Registered number: 02614193

COTTRELL PARK LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Peter Price Accountants Limited

Cottrell Park Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

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Cottrell Park Ltd Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

Registered number: 02614193

| | | 2019 | | 2018 | |
|--|-------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | | | |
| Intangible Assets | 3 | | 18,502 | | 27,753 |
| Tangible Assets | 4 | | 4,392,111 | | 4,236,412 |
| Investments | 5 | | - | | 50 |
| | | | 4,410,613 | | 4,264,215 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | 4,410,013 | | 7,207,213 |
| Stocks | 6 | 20,731 | | 22,790 | |
| Debtors | 7 | 165,478 | | 392,445 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | - | 24,346 | | 214,771 | |
| | | 210,555 | - | 630,006 | |
| Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year | 8 | (243,293) | - | (551,792) | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES) | | | (32,738) | | 78,214 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | 4,377,875 | | 4,342,429 |
| Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year | 9 | | (5,720) | | - |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Deferred Taxation | | | (66,870) | | (62,663) |
| NET ASSETS | | | 4,305,285 | | 4,279,766 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | : | |
| Called up share capital | 11 | | 441,923 | | 441,923 |
| Revaluation reserve | 13 | | 3,410,596 | | 3,410,596 |
| Profit and Loss Account | | | 452,766 | | 427,247 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | 4,305,285 | | 4,279,766 |

Cottrell Park Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2019

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Jonathan Johns-Powell

Director

07/09/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 3 years.

For the year ended December 2018 and prior, Goodwill was amortised over 20 years, however the directors have now reviewed the value of goodwill and feel it prudent to amend the amortisation policy.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold N

Plant & Machinery 10% straight line

1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 26 (2018: 29)

3. Intangible Assets

| | Goodwill |
|----------------------------|----------|
| | £ |
| Cost | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 107,378 |
| As at 31 December 2019 | 107,378 |
| Amortisation | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 79,625 |
| Provided during the period | 9,251 |
| As at 31 December 2019 | 88,876 |
| Net Book Value | |
| As at 31 December 2019 | 18,502 |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 27,753 |

| 4. Tangible Assets | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Land & Property | | |
| | Freehold | Plant & Machinery | Total |
| | £ | £ | £ |
| Cost | | | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 3,890,053 | 679,290 | 4,569,343 |
| Additions | 136,538 | 72,850 | 209,388 |
| As at 31 December 2019 | 4,026,591 ————— | 752,140 | 4,778,731 ———— |
| Depreciation | | | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | - | 332,931 | 332,931 |
| Provided during the period | | 53,689 | 53,689 |
| As at 31 December 2019 | | 386,620 | 386,620 |
| Net Book Value | | | |
| As at 31 December 2019 | 4,026,591 | 365,520 | 4,392,111 |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 3,890,053 | 346,359 | 4,236,412 |
| 5. Investments | | | |
| | | | Unlisted |
| | | | £ |
| Cost | | | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | | | 50 |
| Disposals | | | (50) |
| As at 31 December 2019 | | | |
| Provision | | | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | | | |
| As at 31 December 2019 | | | |
| Net Book Value | | | |
| As at 31 December 2019 | | | |
| As at 1 January 2019 | | | 50 |
| 6. Stocks | | | |
| | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | £ | £ |
| Stock - finished goods | _ | 20,731 | 22,790 |

22,790

20,731

Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ Due within one year Trade debtors 8,441 7,424 Prepayments and accrued income 25,480 27,875 Other debtors 3,600 21,704 Directors' loan accounts 927 914 Called up share capital not paid 2 2 Amounts owed by other participating interests 127,028 334,526 392,445 165,478 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year 2019 2018 £ £ Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts 1,830 Trade creditors 61,358 66,785 Bank loans and overdrafts 258,333 Corporation tax 4,143 15,708 Other taxes and social security 6,693 5,592 VAT 9,776 23,395 Other creditors - Levy 12,226 12,608 Accruals and deferred income 169,753 146,885 243,293 551,792 9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year 2019 2018 £ £ Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts 5,720 5,720 **Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase** 2019 2018 £ £ The maturity of these amounts is as follows: Amounts Payable: Within one year 1,830 Between one and five years 5,720 7,550 7,550

11. Share Capital

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Called Up Share Capital not Paid | 2 | 2 |
| Called Up Share Capital has been paid up | 441,921 | 441,921 |
| Amount of Allotted, Called Up Share Capital | 441,923 | 441,923 |

12. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

| | As at 1 January 2019 | Amounts advanced | Amounts repaid | Amounts written off | As at 31 December 2019 |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Mr Jonathan Johns-Powell | 927 | | | - | 927 |

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

13. Reserves

| | Revaluation Reserve |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| | £ |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 3,410,596 |
| As at 31 December 2019 | 3,410,596 |

14. Related Party Transactions

Sycamore Cross Limited

Sycamore Cross Limited is a company owned 100% by Village Homes Limited, see relationship below, Cottrell Park owned 100% of Sycamore Cross Limited until 30th December 2019

Sycamore Cross Limited owed Cottrell Park Limited £3,450 at 31st December 2019, this was written off as a bad debt (2018: £Nil)

Villiage Homes LLP

Village Homes LLP is owned 50% by Speedy Developments Ltd, a company owned 100% by the Director Jonathan Johns-Powell

Village Homes LLP owed Cottrell Park Limited £3,600 at 31st December 2019 (2018: £5,970)

William Powell & Sons Ltd

William Powell & Sons Ltd is a company jointly owned by the Director, Jonathan Johns-Powell and his brother at the year end

William Powell & Sons Ltd owed Cottrell Park Limited £127,028 at 31st December 2019 (2018: £328,556)

The Director Jonathan Johns-Powell ceased ownership in William Powell & Sons on 30th March 2020

15. General Information

Cottrell Park Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 02614193 . The registered office is Cottrell Park, St Nicholas, Cardiff, South Glamorgan, CF5 6SJ.

| This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006. |
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