

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2009

Company Number 02667268



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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

Contents

Page:

- Report of the directors
- 3 Independent auditor's report
- 5 Profit and loss account
- 6 Balance sheet
- 7 Cash flow statement
- 8 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

- H Newmarch
- P Gautron
- O Pretelat

Secretary and registered office

E D Humieres, Leighton Lane Industrial Estate, Evercreech, Shepton Mallet, Somerset, BA4 6LQ

Company number

02667268

Auditors

BDO LLP, Arcadia House, Maritime Walk, Ocean Village, Southampton, SO14 3TL

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2009

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activities, results, review of business and future developments

The company is engaged in the import, packing and distribution of continental cheese to retailers, food manufacturers and wholesalers across the UK and Ireland There have been no changes in the company's activities in the year under review

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows a decrease in turnover of 14 6%, from £47,123,471 in 2008 to £40,241,306 in 2009 Profit before taxation for the year decreased to £404,829 (2008 £449,488) representing a decrease of 9 9% The company has benefitted from an improved Euro to Sterling exchange rate compared to the prior year

The market for continental cheese remains highly competitive. The company seeks to manage the risk of losing customers to key competitors by the provision of added value services to customers with an emphasis on developing new products with our customers.

There have been no events since the balance sheet date which materially affect the position of the company

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company purchases some cheese from Europe in Euros. The company is therefore exposed to movements in the Euro to Sterling exchange rate. The Financial Controller monitors the net exposure and takes out forward contracts to fix the exchange rate for up to twelve months hence.

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. Credit risk is managed by running credit checks on new customers, and to protect against the default of those debts by using a credit insurer

The company has a loan facility for £3,000,000 with Barclays Bank at a variable rate of 2 25% above base rate £1,978,950 of the facility was unutilised at the year-end

The company monitors cash flow as part of its day to day control procedures. The Board considers cash flow projections on a regular basis and ensures that appropriate facilities are available to be drawn upon as necessary.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

- H Newmarch
- P Gautron (appointed 1 July 2009)
- O Pretelat
- P Bissey (resigned 1 July 2009)

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

On behalf of the board

P Gautron
Director

Director

Date 23 June 2010

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF EURILAIT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Eurilait Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Christopher Driver (senior statutory auditor)

For and or behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

Southampton
United Kingdom

Date

, 90,00

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2009

| | Note | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--|------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Turnover | 2 | 40,241,306 | 47,123,471 |
| Cost of sales | | 36,182,540 | 41,774,366 |
| Gross profit | | 4,058,766 | 5,349,105 |
| Administrative expenses | | 3,641,859 | 4,833,407 |
| Operating profit | 3 | 416,907 | 515,698 |
| Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges | 6 | 174 (12,252) | 3,216 (69,426) |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | | 404,829 | 449,488 |
| Taxation on profit on ordinary activities | 7 | 125,726 | 150,298 |
| Profit on ordinary activities after taxation | | 279,103 | 299,190 |

All amounts relate to continuing activities
All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet at 31 December 2009

| Company number 02667268 | Note | 2009 £ | 2009 £ | 2008 £ | 2008 £ |
|---------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | 9 | | 367,807 | | 350,965 |
| Tangible assets | 9 | | 307,007 | | 330,903 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | 10 | 1,335,327 | | 1,919,485 | |
| Debtors | 11 | 7,283,413 | | 9,639,447 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 610,181 | | 132,521 | |
| | | 9,228,921 | | 11,691,453 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within | | | | | |
| one year | 12 | 9,308,601 | | 11,733,394 | |
| Net current liabilities | | | (79,680) | | (41,941) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 288,127 | | 309,024 |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 14 | | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| Profit and loss account | 15 | | 283,127 | | 304,024 |
| Shareholders' funds | 16 | | 288,127 | | 309,024 |
| | | | | | |

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 June 2010

P Gautron Director

The notes on pages 8 to 17 form part of these financial statements

Cashflow statement for the year ended 31 December 2009

| Note | 2009 £ | 200 9 £ | 2008 £ | 2008 £ |
|------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 20 | | 2,128,450 | | 571,852 |
| g | | | | |
| | 174 (12,252) | | 3,216 (69,426) | |
| | | (12,078) | | (66,210) |
| | | (109,541) | | (188,505) |
| | | | | |
| ets | (193,844) | | (213,985) | |
| | 10,499 | | 12,500 | |
| t | | (183,345) | | (201,485 |
| | | (300,000) | | (348,000) |
| 21 | | 1,523,486 | | (232,348) |
| | 20 g | £ 20 g 174 (12,252) | £ £ 20 2,128,450 g 174 (12,252) (12,078) (109,541) ets (193,844) 10,499 (183,345) (300,000) | £ £ £ 20 2,128,450 g 174 (12,252) (69,426) (12,078) (109,541) ets (193,844) (213,985) 10,499 12,500 t (183,345) (300,000) |

