The Companies Act 1985 and 1989 Company Limited by Shares

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

DUMISS TRADE LIMITED

Company Number: 2788839

Incorporated on: 11 February 1994

PALMER COWEN
Solicitors

16 Berkeley Street London WIX 5AE

Tel No: 071 491-7810

13 MAY 1994

Fax No: 071 491 0071

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

DUMISS TRADE LIMITED

- 13 MAY 1994
- 1. The Company's name is Dumiss Trade Limited.
- 2. The Company's Registered Office is to be situated in England & Wales.
- 3. The Company's objects are: *
- (A) (i) To carry on all or any of the businesses of dealers in, importers, exporters, re-exporters and distributors of precious metals, bullion, ferrous and non-ferrous metals, rare earths, ores, minerals, chemicals, chemical products, petroleum products, and raw materials, commodities and manufactures products and wheat, oats, maize, barley and all other types of grain and agricultural produce of all kinds, whether as principals or as agents for and on behalf of other companies or persons and to promote and develop trade and commerce with all parts of the world and stimulate and develop the business of import, export and re-export of all substances, articles, commodities and raw and other materials and to subsidise, grant special rights to or otherwise assist, support and encourage all persons engaged in or proposing to enter into any of the trades or businesses aforesaid; to carry on business as bankers, financers, capitalists, brokers and merchants and to undertake commissions whether as principal or as agent for and on behalf of other persons and companies throughout the world relating to the sale and purchase of commodities and merchantable products and to act as ship owners and shipping agents, insurance, insurance brokers, and agents, warehousemen, wharfingers and factors, proprietors and charterers of railways, ships, aircraft and other means of transportation and to carry out works whether of capital nature or not incidental to or associated with such activities; and to act as merchants generally.
- (ii) The Company has the power to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the carrying on of any trade or business by it.
- (B) To carry on any other trade or business which can, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, be advantageously carried on by the Company in connection with or as ancillary to any of the above businesses or the general business of the Company, or further any of its objects.
- (C) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and hold for any estate or interest any lands, buildings, easements, rights, privileges, concessions, patents, patent rights, licences, secret processes, machinery, plant, stock-in-trade, and any real or personal property of any kind for such consideration and on such terms as may be considered expedient.
- * The objects of the Company were amended by Special Resolution passed on the 11th February 1993.

- (D) To erect, construct, lay down, enlarge, alter and maintain any roads, railways, tramways, sidings, bridges, reservoirs, shops, stores, factories, buildings, works, plant and machinery necessary or convenient for the Company's business, and to contribute to or subsidise the erection, construction and maintenance of any of the above.
- (E) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money for the purposes of or in connection with the Company's business, and for the purposes of or in connection with the borrowing or raising of money by the Company to become a member of any building society.
- (F) To mortgage and charge the undertaking and all or any of the real and personal property and assets, present or future, and all or any of the uncalled capital for the time being of the Company, and to issue at par or at a premium or discount, and for such consideration and with and subject to such rights, powers, privileges and conditions as may be thought fit, debentures or debenture stock, either permanent or redeemable or repayable, and colleterally or further to secure any securities of the Company by a trust deed or other assurance.
- (G) To issue and deposit any securities which the Company has power to issue by way of mortgage to secure any sum less than the nominal amount of such securities, and also by way of security for the performance of any contracts or any obligations of the Company or of its customers or other persons or corporations having dealings with the Company, or in whose businesses or undertakings the Company is interested, whether directly or indirectly.
- (H) To receive money on deposit or loan upon such terms as the Company may approve, and to guarantee the obligations and contracts of any person or corporation.
- (I) To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid).
- (J) To grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses to officers, ex-officers, employees or ex-employees of the Company or its predecessors in business or the dependants or connections of such persons, to establish and maintain or concur in establishing and maintaining trusts, funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) with a view to providing pensions or other benefits for any such persons as aforesaid, their dependants or connections, and to support or subscribe to any charitable funds or institutions, the support of which may, in the opinion of the Directors, be calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company or its employees, and to institute or maintain any club or other establishment or profit sharing scheme calculated to advance the interests of the Company or its officers or employees.
- (K) To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, discount and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments.
- (L) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes of its business in or upon such investments or securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (M) To pay for any property or rights acquired by the Company, either in cash or fully or partly paid-up shares, with or without preferred or deferred or special rights or restrictions in respect of dividend, repayment of capital, voting or otherwise, or by any securities which the Company has power to issue, or partly in one mode and partly in another, and generally on such terms as the Company may determine.

