Company Registration No. NI623515 (Northern Ireland)
BEROBE LTD
UNAUDITED FILLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Rosemary McBriar

James Paul O'Prey

Company number NI623515

Registered office 43A Rubane Road

Kircubbin Co Down BT22 1AT

Accountants Johnston Kennedy DFK

Chartered Accountants

10 Pilots View Heron Road Belfast BT3 9LE

Business address 43A Rubane Road

Kircubbin Co Down BT22 1AT

Bankers Santander UK Plc

Customer Service Centre

Bootle Merseyside UK L30 4GB

Solicitors McCoubrey Hinds

61 Main Street Bangor

BT20 5AF

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

		2019		2018	i
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Stocks	3	342,721		317,578	
Debtors	4	12,283		23,338	
Cash at bank and in hand		111,765		62,737	
		466,769		403,653	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(53,095)		(38,728)	
Net current assets			413,674		364,925
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(223,714)		(216,433)
Net assets			189,960		148,492
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			189,860		148,392
Total equity			189,960		148,492

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements Compiled without audit or independent verification

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

Directors' statement in respect of the financial statements

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and FRS102 1A - Small Entities.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Rosemary McBriar James Paul O'Prey
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Rosemary McBriar James Paul O'Prey
Director Director

Company Registration No. NI623515

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements

Compiled without audit or independent verification

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Berobe Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Northern Ireland. The registered office and business address is 43A Rubane Road, Kircubbin, Co Down, BT22 1AT.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Stock and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.8 Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if not included in shareholders funds and if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits. The finance cost recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of capital instruments other than equity shares is allocated to periods over the term of the instrument at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

1.9 Dividends

Dividends to the company's ordinary shareholders are recognised as a liability of the company when approved by the company's directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2	Employees									
		 _	_	 		_	 _			

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2018 - 2).

	(2018 - 2).		
3	Stocks	2019	2018
		£	£
	Work in progress	285,038	245,474
	Land bank	57,683	72,104
		342,721	317,578
	The company's land bank is currently under development.		
4	Debtors	2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £	2016 £
	Other debtors	12,283	23,338
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Corporation tax	12,300	6,400
	Directors' loan account Accruals and deferred income	14,850 25,945	9,900 22,428
	Accidats and deletted income		
		53,095 ———	38,728
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2040	2040
		2019 £	2018 £
	Directors' loan account	223,714	216,433
7	Called up share capital	2019	2018
		2019 £	2018 £
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid 100 Ordinary share of £1 each	100	100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8 Financial commitments

The company has no financial commitments at 31 March 2019 or at 31 March 2018.

9 Capital commitments

The company has no capital commitments at 31 March 2019 or at 31 March 2018.

10 Directors' transactions

The balance on the director's loan account at the year end amounted to £223,714 (31 March 2018: £216,433) and is included in creditors due after more than one year. No interest is payable on this loan.

A further directors' loan account is included in creditors due within one year and at the year end amounted to £14,850 (31 March 2018: £9,900). No interest is payable on this loan.

A director of the company has provided security in support of a site completion bond up to the maximum value of £45,000.

11 Control

The directors control the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.