Registration number: 07569936

Bright Cloud Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

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Company Information

Director Mr A Morrison

Registered office Ground Floor

6 Queen Street

Leeds

West Yorkshire LS1 2TW

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(Registration number: 07569936) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	132,596	117,607
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	1,957	1,056
Investments			1
		134,553	118,664
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>?</u>	1,470,351	465,904
Cash at bank and in hand		50,596	752,701
		1,520,947	1,218,605
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(726,119)	(383,701)
Net current assets		794,828	834,904
Total assets less current liabilities		929,381	953,568
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(107,679)	
Net assets	_	821,702	953,568
Capital and reserves			
Called up and fully paid share capital		102	102
Profit and loss account		821,600	953,466
Total equity		821,702	953,568

For the financial year ending 31 March 2018 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the profit and loss account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{8}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 07569936) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

Approved and authorised by the director on 20 December 2018		
Mr A Morrison		
Director		

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1 General information

The Company is a incorporated in England and Wales. Company information details are shown on page 1.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, using the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Group accounts not prepared

The company is part of a small group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not prepared group accounts.

Prior period adjustment

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of software and provision of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, rebates and discounts. Turnover is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Computer equipment

33% straight line

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Development costs

Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward when its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured. Any expenditure carried forward is amortised in line with the expected future sales form the related project.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class

Amortisation method and rate

Development costs

20% and 33% straight line

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for software sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to profit or loss over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are paid.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement. Equity instruments are those that entitle the holder to a residual interest in the Company's assets after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non-convertible preference and non-puttable ordinary and preference shares, which are measured at fair value provided that this can be measured reliably. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) in the year, was 11 (2017 - 9).

4 Intangible assets

	Development costs £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 April 2017	181,022	181,022
Additions acquired separately	103,771	103,771
At 31 March 2018	284,793	284,793
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2017	63,415	63,415
Amortisation charge	88,782	88,782
At 31 March 2018	152,197	152,197
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2018	132,596	132,596
At 31 March 2017	117,607	117,607

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 April 2017	1,152	1,152
Additions	1,321	1,321
At 31 March 2018	2,473	2,473
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2017	96	96
Charge for the year	420	420
At 31 March 2018	516	516
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2018	1,957	1,957
At 31 March 2017		1,056
6 Investments	2018	2017
Investments in subsidiaries	£ 	£
Subsidiaries At 1 April 2017 Disposals		£ 1 (1)
At 31 March 2018		_
Carrying amount		
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2018		-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

7 Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	562,835	427,778
Amounts owed by group undertakings	789,597	3,943
Other debtors	-	27,948
Prepayments	117,919	6,235
	1,470,351	465,904

8 Creditors

	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year		
Loans and borrowings	65,934	-
Trade creditors	183,581	41,882
Taxation and social security	178,535	126,849
Other creditors	3,708	31,859
Accruals and deferred income	294,361	183,111
	726,119	383,701
Due after one year		
Loans and borrowings	107,679	

9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Bright Cloud Group Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is Mr A Morrison.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.