- (N) To accept payment for any property or rights sold or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the Company, either in cash, by instalments or otherwise, or in fully or partly paid-up shares of any company or corporation, with or without deferred or preferred or special rights or restrictions in respect of dividend, repayment of capital, voting or otherwise, or in debentures or mortgage debentures or debenture stock, mortgages or other securities of any company or corporation, or partly in one mode and partly in another, and generally on such terms as the Company may determine, and to hold, dispose of or otherwise deal with any shares, stock or securities so acquired.
- (O) To enter into any partnership or joint-purse arrangement or arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests or co-operation with any company, firm or person carrying on or proposing to carry on any business within the objects of this Company, and to acquire and hold, sell, deal with or dispose of shares, stock or securities of any such company, and to guarantee the contracts or liabilities of, or the payment of the dividends, interest or capital of any shares, stock or securities of and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such company.
- (P) To establish or promote or concur in establishing or promoting any other company whose objects shall include the acquisition and taking over of all or any of the assets and liabilities of this Company or the promotion ? which shall be in any manner calculated to advance directly or indirectly the objects or interests of this Company and to acquire and hold or dispose of shares, stock or securities of and guarantee the payment of the dividends, interest or capital of any shares, stock or securities issued by or any other obligations of any such company.
- (Q) 'To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, liabilities and transactions of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on.

- (R) To sell, improve, manage, develop, turn to account, exchange, let on rent, royalty, share of profits or otherwise, grant licences, easements and other rights in or over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking and all or any of the property and assets for the time being of the Company for such consideration as the Company may think fit.
- (S) To amalgamate with any other company whose objects are to include objects similar to those of this Company, whether by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid-up shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid with or without winding up, or by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid-up shares or otherwise) of all or a controlling interest in the shares or stock of this or any such company as aforesaid, or by partnership, or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner.
- (T) To distribute among the members in specie any property of the Company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made cept with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law.
- (U) T do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, trustees, sub-contractors or otherwise.
- (V) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that in the construction of this clause the word "company" except where used in reference to the Company shall be deemed to include any person or partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled in Great Britain or elsewhere, and that the objects specified in the different paragraphs of this clause shall, except where otherwise expressed therein,

be in nowise limited by reference to any other paragraph or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and ample a manner and shall be construed in as wide a sense as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate, distinct and independent company.

- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The Company's share capital is £500,000.00 divided into 500,000 shares of £1.00 each*

The shares in the original or any increased capital may be divided into several classes, and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividend, capital, voting or otherwise.

* The Company's share capital was amended by Ordinary Resolutions passed on 21st April 1994.

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We, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum; and we agree to take the number of shares shown opposite our respective names.	
Name Addresses and Description Of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each subscriber
Combined Nominees Limited, 16-26 Banner Street, London EC1Y 8QE.	ONE
Combined Secretarial Services Limited, 16-26 Banner Street, London EC1Y 8QE	ONE
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES TO BE TAKEN UP Dated the 4th day of February 1993	TWO
Witness to the above Signatures:	
B.R. Millar, 110 Whitchurch Road, Cardiff CF4 3LY	

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

DUMISS TRADE LIMITED



PRELIMINARY

- 1. (a) Subject as hereinafter provided, the regulations contained in Table A of the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (hereinafter referred to as "Table A'), and made pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act') and the Companies Act 1989 (hereinafter referred to as the '1989 Act') shall apply to the Company.
 - (b) Regulations 24,35,40,73,74,75 and 77 to 81 inclusive of Table A shall not apply to the Company.
 - (c) The expressions "relevant securities" and "equity securities", wheresoever appearing herein, shall bear the meanings ascribed to them by the Act.

