

Registered number: 07550320

CHURCH LEA LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2018



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CHURCH LEA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07550320

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 2 SEPTEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets			-		-
Investments	4		293		252
		•	293	· 	252
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	911,361		825,909	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,617		69,968	
	-	930,978	_	895,877	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(405,639)		(311,250)	
Net current assets	•		525,339		584,627
Total assets less current liabilities		-	525,632	_	584,879
Net assets		<u>.</u>	525,632	_	584,879
Capital and reserves		·		_	
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			525,532	_	584,779
Shareholders' funds		-	525,632	_	584,879

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

ndial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

Mr A P Williamson

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2018

· ·	•		
	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 3 September 2017	100	584,779	584,879
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year		7,753	7,753
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(67,000)	(67,000)
At 2 September 2018	100	525,532	525,632

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2017

	Called up		-	
	share capital	loss account £	Total equity £	
	£			
At 1 September 2016	100	336,712	336,812	
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	<u>-</u>	312,067	312,067	
Dividends: Equity capital	•	(64,000)	(64,000)	
At 2 September 2017	100	584,779	584,879	
		<u></u>		

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2018

1. General information

Church Lea Limited is a private limited company limited by share capital, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Orchard Brook, 14 Chase Park Road, Yardley Hastings, Northampton, NN7 1HD.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover is recognised as follows:

- 1. Fees receivable turnover represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the value of the consideration due.
- 2. Share of joint venture result upon realisation of the profit or loss in the joint venture undertaking.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

- 20%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Valuation of investments

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and in non-puttable ordinary and preference shares are measured:

- at fair value with changes recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;
- at cost less impairment for all other investments.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method

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2.12 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

4. Fixed asset investments

	in joint ventures £
Cost or valuation	
At 3 September 2017	252
Additions	66
Disposals	(25)
At 2 September 2018	293

Investment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2 SEPTEMBER 2018

Debtors		
	2018 £	2017 £
Other debtors	910,161	824,709
Prepayments and accrued income	1,200	1,200
	911,361	825,909
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2018 £	2017 £
Corporation tax	3,163	76,196
Other taxation and social security	4,869	134
Other creditors	394,463	232,302
Accruals and deferred income	3,144	0.040
Accidate and deterred income	the state of the s	2,618
	Prepayments and accrued income Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors	Other debtors 910,161 Prepayments and accrued income 1,200 911,361 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2018 £ Corporation tax 3,163 Other taxation and social security 4,869 Other creditors 394,463