BritChiro Clinics Limited

Filleted Accounts

For the Year Ended 30 April 2019

BritChiro Clinics Limited

Registered number: 04071586

Balance Sheet

as at 30 April 2019

No	tes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		172,552		183,737
Investments	5		22,733		29,927
		_	195,285	_	213,664
Current assets					
Debtors	6	4,619,807		4,857,859	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,832,013		3,099,923	
		8,451,820		7,957,782	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,149,862)		(1,054,710)	
Net current assets			7,301,958		6,903,072
Net assets		- -	7,497,243	- -	7,116,736
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			7,497,143		7,116,636
Shareholders' funds		_ _	7,497,243	_ _	7,116,736

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

PS Westergaard

Director

Approved by the board on 20 January 2020

BritChiro Clinics Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold land and buildings nil

Computer equipment 33.33% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings, furniture and office equipment 25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2019	2018
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Intangible fixed assets		£
	Goodwill:		
	Cost		
	At 1 May 2018		5,400
	At 30 April 2019	- -	5,400
	Amortisation		
	At 1 May 2018		5,400
	At 30 April 2019	-	5,400
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2019	-	

Goodwill has been fully written off in previous years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 May 2018	153,665	4,834	80,504	239,003
At 30 April 2019	153,665	4,834	80,504	239,003
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2018	16,165	4,255	34,846	55,266
Charge for the year	<u>-</u> _	145	11,040	11,185
At 30 April 2019	16,165	4,400	45,886	66,451
Net book value				
At 30 April 2019	137,500	434	34,618	172,552
At 30 April 2018	137,500	579	45,658	183,737
Investments				
	li	nvestments in		
		subsidiary	Other	
		undertakings	investments	Total
		£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 May 2018		500	29,427	29,927
Revaluation		-	(7,194)	(7,194)
At 30 April 2019		500	22,233	22,733
Debtors			2019	2018
			£	£
Trade debtors			440	440
Amounts owed by group und which the company has a pa	=	akings in	4,601,533	4,567,955
Other debtors	indepating interest		17,834	289,464
outer depicte			4,619,807	4,857,859
Investments held as curre	nt assets		2019 £	2018 £
Fair value				
Increase/(decrease) in fair		the profit and		
Listed investments	nar your		(7,194)	(5,974)

8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	984,457	984,457
	Trade creditors	1,170	2,000
	Corporation tax	9,085	1,935
	Other taxes and social security costs	4,837	1,318
	Other creditors	150,313	65,000
		1,149,862	1,054,710

9 Other information

BritChiro Clinics Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

13 West Street

Horsham

West Sussex

RH12 1PB

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.