Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2013

Company Number 02667268

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

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Directors

H Newmarch

O-Pretelat

J-M Le Bris

Secretary and registered office

E D Humieres, Leighton Lane Industrial Estate, Evercreech , Shepton Mallet, Somerset, BA4 6LQ

Company number

02667268

Auditors

BDO LLP, Arcadia House, Maritime Walk, Ocean Village, Southampton, SO14 3TL

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Principal activities

The company is engaged in the packing and distribution of speciality cheeses to retailers, food manufacturers and wholesalers across the UK and Ireland. There have been no changes in the company's activities in the year under review.

Business review

The company continued to grow its sales in a very competitive market by concentrating on added value services. Sales in 2013 grew to £59,511,944 from £54,852,222 in 2012 which resulted in operating profits increasing by 9%.

Profits and dividend

Profit before taxation for the year increased to £595,120 (2012: £548,649) representing an increase of 8.5%. A dividend of £400,000 was declared and paid.

Future Developments

The market for continental cheese remains highly competitive. The company seeks to manage the risk of losing customers to key competitors by the provision of added value services to customers with an emphasis on developing new products with our customers. The company is investing in additional production facilities in 2014 to further this strategic policy.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company purchases some cheese from Europe in Euros. The company is therefore exposed to movements in the Euro to Sterling exchange rate. The Director of Finance monitors the net exposure and uses several financial instruments to fix the exchange rate for up to fifteen months hence.

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. Credit risk is managed by running credit checks on new customers, and to protect against the default of those debts by using a credit insurer. The company has a loan facility for £4,000,000 with Barclays Bank at a variable rate of 2.5% above base rate. £1,009,421 of the facility was unutilised at the year-end. The company monitors cash flow as part of its day to day control procedures. The Board considers cash flow projections on a regular basis and ensures that appropriate facilities are available to be drawn upon as necessary.

Key Performance Indicators

	2013	2012
Operating Profit %	1	1
Trade debtor days	98	90
Internal debtor days	54	54

Due to the high volume of sales in the Christmas period the internal figure for debtor days is based on invoiced debts over the peak period.

Financial Instruments

The company purchases and sells goods in euros but has a regular exposure to euros. The company will try to provide a natural hedge where possible by matching the currencies of purchases and sales in Euros and then enter into a variety of forward exchange instruments for periods up to 12 months ahead.

The foreign exchange contracts in place at the year end are detailed in note 20.

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Health & Safety

The company incorporates Health & Safety policy into its daily operations to protect both employees and customers. Food safety is critical to the success of the company and the company is regularly audited by both customers and independent external parties.

Quality Standards

The company has the following accreditation at 31st December 2013: British Retail Consortium (BRC) Global Standard for Food safety: Grade A.

On behalf of the board

J-M Le Bris Director

17 June 2014

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Results and Dividends

The results of the year are set out on page 7. A dividend of £400,000 was declared and paid in the year.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

H Newmarch
P Gautron (resigned 19 March 2014)
O Pretelat

J-M Le Bris was appointed a director on 19 March 2014

Post balance sheet events

There have been no events since the balance sheet date which materially affect the position of the company.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the board

J-M Le Bris

Director

17 June 2014

Independent auditor's report

To the members of Eurilait Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Eurilait Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Christopher Driver (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

Southampton United Kingdom

19th June 2014.

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	. 2	59,511,944	54,852,222
Cost of sales		53,417,363	49,357,193
Gross profit		6,094,581	5,495,029
Administrative expenses		5,441,831	4,896,576
Operating profit	3	652,750	598,453
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6	2,551 (60,181)	2,137 (51,941)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		595,120	548,649
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	147,504	137,184
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		447,616	411,465

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2013

Company number 02667268	Note	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	9		394,173		322,921
-					
Current assets	10	2,207,068		1,802,040	
Stocks	11	15,892,435		13,909,134	
Debtors	11	111,019		123,508	•
Cash at bank and in hand		111,013			
		18,210,522		15,834,682	
• It was a second of all the second of the s					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	18,074,564		15,700,088	
one year	-				
Net current assets			135,958		134,594
Total assets less current liabilities			530,131		457,515
Provisions for liabilities	13		25,000		-
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Capital and reserves					E 000
Called up share capital	15		5,000		5,000 452,515
Profit and loss account	16		500,131		<u> </u>
Shareholders' funds	17		505,131		457,515

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17500 2014

J-M Le Bris Director

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

Cashflow statement for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	22		670,103		(755,689)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid: bank loans		2,551 (60,181)		2,137 (51,941)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(57,630)		(49,804)
Taxation Corporation tax paid			(144,585)		(218,267)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	3	(265,092)		(145,567) - ———	
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment			(244,078)		(145,567)
Dividends paid			(400,000)		(340,000)
Decrease in cash	23		(176,190)		(1,509,327)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Revenue is recognised on the despatch of goods to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles - 25% per annum

Motor vehicles
Office equipment

25% per annum25% per annum

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet dates. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Taxation

Current tax is measured at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable.

