Report and Financial Statements

30 June 2010

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## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2010

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## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2010

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

#### DIRECTORS

P R C Tucker (resigned 1 July 2009) J A Doyle (appointed 1 July 2009) R Giger

#### **SECRETARY**

A Vick

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

The Forum Station Road Theale Reading Berkshire RG7 4RA

### **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank PLC
Business Banking
London Corporate Service Centre
PO Box 46116
London
EC4N 8WB

### **SOLICITORS**

Morgan Cole Buxton Court 3 West Way Oxford OX2 0SZ

### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte LLP Reading

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2010

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND ENHANCED BUSINESS REVIEW

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Audatex Holding GmBH which operates as a division of Solera Holdings LLC

The principal activity of the company is the provision of computer based services and systems to the motor insurance industry. There have not been any significant changes in the company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the company's activities in the next year.

As shown in the company's profit and loss account, the company's sales have increased by 4 4% over the prior year Profit after tax has decreased in the year but still shows a healthy return. The directors feel that the results for the year leave them in a sound position for the coming year

The balance sheet shows that the company's financial position at the year end is strong. We continue to invest in our IT infrastructure with just over £3 5 million in additional investment this financial year. We are committed to ensuring our customers are provided with a robust and reliable service.

The company continues to invest in research and development which is seen by the directors as key to the continuing success of the business

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

Competitive pressure in the UK is seen by the company as a risk, however the company aims to minimise this risk by providing added value services to its customers, maintaining strong customer relationships and fast response times to customer issues

To further strengthen our management of risk and ability to provide continuity of services, we have undertaken and achieved accreditation in ISO 27001 the International standard in Information Security and BS 25999 British standard for Business Continuity

The company has no loans or other debt. The company invoices almost all customers in Sterling but is exposed to some foreign currency exchange risk on supplier purchases.

The company continues to demonstrate a strong financial position, investment in IT infrastructure and research and development, and good customer relationships. As a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

#### **Environment**

The company adopts a number of environmental policies including recycling of paper, printer cartridges & mobile phones. The company also ensures safe disposal of all redundant computer equipment.

#### **Employees**

Employee numbers and related costs can be found in note 3 to the financial statements. The company aims to recruit and retain the best quality staff and has achieved accreditation from Investors. In People. The company also embraces diversity in the workforce whilst promoting a culture of equal opportunity.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The directors have paid a dividend of £1,782,500 (2009 - £542,500) The company made a profit after tax of £1,638,542 (2009 - £1,763,010)

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served throughout the year and to the date of signing are shown on page 1. All directors served for the entire financial year and to the date of this report unless otherwise stated

#### **AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that.

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

A resolution for the re-appointment of Deloitte LLP will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A Doyle

Hebruary 2011

## Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
  disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AUDATEX (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Audatex (UK) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 21 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

John Clennett (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Reading, United Kingdom 14 February 2011

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 30 June 2010

30 June 2010	Note	2010 £	2009 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	31,929,038 (1,102,671)	30,581,182 (947,375)
GROSS PROFIT		30,826,367	29,633,807
Administrative expenses		(28,604,876)	(27,180,192)
OPERATING PROFIT		2,221,491	2,453,615
Interest payable and similar charges Interest receivable and similar income	5 6	(93,496) 106,884	(17,686) 28,575
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	2,234,879	2,464,504
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	7	(596,337)	(701,494)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER TAXATION	16	1,638,542	1,763,010

All amounts derive from continuing operations

There have been no gains and losses during the current or preceding period other than those shown above Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

BALANCE SHEET
30 June 2010

30 June 2010	Note	2010 £	2009 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8	3,821,743	2,344.768
CURRENT ASSETS  Debtors – amounts due in less than one year  Debtors – amounts due in more than one year  Cash at bank and in hand	9 9	6,550,745 446,892 7,317,816 14,315,453	6,042,148 4,566,242 10,608,390
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	10	$ \begin{array}{r} (10,748,060) \\ \hline 3,567,393 \\ \hline 7,389,136 \end{array} $	(6,166,000) 4,442,390 6,787,158
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year  NET ASSETS	11	(845,442) 6,543,694	(197,810) 6,589,348
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account Capital contribution SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	15 16 16	1,550,000 3,348,710 1,644,984 6,543,694	1,550,000 3,492,668 1,546,680 6,589,348

The financial statements of Audatex (UK) Limited, registered number 2058567, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14 February 2011

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below, and have been applied consistently in the current and preceding year.

#### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

#### Going concern

The company continues to demonstrate a strong financial position, investment in IT infrastructure and research and development, and good customer relationships. As a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has not prepared a cash flow statement as it is wholly owned by Solera Holdings Inc and its cash flows are included in that company's consolidated cash flow statement

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less amounts provided for depreciation. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life at the following annual rates.

Leasehold improvements	10%
Plant and equipment	33%
Fixtures and fittings	15%
Motor vehicles	25%
Software	33%

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Foreign exchange

Monetary balances in foreign currencies, primarily with group undertakings, are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

#### **Operating leases**

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalized as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases to produce a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding

Where the company acts as a lessor of assets under finance leases, the net investment in the lease is recorded as a debtor on the balance sheet. Rentals received are apportioned between finance income and repayment of the debtor balance. Finance income is recorded in the profit and loss account so that a constant rate of return on the net cash investment is achieved over the period of the lease.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents the value of goods and services supplied in the period Revenue from services supplied is recognised on an as and when utilised basis. Revenue from software and hardware sales is recognised on delivery

#### **Pensions**

For defined contribution schemes, the amount charged to the profit & loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

#### Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred

#### Share based payments

During the prior year the company adopted Financial Reporting Standard 20 'Share-Based Payment' In accordance with the transitional provisions, FRS 20 has been applied to all grants of equity instruments after 7 November 2002 that were unvested as of 1 January 2006. The Solera group issues equity-settled share based payments which are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The fair value determined at grant date of the equity-settled share based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market-based vesting conditions

Fair value is measured by use of the Black-Scholes pricing model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

### 2. TURNOVER

201	U £	2009 £
Analysis by class of business  Computer based customer - services - systems  31,016,82 912,21 31,929,03	4	29,509,980 1,071,202 30,581,182

Turnover consists of sales made in the United Kingdom

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

## 3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The average weekly number of employees (including executive directors) during the year was as follows

	2010 No.	2009 No.
Support Services	32	33
Product Development	35	34
Administration	14	15
Sales and Marketing	21	22
	102	104
	2010	2009
	£	£
Staff costs (including executive directors)		
Wages and salaries	5,340,206	5,475,990
Social security costs	675,675	820,750
Other pension costs	365,095	406,609
Share option charge	95,399	86,833
	6,476,375	6,790,182
Directors' remuneration		202 274
Emoluments	-	293,374
Contribution to money purchase pension scheme		33,309
	_	326,683
Highest paid director		202 254
Emoluments	•	293,374
Contribution to money purchase pension scheme		33,309
	•	326,683
	<del></del>	

During the year the directors received no emoluments directly from the company. The services of one director have been re-charged to the company, from a fellow subsidiary, to the value of £169,150. The other director received remuneration paid by other group companies in respect of his services to the group as a whole. The portion of this that relates to the Company is £ml (2009 - £ml)

No directors are accruing retirement benefits under defined benefit pension schemes in this company

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

## 4. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

4.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
	-owned	989,664	803,900
	-held under finance leases	1,134,203	759,467
	Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(47,462)	(4,649)
	Auditors' remuneration		
	- audit fees	91,531	81,047
	- other services	11,850	38,255
	Rentals under operating leases	•	
	- hire of plant and machinery	100,625	25,063
	- other	442,626	511,545
	Foreign exchange loss	170,962	255,342
		135,701	743,506
	Restructuring costs	2,589,788	2,917,986
	Research and development expenditure	======	
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
~.		2010	2009
		2010 £	£
		L	
	Interest payable on finance leases	93,496	17,686
	morest payable on manior reason	<del></del>	=======================================
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2010	2009
		£	£
		-	10 0 5
	Bank interest receivable	8,504	18,955
	HMRC interest receivable	78,924	-
	Interest receivable from fellow group subsidiaries	18,260	-
	Finance lease interest receivable	1,196	9,620
		106,884	28,575
		100,004	=======================================

