Registration number: 04963678

Basonas Limted

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

Brooks Green Chartered Accountants Abbey House 342 Regents Park Road London N3 2LJ

(Registration number: 04963678) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2016

	Note		016 €	201 £	5
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	<u>3</u>		-		4,367
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>		14,472		15,861
Investments		_	803,453		803,453
			817,925		823,681
Current assets					
Stocks	<u>6</u>	104,433		54,444	
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	198,640		362,699	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	533,862	_	224,614	
		836,935		641,757	
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(394,563)	_	(779,921)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)		_	442,372	_	(138,164)
Net assets		=	1,260,297	_	685,517
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		666		666	
Capital redemption reserve		128,205		128,205	
Profit and loss account	_	1,131,426	_	556,646	
Total equity		=	1,260,297	_	685,517

For the financial year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: 04963678) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2016

Approved and authorised by the director on 6 July 2017

F J Rodriguez Blanco

Director

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

Basonas Limted

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

	Share capital £	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total £
At 1 January 2016	666	128,205	556,646	685,517
Profit for the year			574,780	574,780
Total comprehensive income			574,780	574,780
At 31 December 2016	666	128,205	1,131,426	1,260,297

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Vessel and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

10% RB

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost.

Trademarks, licences (including software) and customer-related intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date.

Trademarks, licences and customer-related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Licence and quota Over 10 years

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2 Profit before tax

3 Intangible assets

	Trademarks, patents and licenses £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2016	129,091	129,091
At 31 December 2016	129,091	129,091
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2016	124,724	124,724
Amortisation charge	4,367	4,367
At 31 December 2016	129,091	129,091
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2016		-
At 31 December 2015	4,367	4,367

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised as an expense during the period is £Nil (2015 - £Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

4 Tangible assets

	Other property, plant and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2016	467,096	467,096
Additions	220	220
At 31 December 2016	467,316	467,316
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2016	451,235	451,235
Charge for the year	1,609	1,609
At 31 December 2016	452,844	452,844
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2016	14,472	14,472
At 31 December 2015	15,861	15,861
5 Investments	2016 £	2015 £
Investments in subsidiaries	803,453	803,453
Subsidiaries		£
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2016		803,453
Provision	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2016	_	803,453
At 31 December 2015	_	803,453

6 Stocks

 £
 £

 Other inventories
 104,433
 54,444

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

7 Debtors		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Trade debtors	-	195,989
Other debtors	198,640	166,710
Total current trade and other debtors	198,640	362,699
8 Creditors		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	(231,756)	224,863
Taxation and social security	-	6,596
Other creditors	626,319	548,462
	394,563	779,921

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