2 Turnover

2013	2012
£	£
57,973,841	53,434,555
1,538,103	1,417,667
59,511,944	54,852,222
	£ 57,973,841 1,538,103

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

3	Operating profit		
		2013	2012
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	£	£
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases	172,227 86,452 310,216	162,280 54,291 310,252
	Fees payable to the company's auditor or an associate of the company's auditor for the auditing of the company's annual accounts Fees payable to the company's auditor or an associate of the	17,500	16,700
	company's auditor for other services: - taxation compliance services	2,750	2,575
	- other non-audit services Exchange differences	500 . 275,085	450 (161,275)
4	Employees Staff costs (including directors) consist of:	2013 £	2012
	Wages and salaries	2,152,210	1,979,798
	Social security costs	212,438	194,912
	Other pension costs	115,572	134,654
		2,480,220	2,309,364
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as	follows:	
		2013 Number	2012 Number
	Administration	12	11
	Sales and marketing Stock handling	60 ————	14 52
		86	. 77
	Administration Sales and marketing	2013 Number 12 14 60	Number 11 14 52

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

	2013 £	2012 £
Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	106,781 34,867	110,363 49,711
There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme du	ring the year (20)12 - 1).
Interest payable and similar charges		
	2013 £	2012 £
Bank overdrafts	60,181	51,941
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
	2013 £	2012 £
UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods	145,065	145,510 3,335
Total current tax	145,065	148,845
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods	1,076	(9,403) (2,965)
Effect of changes in tax rate	1,363	707
Movement in deferred tax provision	2,439	(11,661)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	147,504	137,184
	Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme du Interest payable and similar charges Bank overdrafts Taxation on profit on ordinary activities UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods Total current tax Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods Effect of changes in tax rate Movement in deferred tax provision	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes 106,781 34,867 There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during the year (20 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 £ Bank overdrafts 60,181 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods Total current tax Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods Effect of changes in tax rate Movement in deferred tax provision 2,439

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (continued) 7

Final dividend paid of £125.00 (2012 - £109.26) per share

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applied to profit before tax. The differences are explained below:

	2013 £	2012 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	595,120	548,649
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.8% (2012 - 24.5%)	141,639	134,419
Effect of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences Fixed asset timing differences	7,915 13,723 (18,077)	1,660 (169) 9,572
Adjustment to tax in respect of previous periods Effect of variable tax rates on current tax Effect of variable tax rates on deferred tax	(17) (118)	3,335 (16) 44
Current tax charge for the year	145,065	148,845
8 Dividends	n in and the second	<u>anima animpina nindi Peranda Pe</u> rand
	2013 £	2012 £
Ordinary shares	400 000	340 000

The final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 of £125.00 per share was approved by the shareholders on 20 March 2013 and was paid on 23 December 2013.

400,000

340,000

Two shareholders waived their dividend entitlement during the year. These entitlements totalled £250. One shareholder waived part of their dividend entitlement during the year. This entitlement totalled £224,763.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

9	Tangible fixed assets				
		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment	Total £
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2013 Additions Disposals	1,163,170 138,895 -	163,110 95,055 (76,230)	365,709 31,142 (53,243)	1,691,989 265,092 (129,473)
	At 31 December 2013	1,302,065	181,935	343,608	1,827,608
	Depreciation At 1 January 2013 Provided for the year Disposals	953,936 110,027 -	92,242 40,808 (54,617)	322,890 21,392 (53,243)	1,369,068 172,227 (107,860)
	At 31 December 2013	1,063,963	78,433	291,039	1,433,435
	Net book value At 31 December 2013	238,102	103,502	52,569	394,173
	At 31 December 2012	209,234	70,868	42,819	322,921
10	Stocks				
	·			2013 £	2012 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale			2,207,068	1,802,040

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

11 Debtors		
	2013 £	2012 £
Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors Other tax debtor Deferred taxation	15,419,733 189,744 95,869 178,702 8,387	13,492,265 124,155 136,510 145,378 10,826
. <u>.</u>	15,892,435	13,909,134
All amounts shown under debtors fall due for paym	ent within one year.	ڼ
		Deferred taxation £
At 1 January 2013 Charged to profit and loss account		10,826 (2,439
At 31 December 2013	TOTALIA COLEGO A PERMANAGAN CANAMANAGAN ANAGAN CANAMANAGAN AN CANAMAN ANAGAN AN	8,387
Deferred taxation		
The amount of deferred tax provided for is as follo	2013 ws: £	2012 £
Accelerated capital allowances Sundry timing differences	(8,202) 16,589 ——————	4,691 6,135