SHARES

- 2. (a) Subject to the provisions of Table A and to the following provisions of these Articles, the Directors shall have authority to exercise any power of the Company to offer, allot or otherwise dispose of any shares in the Company, or any relevant securities, to such persons, at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as they think proper provided that (insofar as the Company in General Meeting shall not have varied, renewed or revoked the said authority):
 - (i) The Directors shall not be authorised to make any offer or allotment of shares in the Company, or grant any right to subscribe for, or to convert any securities into, shares in the Company if such allotment, or an allotment in pursuance of such offer or right, would or might result in the aggregate of the shares or stock in issue exceeding, in nominal value, the amount of the Authorised Share Capital of the Company for the time being, and such limitation shall determine the maximum amount of the relevant securities which at any time remain to be allotted by the Directors hereunder.
 - (ii) The period within which the said authority to allot relevant securities may be exercised shall be limited to five years, commencing upon the date of the incorporation of the Company.

- (b) Any offer or agreement in respect of relevant securities, which is made prior to the expiration of such authority and in all other respects within the terms of such authority, shall be authorised to be made, notwithstanding that such offer or agreement would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after the expiration of such authority and, accordingly, the Directors may at any time allot any relevant securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement.
- (c) The authority conferred upon the Directors to allot relevant securities may at any time, by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting, be revoked, varied or renewed (whether or not it has been previously renewed hereunder) for a further period not exceeding five years.
- 3. Section 89(1) and Section 90(1) to (6) of the Act shall not apply to any allotment of equity securities by the Company. The shares comprised in the initial allotment by the Company shall be at the disposal of the Directors as they think proper but thereafter, unless otherwise determined by Special Resolution of the Company in General Meeting, any relevant securities shall, before they are allotted on any terms to any person, be first offered on the same or more favourable terms to each person who holds shares in the Company in the proportion which is, as nearly as practicable, equal to the proportion in nominal value held by him of the aggregate of such shares in issue.

Such offer shall be made by notice in writing specifying the number of shares offered and the period, being not less than twenty one days, within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined. After the expiration of such period, or on receipt of notice of the acceptance or refusal of every offer so made, the Directors may, subject to these Articles, dispose of such securities as have not been taken up in such manner as they think proper. The Directors may, in like manner, dispose of any such securities as aforesaid, which by reason of the proportion borne by them to the number of persons entitled to such offer as aforesaid or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same, cannot in the opinion of the Directors be conveniently offered in the manner hereinbefore provided.

4.(a) No share shall be issued at a discount.

- (b) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.
- (c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited.
- 5. Subject to the provisions of the Acts and the 1989 Act:
- (a) The Company may purchase any of its own shares, provided that the terms of any contract under sich the Company will or may become entitled or obliged to purchase its own shares a seauthorised by Special Resolution of the Company in General Meeting before the happeny enters into the contract.
- (b) The Company shall be authorised, in respect of the redemption or purchase of any of its own shares, to give such financial assistance, or to make such payments out of capital as may be perceissible in accordance with the Act, provided that any such assistance or payment shall first be approved by Special Resolution of the Company in General Meeting.
- (c) The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its Share Capital and any capital redemption reserve or share premium account in any manner authorised by law.
- (d) Subject to the provisions of Pt.V, Chapter VII of the Companies Act 1985 any redocmable preference shares issued by the Company may be redeemed at par at any-time in whole or in part at the option of the Company but, in any event, not later than the 1st day of May 1994 other than at the option of any relevant redeemable preference shareholder and the redeemable preference shares shall entitle the holder thereof on a winding up or on a reduction of capital involving a return of capital to rank pari passu with any further redeemable preference shares created and in priority to any other class of shares

* The Company's Articles of Association were amended by Ordinary Resolution passed on the 21st April 1994.

