Company Number: 04279501

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

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COMPANIES HOUSE 25/04/2006

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

F Biasion

P Biasion R Biasion

Secretary

A J Howard

Company Number

04279501

Registered Office

Shardlow Works Grange Mill Lane Meadow Hall Sheffield S9 1HR

Auditors

PKF (UK) LLP Knowle House 4 Norfolk Park Road Sheffield

Sheffield S2 3QE

Solicitors

RadcliffesLeBrasseur 5 Great College Street

Westminster London SW1P 3SJ

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

79-83 Colmore Road

Birmingham B3 2AP

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DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

The directors submit their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £842,339 (2004 - £1,839,505).

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company during the year was the forging and machining of crankshafts for the automotive industry and the forging of flight and rack bars for the mining industry.

The directors are pleased to report a pre-tax profit of £1,140,401 for the year. Turnover during the year increased from £38.3m to £42.6m, although this increase in value is largely down to the changing product mix sold within the year.

Gross profit margin decreased from 15.97% in 2004 to 11.48% in 2005. As with the previous 2 years of trading the company has experienced further price increases in its major raw material, steel. It does appear however that the cycle of increasing steel prices of the last 3 years has abated. This pressure on gross margins is further compounded by the huge increases in gas and electricity prices that are being experienced throughout the UK.

Future developments

The directors constantly review opportunities to improve profitability and performance.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company's issued share capital at the balance sheet date and at the start of the year (or date of appointment, if later) were:

F Biasion

P Biasion

R Biasion

The directors' percentage holding in the parent undertaking Bifrangi S.P.A. is F Biasion 92%, P Biasion 4% and R Biasion 4%.

Political and charitable donations

During the year the company made charitable donations of £1,895 (2004: £nil).

Employee involvement and employment of disabled persons

The company gives full and fair consideration to applications made by disabled persons for employment with the company, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. The company arranges appropriate training for, employees of the company who have become disabled persons during the period when they were employed by the company, and generally arranges for the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons employed by the company. The company complies with "The Disability and Discrimination Act 1995".

The Bifrangi UK Limited employee "partnership agreement" aims to create an environment that will secure our long-term future by working together as partners to continually improve business performance and ensure that we are in a position to respond and grow as the market demands, the company operates a single status environment. All employees will be expected to contribute to their full ability to achieve company targets.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

Auditors

On 23 May 2005, PKF transferred it's business to PKF (UK) LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership, under Section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989, the Company consented to extend audit appointment to PKF (UK) LLP from 23 May 2005.

Accordingly, the audit report has been signed in the name of PKF (UK) LLP.

The auditors, PKF (UK) LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the board

A J Howard Secretary

10-2-2-

18/4/06

BIFRANGI UK LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BIFRANGI UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Bifrangi UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report, and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We readthe Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BIFRANGI UK LIMITED (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

24 April 2006

Sheffield, UK

Percontine

PKF (UK) LLP Registered Auditors

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	42,572,225 (37,682,821)	38,349,374 (32,223,819)
GROSS PROFIT Distribution costs Administrative expenses		4,889,404 (556,862) (2,884,687)	6,125,555 (567,678) (2,699,301)
OPERATING PROFIT Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	3 6 5	1,447,855 80,664 (388,118)	2,858,576 (285,290)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,140,401	2,573,286
TAXATION	7	(298,062)	(733,781)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		842,339	1,839,505

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses for the year other than those included in the profit and loss account.

There was no material difference between the reported result and the result calculated on an unmodified historical cost basis.

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS Intangible - Negative Goodwill Tangible	6 9	(2,280,744) 15,216,065	(4,767,684) 14,441,903
		12,935,321	9,674,219
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10 11	5,770,081 7,109,211 4,194,083	5,332,211 8,546,949 851,410
		17,073,375	14,730,570
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(11,096,046)	(7,015,405)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		5,977,329	7,715,165
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABIL	LITIES	18,912,650	17,389,384
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(8,995,697)	(8,193,956)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	16	(347,743)	(468,557)
NET ASSETS		9,569,210	8,726,871 ————
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	17 18	4,000,000 5,569,210	4,000,000 4,726,871
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19	9,569,210	8,726,871

The financial statements were approved by the board and approved for issue on i8/4/oC .

