Registered	number:	04009041
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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# DIGITAL DOTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:04009041

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		386		482
		_	386	_	482
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	14,025		18,418	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	37,576		42,435	
		51,601	_	60,853	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(33,082)		(35,923)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_		18,519		24,930
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	18,905	_	25,412
NET ASSETS		_ =	18,905	_ =	25,412
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			6		6
Profit and loss account			18,899		<i>25,406</i>
		_	18,905	_	25,412

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

# DIGITAL DOTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:04009041

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 6 December 2017.

## Mrs LL Lindstrom

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The legal form of the entity is private limited company and its country of incorporation is England and Wales.

The company's principal activity continues to be that of an independent graphic arts research company and publisher, involving journalism specialising in digital publishing technologies combined with computer assisted production.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

20% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

#### 2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

#### 2.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

#### 2.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2016 - 2).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures & fittings	Office equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	COST OR VALUATION			
	At 1 April 2016	2,694	13,427	16,121
	At 31 March 2017	2,694	13,427	16,121
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 April 2016	2,212	13,427	15,639
	Charge for the year on owned assets	96	-	96
	At 31 March 2017	2,308	13,427	15,735
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2017	386	<u> </u>	386
	At 31 March 2016	482	<u> </u>	482
5.	DEBTORS			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors		13,938	18,118
	Other debtors		87	300
			14,025	18,418
6.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
			2017	2016
			£	2010 £
	Cash at bank and in hand		37,576	42,435
				42,435

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# 7. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

2017 £	2016 £
5,918	4,698
9,844	11,649
-	3,854
14,057	12,159
3,263	3,563
33,082	35,923
2017	2016
£	£
37,576	42,435
37,576	42,435
	£ 5,918 9,844 14,057 3,263 33,082  2017 £ 37,576

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise solely of cash.

# 9. DIRECTORS' BENEFITS: ADVANCES, CREDIT AND GUARANTEES

Included in other creditors due within one year is a loan from the directors Mrs L Lindstrom and Mr P Lindstrom amounting to  $\pounds(6,849)$  [2016 -  $\pounds(10,279)$ .

# 10. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company was controlled throughout the current and previous period by its directors, Mrs L Lindstrom and Mr P Lindstrom by virtue of the fact that between them they own all of the company's ordinary issued voting share capital.

# **FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF FRS 102**

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.