

**DUBNET LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019**

Dubnet Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

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Dubnet Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 30 November 2019

Registered number: 5264434

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	5		3,681		3,240
			<u>3,681</u>		<u>3,240</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	7	-		14,300	
Debtors	8	52,995		58,024	
Cash at bank and in hand		97,000		86,801	
		<u>149,995</u>		<u>159,125</u>	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	9	(22,328)		(47,907)	
		<u></u>		<u></u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			<u>127,667</u>		<u>111,218</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>131,348</u>		<u>114,458</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>131,348</u>		<u>114,458</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		10		10
Profit and Loss Account			131,338		114,448
			<u>131,348</u>		<u>114,458</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>131,348</u>		<u>114,458</u>

Dubnet Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 30 November 2019

For the year ending 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Payman Rezania

Director

25th August 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Dubnet Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. All income is derived from activities within the UK.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	25% reducing balance
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1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Dublin City Council
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

4. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2019	2018
Office and administration	1	1
	1	1

5. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery
	£
Cost	
As at 1 December 2018	17,294
Additions	1,667
As at 30 November 2019	18,961
Depreciation	
As at 1 December 2018	14,054
Provided during the period	1,226
As at 30 November 2019	15,280
Net Book Value	
As at 30 November 2019	3,681
As at 1 December 2018	3,240

6. Investments

	Listed
	£
Cost	
As at 1 December 2018	5,098
As at 30 November 2019	5,098
Provision	
As at 1 December 2018	5,098
As at 30 November 2019	5,098
Net Book Value	
As at 30 November 2019	-
As at 1 December 2018	-

Dubnet Limited
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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

7. Stocks

	2019	2018
	£	£
Stock - work in progress	-	14,300
	-	14,300

8. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Prepayments and accrued income	-	108
	-	108
Due after more than one year		
Directors loan account	52,995	57,916
	52,995	57,916
	52,995	58,024

9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,344	1,065
Corporation tax	17,463	38,173
VAT	3,521	8,669
	22,328	47,907

10. Share Capital

	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	10	10

11. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

	2019	2018
	£	£
Mr Payman Rezania	58,000	51,000

12. Dividends

	2019	2018
	£	£
On equity shares:		
Final dividend paid	58,000	51,000
	<u>58,000</u>	<u>51,000</u>

13. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr Rezania by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

14. General Information

Dubnet Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 5264434 . The registered office is 2 Station Road, Brundall, Norwich, Norfolk, NR13 5LA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.