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2013 £	2012 £
	Bank overdrafts (secured)	3,154,280	2,990,579
	Trade creditors	5,883,714	4,477,388
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,448,808	4,356,641
	Amounts owed to associated undertakings	3,370,245	3,202,634
	Corporation tax	52,377	51,897
	Other taxation and social security	92,336	75,515
	Other creditors	197	38,388
	Accruals and deferred income	1,072,607	507,046
•		18,074,564	15,700,088

The bank overdrafts are secured by an unlimited debenture over all of the company's assets.

13 Provisions for liabilities

Dilapidation's provisions £ 25,000

Charged to the profit and loss account and at 31 December 2013

14 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £115,572 (2012 - £134,654). Contributions amounting to £15,969 (2012 - £12,318) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in accruals in note 12.

15 Share capital

,000	5,000
5	5,000

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

16	Reserves		
		la	Profit and ess account £
	At 1 January 2013 Profit for the year Dividends		452,515 447,616 (400,000)
÷.	At 31 December 2013		500,131
17	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2013 £	2012 £
·	Profit for the year Dividends	447,616 (400,000)	411,465 (340,000)
f the suppose of parts	Net additions to shareholders' funds	47,816	71,465
	Opening shareholders' funds	457,515	386,050
	Closing shareholders' funds	505,131	457,515

18 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and buildings 2013 £	Other 2013 £	Land and buildings 2012 £	Other 2012 £
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year In two to five years After five years	- - 310,000	7,147	310,000	29,789 7,147
	310,000	7,147	310,000	36,936

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

19 Related party disclosures

Related party transactions and balances

f	Purchases from related parties 2013 £	Purchases from related parties 2012 £	Amounts owed to related parties 2013 £	Amounts owed to related parties 2012 £
Laita	15,126,109	16,066,098	4,448,808	4,356,641
Eurial	17,256,651	14,306,073	3,370,245	3,202,634

Laita is the parent undertaking and holds 70% of the company's shares. Eurial is an associated company and holds 30% of the company's shares, and has a wholly owned subsidiary, Capra. Eurial and Capra balances have been aggregated for the above disclosure.

During the year £29,100 (2012: £29,100) was paid to Eurial and £67,900 (2012: £67,900) was paid to Laita in respect of management fees.

During the year dividends of £187,504 (2012: £163,883) were paid to Eurial and dividends of £212,496 (2012: £176,117) were paid to Laita.

20 Financial Instruments

The company purchases and sells goods in euros but has a regular exposure to euros. The company will hedge this net exposure by using a variety of forward exchange instruments for up to 12 months ahead.

The company has outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts at the year end as follows:

Notional
Principal
Amount
Euro
2013
2013

Maturity 2014

Exchange swap contracts Vanilla forward contracts Forward extra contracts 1,977,500 2,650,000 3,275,000

The company enters into three types of contract. Firstly, any excess of euros in the short term is sold as an exchange swap with the euros being bought back at a later date. Secondly, a vanilla forward specifies the exact amount of currency and the date it must be delivered to the bank. Thirdly, a forward extra contract is a derivative contract which provides protection at an agreed exchange rate if the currency is trading outside a specific currency exchange rate at the date of maturity. If the currency is trading within that currency exchange rate at maturity the company is able to buy the currency at the more favourable spot rate.

21 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Laita, incorporated in France. No other group accounts include the results of the company.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

22	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(or	ing activities		
	·		2013 £	2012 £
	Operating profit		652,750	598,453
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		172,227 599	162,280
	Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets		25,000	-
	Increase in provisions Increase in stocks	,	(405,028)	(351,524)
	Increase in debtors		(1,985,740)	(3,300,329)
	Increase in creditors		2,210,295	2,135,431
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		670,103	(755,689)
23	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net de Decrease in cash Opening net debt	bt	2013 £ (176,190) (2,867,071)	2012 £ (1,509,327) (1,357,744)
	Closing net debt		(3,043,261)	(2,867,071)
24	Analysis of net debt			
		At 1 January 2013 £	Cashflow £	At 31 December 2013 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	123,508	(12,489)	111,019
•	Bank overdrafts	(2,990,579)	(163,701)	(3,154,280)
	Total	(2,867,071)	(176,190)	(3,043,261)