# BRM Law Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2019

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# **Financial Statements**

# Year Ended 31 March 2019

Contents	Pages
Statement of financial position	1 to 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 to 7

## **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 31 March 2019

•	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed Assets Intangible assets Tangible assets	5 6	1,350,000 262,364	1,650,000 264,642
		1,612,364	1,914,642
Current Assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	1,891,434 349 1,891,783	1,875,200 148 1,875,348
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	1,942,341	2,006,355
Net Current Liabilities		50,558	131,007
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		1,561,806	1,783,635
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	280,339	933,607
Provisions Taxation including deferred tax		32,500	30,500
Net Assets		1,248,967	819,528
Capital and Reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10	1,006 1,247,961	1,006 818,522
Shareholders Funds		1,248,967	819,528

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

## 31 March 2019

N A Brown Director

Company registration number: 08133693

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 99 Saltergate, Chesterfield, Derbyshire, S40 1LD.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Company information and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Fee income represents revenue earned from the normal activities of the firm, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Revenue is recognised when the company has a right to consideration in exchange for the performance of its duties. The right to consideration is determined by the terms and conditions of the firm which form the contract under which the services are provided. It is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration, which represents amounts chargeable to clients less a suitable allowance to recognise the uncertainties remaining in the completion of the obligations.

Contingent income is recognised only when the contingent element is assured.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax represents the amount of tax payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit (or loss) for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

## Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Goodwill

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10 years straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold improvements

4-10% straight line

Fixtures and fittings

10% straight line

Computers and equipment

15-20% straight line

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 3. Accounting policies (continued)

# **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

# 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 49 (2018: 46).

# 5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	3,000,000
Amortisation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year	1,350,000 300,000
At 31 March 2019	1,650,000
Carrying amount At 31 March 2019	1,350,000
At 31 March 2018	1,650,000

# 6. Tangible assets

	Leasehold mprovements £	Fixtures and fittings	Computers and equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 April 2018	283,411	83,941	106,158	473,510
Additions Disposals	21,234	8,110	12,307 (102)	41,651 (102)
At 31 March 2019	304,645	92,051	118,363	515,059
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	94,060	52,646	62,162	208,868
Charge for the year	24,260	4,305	15,333	43,898
Disposals			(71)	(71)
At 31 March 2019	118,320	56,951	77,424	252,695
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2019	186,325	35,100	40,939	262,364
At 31 March 2018	189,351	31,295	43,996	264,642

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 7. Debtors

7.	Deptors				
	Trade debtors Other debtors			2019 £ 388,962 1,502,472 1,891,434	2018 £ 404,168 1,471,032 1,875,200
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	e year			
	Bank loans Trade creditors Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors Other creditors			2019 £ 782,763 41,619 188,837 121,238 244,100 563,784 1,942,341	2018 £ 495,621 173,729 159,306 106,112 508,600 562,987 2,006,355
	There are fixed and floating charges over the	e assets of th	ne company.		
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more	e than one y	ear		
	Bank loans Directors loan accounts			2019 £ 65,302 215,037 280,339	2018 £ 130,803 802,804 933,607
10.	Called up share capital				
	Issued, called up and fully paid				
		2019		2018	
	Ordinary shares of £1 each Ordinary A shares of £1 each Ordinary B shares of £1 each Ordinary C shares of £1 each Ordinary D shares of £1 each Ordinary E shares of £1 each Ordinary F shares of £1 each	No. 1,000 1 1 1 1 1	£ 1,000.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	No. 1,000 1 1 1 1 1	£ 1,000.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

1,006

1,006.00

1,006

1,006.00

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 11. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

The total luture minimum lease payments under non-cancella	able operating leases are	as ioliows.
• •	2019	2018
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	226,501	227,700
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	466,884	689,625
	693,385	917,325

# 12. Related party transactions

The directors have loaned the company amounts totalling £680,037 (2018: £1,267,804) at the year end. The loans are interest free.