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

## 7. TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	2010 £	2009 £
UK corporation tax at 28%	401,210	856,228
Adjustment in respect of prior years	24,800	(49,259)
	426,010	806,969
Deferred tax	170,327	(140,173)
Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior years		34,698
	170,327	(105,475)
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	596,337	701,494
The actual tax charge for the current and previous years differs from the standa set out in the following reconciliation	2010 £	2009 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,234,879	2,464,504
Tax at 28% (2009 28%) thereon	625,766	690,062
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	625,766 66,516	690,062 225,755
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	66,516	•
Charten was training defformance	66,516 (108,954)	225,755
Short term timing differences	66,516	225,755
Short term timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior year	66,516 (108,954) (182,118)	225,755 (59,589)

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

### 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and equipment £	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles £	Software £	Total £
Cost						
At 1 July 2009	243,142	5,265,303	488,314	239,845	1,120,207	7,356,811
Additions	4,518	3,516,138	38,481	42,104	54,489	3,655,730
Disposals	•	(1,165,059)		(228,959)		(1,394,018)
At 30 June 2010	247,660	7,616,382	526,795	52,990	1,174,696	9,618,523
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 July 2009	18,462	3,731,207	378,025	130,929	753,420	5,012,043
Charge for the year	24,675	1,817,444	35,256	37,981	208,511	2,123,867
Disposals		(1,176,660)	)	(162,470)		(1,339,130)
At 30 June 2010	43,137	4,371,991	413,281	6,440	961,931	5,796,780
Net book value	<del></del>					
At 30 June 2010	204,523	3,244,391	113,514	46,550	212,765	3,821,743
At 30 June 2009	224,680	1,534,096	110,289	108,916	366,787	2,344,768

The net book value of fixed assets held under finance leases at year end was £1,737,601 (2009 £606,475)

### 9. **DEBTORS**

	2010 £	2009 £
Amounts due within one year Trade debtors Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings Deferred tax (note 13) Amounts receivable under finance leases due within 1 year Prepayments and accrued income	1,163,457 727,953 467,008 252,665 3,939,662 6,550,745	1,046,424 725,320 637,335 71,473 3,561,596 6,042,148
Amounts due in more than one year Amounts receivable under finance leases due in more than 1 year	446,892	-

The cost of assets acquired during the year for the purpose of letting under finance leases is £741,671 (2009 £nil)

Aggregate rentals received during the year from finance leases is £156,892 (2009 £296,637)

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

10 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FA	LLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
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		2010	2009
		£	£
		863,625	853,279
	Trade creditors	5,912,276	1,541,920
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings	892,356	768,251
	Taxation and social security	97,366	24,104
	Corporation Tax Obligations under finance leases (see note 12)	903,059	411,313
	Accruals and deferred income	2,079,378	2,567,133
		10,748,060	6,166,000
	Included in accruals and deferred income is £265,488 (2009 £626,064) relating finance leases are secured on the assets to which they relate	to costs of restruc	turing. The
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE Y	/EAR	
		2010 £	2009 £
	Obligations under finance leases (see note 12)	845,442	197,810
		845,442	197,810
	The finance leases are secured on the assets to which they relate		
40	OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES		
12.	UBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE DEASES	2010	2000
		2010 £	2009 £
	v	•	_
	Instalments (net of finance charges) falling due:	903,059	411,313
	Within one year	845,442	197,810
	Between one and five years		
		1,748,501	609,123
13.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET		
			£
	D-lamas at 1 July 2000		637,335
	Balance at 1 July 2009 Debit to profit and loss account		(170,327)
	Balance at 30 June 2010		467,008
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	430,317	544,297
	Short term timing differences	24,152	70,227
	Share options	12,539	22,811
		467,008	637,335

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

### 14. DIVIDEND PAID

14.	DIVIDENDIALD		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Paid on ordinary shares £1 15 (2008 £0 35) per ordinary share	1,782,500	542,500
15.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	7010	2000
		2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised 2,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Called up, allotted and fully paid 1,550,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,550,000	1,550,000