Signed on behalf of the board of directors

* Mission Gronuno

F Biasion

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

	2005 £	2004 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow)		
from operating activities Operating profit Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Profit on sale of fixed assets	1,447,855 (2,486,940) 4,456,302	2,858,576 (2,487,489) 3,943,367 (5,000)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors Increase in stocks Increase/(decrease) in creditors Movement in provisions	1,437,738 (437,870) 1,704,404 -	(2,483,634) (1,419,762) (707,414) (150,000)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	6,121,489	(451,356)
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (note 20) Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Returns on investments and servicing of finance Taxation Capital expenditure	6,121,489 (307,454) (570,000) (2,542,477) 	(451,356) (285,290) (743,356) (919,631) (2,399,633)
Financing	641,116	3,632,490
Increase in cash	3,342,674	1,232,857
The state of the s		
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (note 21) Increase in cash in the year Cash outflow/(inflow) from increase in debt and lease	3,342,674	1,232,857
financing	(641,116)	(3,632,490)
New finance leases	(2,687,987)	(2,194,181)
Change in net debt	13,571	(4,593,814)
Net debt at 1 January 2005	(8,229,983)	(3,636,169)
Net debt at 31 December 2005	(8,216,412)	(8,229,983)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

(b) Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of value added tax and trade discounts.

(c) Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill arising on business acquisitions, representing the difference between the fair value of the consideration given and the fair value of the assets acquired, is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its useful economic life, which is 5 years.

(d) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at fair value on acquisition or cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold buildings	4 % on cost
Computer equipment	25 % on cost
Milling, cutting and grinding machines	20 % on cost
Vehicles including fork lift trucks	25 % on cost
Presses	10 % on cost
Hot cropping equipment	14 % on cost

Freehold land is not depreciated.

(e) Finance leases and hire purchase

Assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase are treated as tangible fixed assets and depreciation is provided accordingly. The present value of future rentals is shown as a liability and the interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital balance outstanding.

(f) Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(g) Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis, and includes all direct costs incurred and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal.

(h) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in a tax computation.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse on a non-discounted basis.

(j) Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge in the profit and loss account represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2 TURNOVER

Turnover is attributable to one class of business.

Turnover is analysed by geographical market as follows:

Turnover is analysed by geograpmour market as follows.	2005 £	2004 £
United Kingdom	19,358,123	17,140,841
European Union	16,449,063	17,269,729
Other	6,765,039	3,938,804
Total	42,572,225	38,349,374
		-

3 OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

The operating profit is stated after charging:	2005 £	2004 £
Amortisation of intangible assets	(2,486,940)	(2,487,489)
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	3,404,736	3,111,129
- held under finance lease or hire purchase contracts	1,051,566	832,238
Audit fees	13,500	13,000
Auditors' remuneration - non-audit services	10,500	11,209
Operating lease rentals:		
- plant & machinery	132,962	119,370
•		

No directors received any emoluments (2004 - £NIL).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

4 STAFF COSTS

	Staff costs, including directors' emoluments, were as follows:	2005	2004
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	11,890,428	12,037,408
	Social security costs	1,256,717	1,265,853
	Other pension costs	502,143	351,702
		13,649,288	13,654,963
	The average monthly number of employees, including executive dir	rectors, during the	year was:
		No	No
	Production	386	394
	Administration	57	70
	Directors	3	3
		446	467
5	Bank loans and overdrafts Other loans Finance charges under finance lease and hire purchase contracts Exchange differences	2005 £ - 223,238 164,880 - 388,118	2004 £ 94,862 67,042 102,960 20,426 285,290
6	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Exchange differences	80,664	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

7 TAXATION

(a) Analysis of charge in year	2005 £	
UK corporation tax Current tax on income for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	418,876 -	570,000 4,365
Total UK taxation	418,876	574,365
Deferred tax Changes in deferred tax balances arising from: Origination or reversal of timing differences	(120,814)	159,416
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	298,062	733,781

