BMG Agencies Limited
Filleted Unaudited Financial
Statements
For the year ended
31st July 2019





#### **Balance Sheet**

## 31st July 2019

		2019		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	6		5,241	6,020
Current assets				
Stocks		31,934		30,890
Debtors	7	98,347		91,799
Cash at bank and in hand		9,460		3,823
		139,741		126,512
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(139,739)		(125,371)
-	. •	(100),1007		· ——
Net current assets	•		2	1,141
Total assets less current liabilities			5,243	7,161
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	9		(427)	(2,277)
B				
Provisions Taxation including deferred tax	•		(1,000)	(1,100)
			·	· <del></del>
Net assets			3,816	3,784
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	10		10	10
Profit and loss account			3,806	3,774
Shareholders funds			3,816	3,784
•				

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st July 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

## Balance Sheet (continued)

# 31st July 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of directors and authorised for issue on the board of the board by:

Mr B McGonagle Director

Company registration number: NI612983

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

## Year ended 31st July 2019

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is c/o Jackson Andrews, Andras House, 60 Great Victoria Street, Belfast, BT2 7ET. The company's registration number is NI612983.

The principal activity of the company during the year was the sale of cleaning materials.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity and rounded to the nearest £1.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that the continued financial support will be available from the directors to enable the company to continue trading.

## Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Those that have had the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements and that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

(i) depreciation method and asset useful lives

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended 31st July 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

Corporation tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Corporation tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax.

#### **Operating leases**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

5 years - straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

15% straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 25% straight line

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the balance sheet as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 31st July 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts (continued)

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2018: 5).

#### 5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost At 1st August 2018 and 31st July 2019	100,000
Amortisation At 1st August 2018 and 31st July 2019	100,000
Carrying amount At 31st July 2019	· _
At 31st July 2018	- -

#### 6. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
At 1st August 2018	12,705	16,175	28,880
Additions	3,502	·	3,502
At 31st July 2019	16,207	16,175	32,382
Depreciation			
At 1st August 2018	8,535	14,325	22,860
Charge for the year	2,431	1,850	4,281
At 31st July 2019	10,966	16,175	27,141
Carrying amount			=======================================
At 31st July 2019	5,241	_	5,241
At 31st July 2018	4,170	1,850	6,020
	=		

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 31st July 2019

## 7. Debtors

	Trade debtors Directors loan account Amounts due from related parties			2019 £ 90,385 4,299 3,663 98,347	2018 £ 91,799 ———————————————————————————————————
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within	n one year			
	Trade creditors Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Obligations under finance leases and h Director loan accounts Amounts due to related parties	ire purchase contra	acts	2019 £ 109,203 2,500 14,157 12,028 1,851 — — — 139,739	2018 £ 102,120 2,500 8,891 8,550 1,851 1,122 337 125,371
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due after	more than one ye	ar		
10.	Obligations under finance leases and h Called up share capital Issued, called up and fully paid	ire purchase contr	acts	2019 £ 427	2018 £ 2,277
		2019		2018	
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	No. 10	£ 10.00	No. 10	£ 10.00

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 31st July 2019

## 11. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2019	
	Balance		
	brought	Amounts	Balance
	forward	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr B McGonagle	(483)	3,380	2,897
Mr D McGonagle	(639)	2,041	1,402
	<u> </u>		
	(1,122)	5,421	4,299
	•	2018	
·	Balance		
	brought	Amounts	Balance
	forward	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr B McGonagle	2,737	(3,220)	(483)
Mr D McGonagle	(11,678)	11,039	(639)
	\ · · · · · - /		
	` <u> </u>	7 910	(1 122)
	(8,941)	7,819	(1,122)

### 12. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr B McGonagle throughout the current and previous year. Mr B McGonagle is the managing director and majority shareholder.

The company and Dargan Chemicals Limited are related parties as Mr B McGonagle and Mr D McGonagle are directors of both companies. The amount due from Dargan Chemicals Limited at the balance sheet date is shown in the Debtors note under "Amounts due from related parties."

The key management personnel are the directors.