# 16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS AND MOVEMENT IN RESERVES

~	Called up share capital	Capital contribution	Profit and loss account	2010 £	2009 £
Opening shareholder's funds	1,550,000	1,546,680	3,492,668	6,589,348	5,593,203
Profit for the financial year Dividend paid (see note 14)		-	1,638,542 (1,782,500)	1,638,542 (1,782,500)	1,763,010 (542,500)
Share options capital contribution/(distribution)		98,304		98,304	(224,365)
Closing shareholder's funds	1,550,000	1,644,984	3,348,710	6,543,694	6,589,348

## 17. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 30 June 2010 the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases

	2010		2009	
	Land and buildings	Other	Land and buildings	Other
	£	£	£	£
Leases which expire Within one year Within two to five years	- - 175,000	102,059 170,601	- - 175,000	112,659 113,195
After five years				
	175,000	272,660	175,000	225,854

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

#### 18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company makes contributions for all employees into personal pension schemes and the Legal & General Group Personal pension scheme. Contributions to these schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due

The pension cost for the defined contribution schemes during the year totalled £365,095 (2008 £406,609)

### 19. ULTIMATE AND IMMEDIATE PARENT COMPANIES

Audatex Holding GmBH, a company incorporated in Switzerland, is the immediate parent company Solera Holding, Inc., incorporated in the USA, is the ultimate parent company and the controlling party

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Audatex Holdings GmBH and the largest group is Solera Holding, Inc. The financial statements of Solera Holding, Inc. may be obtained from Solera, Inc. 15030 Avenue of Science, Suite 100 San Diego, CA 92128

## 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures", transactions with other group undertakings within, and investee related parties of Solera Holding, Inc. have not been disclosed in these financial statements

#### 21. SHARE OPTIONS

The Solera group has a share option scheme for certain directors and employees of the group. Options are exercisable at a price equal to the fair market value of Solera Holdings Inc's shares on the date of grant. The vesting period is four years and the options have a term of 10 years.

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows

•	2010		2009	
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (\$)	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (S)
Outstanding at beginning of period Granted during the period Forfeited during the period Exercised during the period	31,100 4,100 (225) (5,925)	21 21 25 55 16.00 16 00	30,500 10,400 (5,350) (4,450)	18 83 26 60 22 47 16 00
Outstanding at the end of the period	29,050	22 92	31,100	21 21
Exercisable at the end of the period	14,400	22 61	8,550	18 98

The options outstanding at 30 June 2010 had a weighted average exercise price of \$22 92 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1 89 years. In 2010, options were granted on 1 September 2009. The aggregate of the estimated fair values of the options granted on that date is \$27,429 (£18,200). In 2009, options were granted on 2 September 2008 and 3 November 2008. The aggregate of the estimated fair values of the options granted on those dates is \$92,240 (£54,626).

In the year ended 30 June 2009 the above disclosure was incorrect for the number of shares forfeited and associated weighted average price and the outstanding number of shares and associated weighted average price. This has subsequently been corrected in this report.

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2010

### 21. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The inputs into the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model are as follows

•	2010	2009
Weighted average share price and exercise price Expected volatility Expected life Risk-free rate Dividend yield	\$22 92 30% 4 7 years 2 2% 0 9%	\$21 21 26 8% 6 1 years 3 2% 0%

Expected volatility was based on a combination of implied market volatilities, historical volatility of Solera Holdings Inc's share price and other factors

The company recognised total expenses of £67,803 and £64,974 related to share options in 2010 and 2009 respectively

#### Restricted stock options

The Solera group has a restricted stock program under which shares of common stock have been issued to certain employees. These shares are restricted as to transfer and in certain circumstances must be returned to the group at the original purchase price. The company records an expense relating to the restricted stock over the period during which the transfer restrictions exist, which may be up to 5 years from the date of grant.

-	2010		2009	
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (\$)	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
Non-vested at beginning of year Granted during the year Forfeited during the year Vested during the year	38,420 1,600 19,407	0 01 0 01 0 01 0 01	88,716 2,900 (1,506) (51,690)	0 01 0 01 0 01 0 01
Non-vested at the end of the year	20,613	0 01	38,420	0 01

The company recognised total expenses of £30,501 and £21,859 related to restricted stock options in 2010 and 2009 respectively