

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

for

Climate Air Conditioning Limited

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for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

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Climate Air Conditioning Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

DIRECTORS:

Mr P Rees
Mrs G Rees

SECRETARY:

Mrs G Rees

REGISTERED OFFICE:

23 Badgers Brook Road
Drayton
Norwich
Norfolk
NR8 6EY

REGISTERED NUMBER:

04889010

Chartered Certified Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors
on the Unaudited Financial Statements of
Climate Air Conditioning Limited

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Climate Air Conditioning Limited for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/rulebook>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Climate Air Conditioning Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Climate Air Conditioning Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Climate Air Conditioning Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/factsheet163>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Climate Air Conditioning Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Climate Air Conditioning Limited. You consider that Climate Air Conditioning Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Climate Air Conditioning Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

25 September 2019

Balance Sheet
31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	5		938		1,583
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		5,394		6,060	
Debtors	6	67,771		16,453	
Cash at bank		<u>3,253</u>		<u>16,203</u>	
		76,418		38,716	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>60,997</u>		<u>30,847</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>15,421</u>		<u>7,869</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			16,359		9,452
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			<u>178</u>		<u>301</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>16,181</u>		<u>9,151</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>16,081</u>		<u>9,051</u>
			<u>16,181</u>		<u>9,151</u>

Balance Sheet - continued
31 December 2018

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of
- (b) Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr P Rees - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Climate Air Conditioning Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Not specified/Other. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period to which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are the depreciation charges that are calculated with reference to the useful economic life of fixed assets

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery	- 25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	- 25% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

3. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

a) Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

c) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

d) Trade and other creditors

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable within one year, typically trade payables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

3. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

4. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2017 - 1).

5. **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 January 2018	4,571	18,117	22,688
Additions	124	-	124
Disposals	(2,663)	(18,117)	(20,780)
At 31 December 2018	2,032	-	2,032
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 January 2018	3,316	17,789	21,105
Charge for year	313	-	313
Eliminated on disposal	(2,535)	(17,789)	(20,324)
At 31 December 2018	1,094	-	1,094
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2018	938	-	938
At 31 December 2017	1,255	328	1,583

6. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	24,431	11,749
Other debtors	43,340	4,704
	<u>67,771</u>	<u>16,453</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	20,172	-
Trade creditors	11,979	2,512
Taxation and social security	16,683	15,262
Other creditors	12,163	13,073
	<u>60,997</u>	<u>30,847</u>

8. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank overdraft	<u>20,172</u>	<u>-</u>

As of 15th December 2003 HSBC Bank PLC holds a debenture charge securing all money and liabilities due or becoming due to the bank by Climate Air Conditioning Ltd.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.