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COGS MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1997

Registered No: 2672706



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director

C O Page

Secretary

C A Page

Registered office

8 Copse Edge Avenue

Epsom

Surrey KT17 4HS

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc

82 High Street

Epsom

Surrey KT19 8BA

Auditors

Badger Hakim

Tunsgate Square 98/110 High Street

Guildford

Surrey GU1 3HE

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

The director presents her annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 1997.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the company is that of computer consultants.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after tax amounted to £8,909 (1996: profit £8,655). The total of distributions in dividends for the year to 31 March 1997 is £8,000, and the retained profit transferred to reserves is £909.

Director

The present director of the company is set out on page 1. The director served throughout the year.

The interest of the director at the end of the year in the share capital of the company at 31 March 1997 is set out below:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	1997	1996
C O Page	1	1

Auditors

The auditors, Badger Hakim are willing to continue in office, and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR (continued)

Director's responsibility

Company Law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. She is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Advantage is taken in the preparation of the director's report of the special exemptions applicable to small companies conferred by Part II of Schedule 8 to the Companies Act 1985. In the director's opinion, the company is entitled to those exemptions as a small company.

The Report of the Director was approved by the Board on 26 m/ 1997 and signed on its behalf by:

C A Page Secretary

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COGS MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's director is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 March 1997 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

Guildford

26.4. 1997

Badger Hakim Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1997

	Notes	1997 £	1996 £
Turnover	1	63,700	52,509
Administrative expenses		(51,769)	(43,661)
Operating profit/(loss)	2	11,931	8,848
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		11,931	8,848
Tax on result on ordinary activities	3	(3,022)	(193)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation		8,909	8,655
Dividends paid		(8,000)	<u>-</u>
Retained profit/(loss) for the year		909	8,655
Accumulated balance brought forward		76	(8,579)
Accumulated balance carried forward		985	76

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the year.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profits above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents.

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 MARCH 1997

	Notes	1997 £	1996 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	4	2,614	2,990
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	600 1,773 ———————————————————————————————————	600 172 ———— 772
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(4,000)	3,684
Net current (liabilities)		(1,627)	(2,912)
Total assets less current liabilities		987	
Financed by:			
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8	985	2 76
		987	78 ———

Advantage is taken in the preparation of the financial statements of the special exemptions applicable to small companies conferred by Part I of Schedule 8 to the Companies Act 1985. In the director's opinion, the company is entitled to those exemptions as a small company.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 21 it from 1997 and signed on its behalf by:

Lardyn Page

C O Page Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 1997

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental cost of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their residual value over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used are:

Fixtures and fittings	20% - reducing balance basis
Computer equipment	33% - straight line basis

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes. Provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method only to the extent that it is probable that the liability will become payable in the foreseeable future.

Cashflow

A cash-flow statement has not been published as the company is exempt from the requirement to do so under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit for the year is arrived at after charging:

	1997	1996
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	100	50
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	1,838	1,462
Director's remuneration	27,000	27,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 1997 (continued)

3. TAXATION

4.

		1997 £	1996 £
Taxation charge for the year		ų.	
Corporation Tax at 24% (1996: 25%)		3,022	193
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
	Computer	Fixtures &	Total
	equipment £	fittings £	£
Cost			
At 1 April 1996	4,646	315	4,961
Additions	1,392	70	1,462
Disposals		-	
At 31 March 1997	6,038	385	6,423
Depreciation			
At 1 April 1996	1,785	186	1,971
Charged in year	1,798	40	1,838
Released on disposal	-	-	
At 31 March 1997	3,583	226	3,809
Net book value			
At 31 March 1997	2,455	159	2,614
At 31 March 1996	2,861	129	2,990

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 1997 (continued)

5. DEBTORS

5.	DEBTORS		
		1997 £	1996 £
	Amounts falling due within one year Prepayments and accrued income	600	600
		600	600
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE	YEAR	
		1997 £	1996 £
		*	357
	Bank overdraft	1,022	193
	Corporation tax	2,528	2,784
	Other taxation and social security costs Accruals and deferred income	450	350
		4,000	3,684
7.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		1997	1996
		£	£
	Authorised 1,000 Shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted and fully paid 2 Shares of £1 each	2	2
			=======================================

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 1997 (continued)

8. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

			£
	At 1 April 1996 Retained profit for the year		76 909
	At 31 March 1997		985
9.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS		
		1997 £	1996 £
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year Opening shareholders fund	909 78	8,655 (8,577)
	Closing shareholders fund	987	78