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Office equipment 25% per annum25% per annum

- 25% per annum

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value
Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis
Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Taxation

Current tax is measured at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable

2 Turnover

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Analysis by geographical market | £ | L |
| United Kingdom Europe | 39,221,165 1,020,141 | 46,309,813 813,658 |
| | 40,241,306 | 47,123,471 |
| Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company | | |

3 Operating profit

| | 2009 £ | 8002 £ |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| This is arrived at after charging/(crediting) | _ | _ |
| Depreciation of tangible fixed assets | 170,730 | 176,644 |
| Hire of other assets - operating leases | 271,847 | 268,696 |
| Auditors' remuneration | | |
| - fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the | | |
| company's annual accounts | 16,000 | 15,500 |
| - fees payable to the company's auditor for taxation services | 2,500 | 2,400 |
| Exchange differences | (319,552) | 463,399 |
| | | |

| 4 | Employees | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Staff costs (including directors) consist of | | |
| | | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
| | Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs | 1,846,821 174,530 69,725 | 1,884,086 194,527 83,819 |
| | | 2,091,076 | 2,162,432 |
| | The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as | follows | |
| | | 2009 Number | 2008 Number |
| | Administration Sales and marketing Stock handling | 10 11 50 | 13 11 57 |
| | | 71 | 81 |
| 5 | Directors' remuneration | | |
| | | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
| | Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes | 126,547 4,876 | 105,145 11,256 |
| | There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme du | ring the year (2 | 008 - 1) |
| 6 | Interest payable and similar charges | | |
| | | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
| | Bank overdrafts | 12,252 | 69,426 |

| 7 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities | | |
|---|--|--|
| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
| UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods | 117,347 | 138,323 (1,812) |
| Total current tax | 117,347 | 136,511 |
| Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods | 8,379 | 12,096 1,691 |
| Movement in deferred tax provision | 8,379 | 13,787 |
| Taxation on profit on ordinary activities | 125,726 | 150,298 |
| The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation ta before tax. The differences are explained below | x in the UK appl | led to profit |
| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 404,829 | 449,488 |
| Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28%) Effect of | 113,352 | 125,857 |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences Fixed asset timing differences Adjustment to tax in respect of previous periods Effect of variable tax rates on deferred tax Effect of abolition of IBA claw back | 12,374 (1,857) (6,522) - - | 7,241 (1,652) (10,441) (1,812) 2,414 14,904 |
| Current tax charge for the year | 117,347 | 136,511 |

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

8 Dividends

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Ordinary shares Final dividend paid for 2008 of £138 45 (2008 - for 2007 of £104 97) per share | 300,000 | 348,000 |

The final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2008 of $£104\,97$ per share was approved by the shareholders on 17 June 2009 and was paid on 29 July 2009

Two shareholders waived their dividend entitlement during the year $\,$ These entitlements totalled £276 90 One shareholder waived part of their dividend entitlement during the year $\,$ This entitlement totalled £391,983 10

9 Tangible fixed assets

| | Plant and machinery £ | Motor vehicles £ | Computer equipment £ | Total £ |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cost or valuation At 1 January 2009 Additions Disposals | 732,311 169,094 - | 149,661 17,990 (33,597) | 301,881 6,760 | 1,183,853 193,844 (33,597) |
| At 31 December 2009 | 901,405 | 134,054 | 308,641 | 1,344,100 |
| Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Provided for the year Disposals | 550,922 104,883 | 71,035 31,057 (27,325) | 210,931 34,790 | 832,888 170,730 (27,325) |
| At 31 December 2009 | 655,805 | 74,767 | 245,721 | 976,293 |
| Net book value At 31 December 2009 | 245,600 | 59,287 | 62,920 | 367,807 |
| At 31 December 2008 | 181,389 | 78,626 | 90,950 | 350,965 |