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is greater than would be expected by multiplying profit on ordinary activities by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%. The differences are explained below:

	2005 £	2004 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,140,401 ————	2,573,286
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax of 30% (2004: 30%) Effects of:	342,120	771,986
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,859	(20,453)
Excess of depreciation over capital allowances	819,979	564,713
Amortisation of negative goodwill	(746,082)	(746,246)
Adjustments to tax charges in resepct of prior periods	-	4,365
Current tax charge for the year	418,876	574,365

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

8 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Negative Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 January 2005 and	
31 December 2005	(12,709,190)
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2005	(7,941,506)
Charge for the year	(2,486,940)
At 31 December 2005	(10,428,446)
Net book amount	
At 31 December 2005	(2,280,744)
	(4.767.694)
At 31 December 2004	(4,767,684)
	

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold land & buildings £	Plant & machinery £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2005 Additions	3,089,348 -	21,372,247 5,230,464	24,461,595 5,230,464
At 31 December 2005	3,089,348	26,602,711	29,692,059
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2005 Charge for year	640,034 208,977	9,379,658 4,247,325	10,019,692 4,456,302
At 31 December 2005	849,011	13,626,983	14,475,994
Net book amount			
At 31 December 2005	2,240,337	12,975,728	15,216,065
At 31 December 2004	2,449,314	11,992,589	14,441,903

The net book amounts of assets held under finance lease or hire purchase contracts included above were:

	2005	2004
	£	£
Plant & machinery	5,610,173	3,849,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

10 STOCKS

		2005 £	2004 £
	Raw materials	2,064,245	2,334,606
	Work in progress	2,803,456	1,848,127
	Finished goods	902,380	1,149,478
		5,770,081	5,332,211
			
11	DEBTORS		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	6,418,396	6,134,216
	Other debtors	690,815	2,412,733
		7,109,211	8,546,949
	Recourse Confidential with the Royal Bank of Scotland.		
12	Recourse Confidential with the Royal Bank of Scotland. CREDITORS		
12		2005 £	2004 £
12		2005 £	2004 £
12	CREDITORS		
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14)	£	
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959	£ - - 4,672,412
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884	£ - - 4,672,412 18,894
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876	£ - - 4,672,412 18,894 570,000
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884	£ - - 4,672,412 18,894
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security Net obligations under finance lease and hire	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876 453,122	£ - - 4,672,412 18,894 570,000 368,467
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876	£ - - 4,672,412 18,894 570,000
12	Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts(note 15)	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876 453,122 1,267,746	£ - - 4,672,412 18,894 570,000 368,467 887,436
	Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts(note 15) Accruals and deferred income	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876 453,122 1,267,746 744,407	£ - 4,672,412 18,894 570,000 368,467 887,436 498,196
12	Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts(note 15)	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876 453,122 1,267,746 744,407 11,096,046	£ 4,672,412 18,894 570,000 368,467 887,436 498,196 7,015,405
	Amounts falling due within one year Debenture loans (note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other tax and social security Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts(note 15) Accruals and deferred income	£ 1,000,000 1,147,052 5,933,959 130,884 418,876 453,122 1,267,746 744,407	£ 4,672,412 18,894 570,000 368,467 887,436 498,196

1,000,000

4,247,788

2,946,168

8,193,956

5,735,260

3,260,437

8,995,697

Amounts falling due after more than one year

Net obligations under finance lease and hire

Debenture loans (note 14)

purchase contracts(note 15)

Bank loans (note 14)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

14 LOANS

Loans fall due for payment as follows:

	2005 £	2004 £
Debenture loans	_	~
Within one year	1,000,000	-
Between one and two years	-	1,000,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000
Bank loans		
Within one year	1,147,052	-
Between one and two years	1,147,052	707,965
Between two and five years	3,441,156	2,123,894
After more than five years	1,147,052	1,415,929
	6,882,312	4,247,788

The loan is repayable in twelve equal half yearly instalments starting eighteen months from the date of signing the loan agreement.

