Registration number: 04898784

Bremax Electronics Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

Winton Bath Limited
Chartered Accountants
First Floor
6 Ferranti Court
Staffordshire Technology Park
Stafford
Staffordshire
ST18 0LQ

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Company Information

Director Mr Maqsud Mosam

Company secretary Ms Lesley Ann Mosam

Registered office Heathfields Barn

Weston Bank Stafford Staffordshire ST18 0EA

Accountants Winton Bath Limited

Chartered Accountants

First Floor 6 Ferranti Court

Staffordshire Technology Park

Stafford Staffordshire ST18 0LQ

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(Registration number: 04898784) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	7,703	10,269
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	49,015	60,639
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	53,587	48,946
Cash at bank and in hand		46,621	29,136
		149,223	138,721
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(76,122)	(68,270)
Net current assets		73,101	70,451
Total assets less current liabilities		80,804	80,720
Provisions for liabilities		(1,464)	(1,951)
Net assets	_	79,340	78,769
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		79,338	78,767
Total equity		79,340	78,769

For the financial year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 1 May 2020

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 04898784) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2019

Mr Maqsud Mosam Director						
	cont.	4	4 .	0.4	~	

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in UK.

The address of its registered office is: Heathfields Barn Weston Bank Stafford Staffordshire ST18 0EA

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 1 May 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and ratePlant & machinery25% reducing balance basisFixtures & fittings25% reducing balance basisMotor vehicles25% reducing balance basis

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Over 10 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis. The share capital disclosed on the balance sheet is allotted, called up and fully paid.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 6 (2018 - 6).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 October 2018	10,000	10,000
At 30 September 2019	10,000	10,000
Amortisation		
At 1 October 2018	10,000	10,000
At 30 September 2019	10,000	10,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2019		

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2018	9,142	28,200	10,646	47,988
At 30 September 2019	9,142	28,200	10,646	47,988
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2018	8,649	19,537	9,533	37,719
Charge for the year	122	2,166	278	2,566
At 30 September 2019	8,771	21,703	9,811	40,285
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2019	371	6,497	835	7,703
At 30 September 2018	493	8,663	1,113	10,269

6 Stocks

	2019	2018	
	£	£	
Work in progress	35,000	12,951	
Other inventories	14,015	47,688	
	49,015	60,639	

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

7 Debtors					
				2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors				49,039	43,583
Prepayments				4,548	5,363
			_	53,587	48,946
8 Creditors					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one yea	r			2019	2018
				£	£
Due within one year					
Trade creditors				11,450	9,209
Taxation and social security				25,807	16,246
Other creditors				38,865	42,815
			_	76,122	68,270
9 Share capital					
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares					
		2019		2018	
	No.		£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	2	2	2	2	2

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2019

10 Related party transactions

2019 Mr Maqsud Mosam Loan from director	At 1 October 2018 £ 42,545	Advances to directors & (4,112)	At 30 September 2019 £ 38,433
2018 Mr Maqsud Mosam Loan from director	At 1 October 2017 £ 43,083	Advances to directors £ (538)	At 30 September 2018 £ 42,545

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