No. 03745662 (England and Wales)	
ASHBOURNE ENGINEERING LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 6

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

		202	0	2019	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		79,514		101,337	
Current assets						
Stocks		3,000		4,000		
Debtors	4	1 15,787		76,450		
Cash at bank and in hand		74,286		40,146		
		193,073		120,596		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(147,122)		(114,493)		
Net current assets			45,951		6,103	
Total assets less current liabilities			125,465		107,440	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(38,792)		(57,488	
Provisions for liabilities			(15,108)		(19,254	
Net assets			71,565		30,698	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	7		9		9	
Profit and loss reserves			71,5 5 6		30,689	
Total equity			71,565		30,698	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr D E Warren **Director**

Mr S D Warren
Director

Company Registration No. 03745662

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Ashbourne Engineering Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 20 & 23, Via Gellia Mills, Bonsall, Matlock, Derbyshire, DE4 2AJ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance
Computer equipment 33% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. [Cost comprises direct materials and where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 9 (2019 - 8).

3 Tangible fixed assets

Total	Motor vehicles	Computer fi equipment	Plant and machinery		
£	£	£	£		
070 407	47.045	202	004.000	Cost	
279,197	17,045	883	261,269	At 1 April 2019	
4,969 ———			4,969 ———	Additions	
284,166	17,045	883	266,238	At 31 March 2020	
				Depreciation and impairment	
177,860	4,261	582	173,017	At 1 April 2019	
26,792	3,196	291	23,305	Depreciation charged in the year	
204,652	7,457	873	196,322	At 31 March 2020	
				Carrying amount	
79,514	9,588	10	69,916	At 31 March 2020	
101,337	12,784	301	88,252	At 31 March 2019	
				Debtors	4
2019	2020			20000	•
£	£			Amounts falling due within one year:	
76,450	112,287			Trade debtors	
-	3,500			Other debtors	
76,450	115,787				
				One difference and the different days with in the contract of	_
2019	2020			Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5
£	£				
5,936	3,222			Bank loans	
32,419	19,373			Obligations under finance leases	
32,472	38,441			Trade creditors	
14,679	27,730			Corporation tax	
5,609	24,398			Other taxation and social security	
14,479	25,474			Other creditors	
8,899	8,484			Accruals and deferred income	
114,493	147,122				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year				
	·		2020	2019	
		Notes	£	£	
	Obligations under finance leases		38,792	57,488	
7	Called up share capital				
			2020	2019	
			£	£	
	Ordinary share capital				
	Issued and fully paid				
	9 Ordinary shares of £1 each		9	9	

8 Related party transactions

Included in creditors is £16,363 (2019: £14,479) owing to the directors.

During the year the directors received dividends of £59,000 (2019: £65,000).

The directors do not consider there to be any other key management personnel other than themselves.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.