The interest rate for the loan is variable and is calculated based on an applicable margin which is calculated by reference to the ratio Net Debt to EBITDA, (where EBITDA is earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation), EURIBOR and mandatory costs levied by the bank to cover its costs of complying with the requirements of the Financial Services Act.

15 FINANCE LEASES

Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase agreements fall due as follows:

	2005 £	2004 £
Within one year	1,267,746	887,436
Between one and five years	3,260,437	2,946,168
	4,528,183	3,833,604
•		

Finance lease and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

16 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

		Deferred taxation £
At 1 January 2005		468,557
Charged to profit and loss	-	(120,814)
At 31 December 2005		347,743
Deferred tax is analysed as follows:	2005 £	2004 £
Capital allowances	368,151	486,782
Other timing differences	(20,408)	(18,225)
	347,743	468,557
		

Certain fixed assets acquired on the acquisition of the business have been included in the accounts at their fair value rather than at cost. If the company was to dispose of these assets at their net book value a tax liability of approximately £1,093,000 (2004: £1,770,000) would arise.

17 SHARE CAPITAL

		Authorised Allotted, calle fully		•	
	At 1 January 2005	£	No	£	
	and 31 December 2005				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000 	
18	RESERVES				
	Profit and loss account			£	
	At 1 January 2005			4,726,871	
	Profit for the year			842,339	
	•				
	At 31 December 2005			5,569,210	
19	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
			2005 £	2004 £	
	Shareholders' funds at 1 January 2005		8,726,871	6,887,366	
	Profit for the year		842,339	1,839,505	
	Shareholders' funds at 31 December 2005		9,569,210	8,726,871	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

20 GROSS CASH FLOWS

	2005 £	2004 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rentals Exchange differences	(223,238) (164,880) 80,664	(160,535) (102,960) (21,795)
	(307,454)	(285,290)
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets	(2,542,477)	(924,631) 5,000 (919,631)
Financing New loans Capital element of finance lease rentals	2,634,524 (1,993,408) 641,116	4,247,788 (615,298) 3,632,490

21 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1 January	Cash	Other At	31 December
	2005 £	flows £	changes £	2005 £
Cash at bank and in hand	851,410	3,342,673	-	4,194,083
Debt due within 1 year	, -	(2,147,052)	-	(2,147,052)
Debt due after 1 year	(5,247,788)	(487,472)	-	(5,735,260)
Finance leases	(3,833,604)	1,993,408	(2,687,987)	(4,528,183)
Total	(8,229,982)	2,701,557	(2,687,987)	(8,216,412)
				====

22 MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of assets with a total capital value at the inception of the lease of £2,687,987 (2004 - £2,194,181).

23 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2005 the company had entered into contracts for capital expenditure not provided for in these accounts amounting to approximately £1,772,608 (2004 - £2,880,743).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

24 OTHER COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2005 the company had annual commitments under operating leases as follows:

	Other	
	2005 £	2004 £
Expiry date:		
Within one year	-	34,280
Between one and five years	25,908	25,908

25 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Included in creditors is a £1,000,000 (2004: £1,000,000) advance from Fincoil Investissement S.A. a company which owns 40% of this company's share capital. Interest is chargeable at 4.5% per annum. The loan is repayable on 31 December 2006. £23,854 (2004: £10,834) loan interest has been accrued on this loan.

The company trades with its parent company Bifrangi S.P.A. During the year the company acquired goods and services to the value of £575,040 (2004: £489,820) from Bifrangi S.P.A. The company made sales during the year to Bifrangi S.P.A. to the value of £NIL (2004: £105,667) and at the year end trade creditors included £130,884 (2004: £18,894) due to Bifrangi S.P.A. There were capital purchases from Bifrangi S.P.A of £244,206.

26 PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

The company is controlled by Bifrangi S.P.A.

The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared is Bifrangi S.P.A, a company incorporated in Italy. Consolidated accounts are available from Sede in Via Manzoni, 14. 36065 Mussolenti,14.

In the opinion of the directors this is the company's ultimate parent company. Bifrangi S.P.A is ultimately controlled by F Biasion.