| ### Finished goods and goods for resale ### 1,335,327 1,919, | |
|--|-------------|
| There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above 2009 2 £ Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income 48,183 158, Other debtors 11,871 104, Other tax debtor 47,758 79, Deferred taxation 24,114 32, | 800 £ |
| Trade debtors 7,151,487 9,264, Prepayments and accrued income 48,183 158, Other debtors 11,871 104, Other tax debtor 47,758 79, Deferred taxation 24,114 32, | 185 |
| Trade debtors 7,151,487 9,264, Prepayments and accrued income 48,183 158, Other debtors 11,871 104, Other tax debtor 47,758 79, Deferred taxation 24,114 32, | |
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| Prepayments and accrued income 48,183 158, Other debtors 11,871 104, Other tax debtor 47,758 79, Deferred taxation 24,114 32, | 800 3 |
| 7,283,413 9,639, | 584 380 |
| | 147 |
| All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year | |
| Defer taxat | |
| | 493 379) |
| At 31 December 2009 24, | 114 |
| Deferred taxation | |
| The amount of deferred tax provided for is as follows £ | 800 3 |
| | 376 117 |
| 24,114 32, | 493 |

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Bank overdrafts (secured) | - | 1,045,826 |
| Trade creditors | 4,052,371 | 6,112,240 |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings | 2,591,890 | 2,663,919 |
| Amounts owed to associated undertakings | 1,769,460 | 1,328,435 |
| Corporation tax | 63,629 | 55,823 |
| Other taxation and social security | 63,391 | 65,212 |
| Other creditors | 184,685 | 81,312 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 583,175 | 380,627 |
| | | |
| | 9,308,601 | 11,733,394 |

The bank overdrafts are secured by an unlimited debenture over all of the company's assets

13 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £69,725 (2008 - £83,819). Contributions amounting to £10,446 (2008 - £14,704) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in accruals in note 12

14 Share capital

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Allotted, called up and fully paid | | |
| 5,000 ordinary shares of £1 each | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| | | |

15 Reserves

| | Profit and loss account £ |
|---|---------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Dividends | 304,024 279,103 (300,000) |
| At 31 December 2009 | 283,127 |

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Profit for the year Dividends | 279,103 (300,000) | 299,190 (348,000) |
| Net deductions from shareholders' funds | (20,897) | (48,810) |
| Opening shareholders' funds | 309,024 | 357,834 |
| Closing shareholders' funds | 288,127 | 309,024 |

17 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

| Operating leases which expire | Land and buildings 2009 £ | Other 2009 £ | Land and buildings 2008 £ | Other 2008 £ |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Within one year In two to five years After five years | - 310,0 00 | 18,353 33,639 - | 189,598 - | 57,582 - |
| | 310,000 | 51,992 | 189,598 | 57,582 |

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

18 Related party disclosures

Related party transactions and balances

| | Purchases from related parties 2009 £ | Purchases from related parties 2008 £ | Amounts owed to related parties 2009 £ | Amounts owed to related parties 2008 |
|--------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Laita SAS | 11,157,956 | 9,992,693 | 2,591,891 | 2,663,919 |
| Eurial Poitouraine | 7,490,395 | 7,327,706 | 1,769,460 | 1,328,435 |
| | • - • | | 2,591,891 | |

Laita SAS is the parent undertaking and holds 70% of the company's shares
Eurial Poitouraine is an associated company and holds 30% of the company's shares

During the year £29,100 (2008 £28,254) was paid to Eurial Poitouraine and £66,344 (2008 £65,923) was paid to Laita SAS in respect of management fees

At the year end £26,398 (2008 £114,680) was outstanding from Laita SAS and £86,847 (2008 £104,104) was outstanding from Eurial Poitouraine in respect of marketing support recharges

19 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Laita SAS, incorporated in France No other group accounts include the results of the company

20 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--|-------------|-----------|
| Operating profit | 416,907 | 515,698 |
| Depreciation of tangible fixed assets | 170,730 | 176,644 |
| (Profit)/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets | (4,227) | 4,397 |
| Decrease/(increase) in stocks | 584,158 | (472,526) |
| Decrease/(increase) in debtors | 2,347,655 | (928,068) |
| (Decrease)/increase in creditors | (1,386,773) | 1,275,707 |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | 2,128,450 | 571,852 |
| | | |

| 21 | Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net for | ınds/(debt) | | |
|----|--|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
| | Increase/(decrease) in cash | | 1,523,486 | (232,348) |
| | Opening net debt | | (913,305) | (680,957) |
| | Closing net funds/(debt) | | 610,181 | (913,305) |
| 22 | Analysis of net funds/(debt) | | | |
| | | At 1 January 2009 £ | Cashflow £ | At 31 December 2009 £ |
| | Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts | 132,521 (1,045,826) | 477,660 1,045,826 | 610,181 |
| | Total | (913,305) | 1,523,486 | 610,181 |