LIEN

6. In regulation 8 of Table A, the words "(not being a fully paid share)" shall be omitted. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on all shares standing registered in the name of any person (whether he be the sole registered holder thereof or one of two or more joint holders) for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

7. The Directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register any transfer of any share, whether or not it is a fully paid share.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 8. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors. In regulation 38 of Table A, immediately after the words "place of the meeting and" there shall be inserted the words "in the case of special business".
- 9. At the end of regulation 38 of Table A there shall be inserted the following: "In every notice of a general meeting there shall appear the statement referred to in Section 372(3) of the Act, in relation to the right of members to appoint proxies".
- 10.(a) No business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless a quorum is present. Two members entitled to attend at that Meeting, present in person, or by proxy or (in the case of a corporation) a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum. At the end of regulation 41 of Table A there shall be inserted the following: "If within half an hour from the time appointed for the holding of an adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, the members present shall be a quorum".
- (b) In regulation 59 of Table A, the second sentence shall be omitted.
- 11. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being corporations by their respective representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held.

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 12. The first Directors will be the person or persons named in the statement delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with section 10 of the Act. The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- 13. In addition and without prejudice to the provisions of Section 303 of the Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office. Subject to the provisions of Table A and Section 303(2) of the Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director. In regulation 38 of Table A the words 'or a resolution appointing a person as a Director' shall be omitted.
- 14. The office of a Director shall be vacated if-
- (a) he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Acts or he becomes prohibited by law from being a Director; or

- (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
- (c) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and, in relation thereto, he is admitted to hospital for treatment or an order is made by any court having jurisdiction in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs;
- (d) he resigns his office by notice to the Company.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 15.(a) If and so long as there shall be one Director only he shall be entitled to exercise all the powers and shall carry out all the duties assigned to Directors and the provisions of these Articles and the regulations of Table A shall be construed accordingly.
- (b) In regulation 64 of Table A for the word "two" there shall be substituted the word "one" and in the first sentence of regulation 89 of Table A for the word "two" there shall be substituted the word "one".
- 16. An appointment or removal of an alternate Director may be effected at any time by notice in writing to the Company given by his appointor. An alternate Director may also be removed from his office by not less than twenty four hours' notice in writing to the Company and to the appointor given by a majority of his co-Directors. This Article shall have effect in substitution for regulation 68 of Table A which shall not apply to the Company.

BORROWING POWERS

17. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and, subject to Section 80 of the Act, to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

18. A Director may vote in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he, or any person with whom he is connected, is interested and be counted in the quorum present at any meeting of the Directors or, if otherwise so entitled, at any General Meeting of the Company at which any such contract or arrangement is proposed or considered, and if he shall so vote, his vote shall be counted. This Article shall have effect in substitution for regulations 94 to 98 inclusive of Table A, which regulations shall not apply to the Company.

INDEMNITY

19. Subject to the provisions of Section 310 of The Act, and in addition to such indemnity as is contained in regulation 118 of Table A, every Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred by him in or about the execution and discharge of the duties of his office.

SECRETARY

20. The first Secretary or Secretaries of the Company shall be the person or persons named as such in the statement delivered under Section 10 of the Act.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

Combined Nominees Limited, 16-26 Banner Street, London EC1Y 8QE.

Combined Secretarial Services Limited, 16-26 Banner Street, London ECIY 8QE.

Dated the 4th day of February 1993

Witness to the above Signatures:

B.R. Millar, 110 Whitchurch Road, Cardiff CF4 3LY

That regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so far as they are not excluded or varied by hy Articles of Association

Table A as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S.t. 1985 No. 805), amended by the Companies les (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S.i. 1985 No. 1052), is reprinted below.

Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

Regulations for Management of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

INTERPRETATION

1. In these regulations —
the Act means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment insered for the time being in force the articles means the articles of the company "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to the effect in the first of the effect executed includes any mode of execution "executed" includes any mode of execution "office" means the registered of liftice of the company "the holder" in relation to shares means the member whose name is enforced in the register of members as the holder of the shares "the seef" means the comman seal of the company "secretary" means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary.

or deputy secretary

or deputy secretary "the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in these regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory mostification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the

SHARE CAPITAL

SHARE CAPITAL

2. Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine.

3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to built redefined or are to be hable to be redefined at the option of the company or the holder on such forms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles.

4. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or pardly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.

5. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as bolding any share upon any frust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be counted by the enthets or by law) the company shall not be entitled the form of the enthets of the topic of the provision of the enthets of the the holder.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

SHARE CERTIFICATES

6. Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a partial his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the fest of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall spocify the number class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount of respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.

