REGISTERED NUMBER: 03955538 (England and Wales)

C JONES TRANSPORT SERVICES LTD

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

Bevan Buckland LLP Langdon House Langdon Road SA1 Swansea Waterfront Swansea SA1 8QY

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4
Chartered Accountants' Report	11

C JONES TRANSPORT SERVICES LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

DIRECTOR:	C Jones
SECRETARY:	C Jones
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Grove Service Station Ynyscedwyn Road Ystradgynlais Swansea SA9 1BE
REGISTERED NUMBER:	03955538 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Bevan Buckland LLP Langdon House Langdon Road SA1 Swansea Waterfront Swansea SA1 8QY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30 NOVEMBER 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		177,655		200,369
Investments	6		100_		100
			177,755		200,469
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	242,206		231,175	
Cash at bank		<u> 145,665</u>		<u>55,337</u>	
		387,871		286,512	
CREDITORS	_				
Amounts falling due within one year	8	232,501		<u> 188,314</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u> 155,370</u>		<u>98,198</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			333,125		298,667
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			30,201		34,293
NET ASSETS			302,924		264,374
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2		2
Retained earnings			302,922		264,372
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			302,924		264,374

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 November 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at
- the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 30 NOVEMBER 2018

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 1 July 2019 and were signed by:

C Jones - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

C Jones Transport Services Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2004, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is shorter:

Plant and Machinery - 15% Reducing Balance Motor - 25% Reducing Balance

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Hire Purchase interest is calculated on a sum of digits method.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Page 6 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into, An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 13 (2017 - 12).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 1 December 2017	
and 30 November 2018	100,000
AMORTISATION	
At 1 December 2017	
and 30 November 2018	100,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 November 2018	
At 30 November 2017	<u> </u>
and 30 November 2018 NET BOOK VALUE At 30 November 2018	

Page 7 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

TANGIBLE FIXED AGGETG	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Totals
COST	£	£	£
At 1 December 2017	41,176	774,863	816,039
Additions	2,437	90,008	92,445
Disposals	2,437	(243,200)	(243,200)
At 30 November 2018	43,613	621,671	665,284
DEPRECIATION	40,010	021,011	
At 1 December 2017	30,692	584,978	615,670
Charge for year	1,938	54,683	56,621
Eliminated on disposal	-	(184,662)	(184,662)
At 30 November 2018	32,630	454,999	487,629
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 November 2018	10,983	166,672	177,655
At 30 November 2017	10,484	189,885	200,369
Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:			
			Motor vehicles
			£
COST			004.040
At 1 December 2017			201,010
Additions Disposals			68,500
Highogaig			(404 500)
·			(134,500)
At 30 November 2018			(134,500) 135,010
At 30 November 2018 DEPRECIATION			135,010
At 30 November 2018 DEPRECIATION At 1 December 2017			135,010 114,028
At 30 November 2018 DEPRECIATION At 1 December 2017 Charge for year			135,010 114,028 26,478
At 30 November 2018 DEPRECIATION At 1 December 2017 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal			135,010 114,028 26,478 (84,930)
At 30 November 2018 DEPRECIATION At 1 December 2017 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal At 30 November 2018			135,010 114,028 26,478
At 30 November 2018 DEPRECIATION At 1 December 2017 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal			135,010 114,028 26,478 (84,930)

Page 8 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

0.	TIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		Shares in group undertakings £
	COST At 1 December 2017 and 30 November 2018 NET BOOK VALUE At 30 November 2018 At 30 November 2017		100 100 100
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2018	2017
	Trade debtors Other debtors Directors' loan accounts	£ 197,861 44,345 - 242,206	£ 165,394 65,589 192 231,175
	Included in other debtors is an amount of £44,345 (2017 - £65,589) due from C Jones Limited, of which is a subsidiary of C Jones Transport Services Ltd.	s (Haulage)	
	The Directors loan account will be repaid within nine months of the year end.		
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2018 £	2017 £
	Hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Tax Social security and other taxes VAT Directors' loan accounts Accrued expenses	61,650 115,869 13,147 3,332 19,630 13,114 5,759 232,501	38,869 116,857 3,332 26,606 2,650 188,314
9.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	Hire purchase contracts	2018 £ 61,650	2017 £ <u>38,869</u>

Hire Purchase contracts are secured on the commercial vehicles of the business.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company paid rent of £15,000 (2017: £15,000) to the director for the use of the premises.

C Jones (Haulage) Ltd

A company of which is a subsidiary of C Jones Transport services Ltd

During the year, C Jones (Haulage) Ltd supplied C Jones Transport Services Ltd with £104,271 (2017: £157,601) of specified services.

During the year, C Jones Transport Services Ltd supplied C Jones (Haulage) Ltd with £60,493 (2017: £139,852) of specified services.

At the balance sheet date, a balance of £44,345 (2017: £65,589) was due from C Jones (Haulage) Ltd.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF C JONES TRANSPORT SERVICES LTD

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Statement of Financial Position. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Director are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of C Jones Transport Services Ltd for the year ended 30 November 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Statement of Financial Position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the director of C Jones Transport Services Ltd in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of C Jones Transport Services Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of C Jones Transport Services Ltd in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than C Jones Transport Services Ltd and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that C Jones Transport Services Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of C Jones Transport Services Ltd. You consider that C Jones Transport Services Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of C Jones Transport Services Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Bevan Buckland LLP Langdon House Langdon Road SA1 Swansea Waterfront Swansea SA1 8QY

1 July 2019

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.