7. If a sharecortificate is defaced, wome on soft restroyed imaging enveloped in expections reasonably incurred by the company in invisingating enveloped as the directors was informable to the company in invisingating enveloped as the directors was informable to the company in invisingating enveloped as the directors was informable to the old certificate.

LIEN
8 The company shall have a first and paramount liven on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in partie rempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company is liven on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.
9 The company may bell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a liven if a sum in respect of which the ben exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteencle arrays after notice has been given foltrotroider of the share or to the person entitled for him consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
10 To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares shad not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the

affected by any irregulantly in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the

sale

If the net proceeds of the sale latter payment of the costs shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the left exists as is presently payable and any residue shall fupon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shalls sold and subject to a like tien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

12. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of normal value or promising and each member shall subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be madely pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may be fore receibly the company of any sum directive moder be revoked in whole or part and paymont of containing the subsequent transfer of remaining the subsequent transfer of

the shares in respect whereof the call was made.

13. A call shall be delimed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorizing the call was passed.

14. The point holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls.

14. The joint holders of a strate shall be purify in respect the person from it respect thereof.

3. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whomits due and payable whild they interest on the amount unpaid from the dayst became due and payable until its paid at the rate fixed by the ferms of allownent of the share or in the notice of the day or in paid is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

of the share of in the notice of the call of a holizates tried, at the appropriate sale (as defined by the Act) but the directors may varive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

16. An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date whether in respect of normal value of premium or as an instalment of a call shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the project is shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by white of a call as if that amount had become due and payable by make airangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

18. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than four feen clear days notice requiring payment of the smount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payments to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made with be kable to be forteited.

19. If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which the was given may, before the directors and the forteiture shall include all dividends or other money's payable in respect of the forteiture.

forticities.

20. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a fortested share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the fortestire the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotinent or other disposition, the fortestire may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a fortested share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of mansfer of the share to that person.

share to that person. 21. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares for felted but shall remain hable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeithur were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture of into interest was so payable at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholy or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration to a director of the secretary that a share has been

of for any consideration received on their disposal.

2. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forforted on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the precurion of an instrument of transfer it necessary) constitute a good title to the phase and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, it any not shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the fortesture or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

20 The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and unless the share is fully paid by or on behalf of the

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24. The directors may reluse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share or which the company has a lien. They may also refuse to register a transfer unless.—

[as it is lodged at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it retates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer [6] it is in resource of only one class of shares, and [6] it is in layout of not more than four transferees.

25. If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, stoy shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the complexy send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the complany send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

26. The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of strares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding their days in any year) as the directors may determine.

27. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.

28. The company shall be entired to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the procinciples.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

29. If a member dies the curvor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sold holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest but nonhing better to thanged shall release the estate of a deceased member from any kability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by tim

30. A person becoming initiated to a share in consequence of the death of basicitistics of a member may upon such evidence being produced as the decorage may properly require whose collects to become the holder of the phase so the have some person nominated by twin registered as the translations of the decis to become the holder has share present as the standarder. If he decis to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transler of the share to that person. An are articles reclaimed to the transler shares that apply to the notice or instrument of transler as if it word an instrument of transler executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member transler for coloured.

instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or transcribing the member had not occurred.
31. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were, the holder of the share, accept that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to altered or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

32 The company may by ordinary resolution
(a) increase its share capital by new strares of such amount as the
resolution prescribes
(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger

resolution prescribes
(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares
(c) subject to the provisions of the Act sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division, any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others, and "(d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

33. Whenever as a result of a convolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the divictors for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person including, subject to the provisions of the Act. The company and distribute the not proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the application of the purchaser the transferer shaft not be covered to see the application of the provisions of the provisions of the provision of the Act. The company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way.

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

35. Subject to the provisions of the Act, bit company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and infiling a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of it e company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares.

GENERAL MEETINGS

GENEHAL MEETINGS
36 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be valled extraordinary general meetings.
37 The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act shall forthwith proceed to conveile an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition if there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

38. An annual general meeting and an estraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by all least twenty one closar days notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourtiern clear days notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so

notice but a general meeting may be called by sitched in the a squeet —

[a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by at the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and [b] in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety-live per cent, in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

not less than pinety-tive per ceris, in recommendation of the meeting and the general right. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the bosiness to be transacted and in the case of an annual general nature of the bosiness to be transacted and in the case of an annual general needing, shall specify the meeting as such. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed oh any shares, the notice shall be arrived to all the members to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and audnors.

39 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

or notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

40. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a inember or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.

41. If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or id during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine.

42. The chairman if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director normated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, the director is withing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman 44. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holdings of any class of shares in the company.

45. The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present and strend to othercted by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no cushness shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been itemated at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourne be necessary to give any such notice 46. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decirled on a show of

hands unless before or on the declaration of the result of the phowof hands a poil to they demended. Budget to the promisions of the Act, a poil may be demanded.

(b) by all feat how members having the right to vote at the mosting or (c) by a feat how members representing not less than one tension and color of the american or members having the right to vote at the meeting or (d) by a member or members holding shares contenting a right to vote at the meeting boing shares contenting a right to vote at the meeting boing shares on which an appregate sum has been paid up oqual to not less than one tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares contenting that some tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares contenting that some tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares contenting

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member

A? Unless a poll is ridly demanded a ductavation by the chavman that a resolution has been carried or certied unarimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the interpret of the meeting shall be conclusive endence of the fact without profit the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the procedure.

48. The derinand for a poli may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the

taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was mode.

49. A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meehr a struck the poll was demanded.

50. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll to a short show that are shall be described.

the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he

may have 51. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than therty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded if a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and me demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand taid not been made.

demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as it the demand risd not been made.

2. No notice need be given of a polf not taken forthwith if the firms and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded in any other case at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the polf is to be taken.

3. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if if that been passed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if if that of one or more instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

VOTES OF MEMBERS

54. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder.

55. In the case of joint holders the vote of the serior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the often joint holders, and seriority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.

56. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsowhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poli, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person may; on a poli, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

exercisable
57. No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless at moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid
58. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to its tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusion.

conclusive 59. On a poli votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion 60. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve) =

peng a member/members of the above-mamed company, heroby appoint

on the second of the instrument apportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument apportunity at instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument apportunity a proxy shall be in the lollowing form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve) of the continued PLC/Limited

benga member/members of the above-named company, hereby appoint orfaling him

name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the company, to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof. This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

This form is to do used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No. 1 for "against "
Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed. The proxy may vote as he thinks lit or abstain from

Sympodities dayof 19
62. The instrument appointing a proxy and 2 by authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified, obtaining or in some other way.

Approximity the process may (a) be described at the office or at such other place, within the litrated kingdom as it specified in the indica convening the meeting for it any instrument of proxy before the time by the company in relation to the meeting and less much 45 found petiting the time by techning the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person reamed in the instrument processes to vote of (ii) in the case of a politation more than 48 hours after the demanded be deposited as alongward effort the political been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the faving of the politic for it was demanded by declared for the faving of the politic for it was demanded be delivered at the meeting at which the politic and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be walked.

3. A vote given or politic forthe with the other of the other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such either place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the common cament of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the politic politic of a corporation of the proxy was duly deposited before the common cament of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the politic politic politic.

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS
64 Unless atherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS
65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him 66. An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remunoration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.
67. An alternate director but if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deerined to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in lorce immediately prior to his roterement shall continue after his reappointment of the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and disturts and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointment of the director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointment of the director appointment to the director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointment.

director appointing him

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

70. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company shall not alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may conceive all powers excrissable by the directors.

71. The directors may, by power of altorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS
72. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS
73. At the first annual general meeting all the decisors shall retire from office
and at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who
are subject to retirement by rotation or, if thild number is not three or a multiple
of three, the number nearest to one third shall retire from effice, but lift there is
only one director who is subject to retirement by rotation this shall retire
74. Subject to the provisions of the Act the directors to retire by instances and be those who have been longost in office since their last appointment or
reappointmant, but as botiveen persons who became or were last reappointed
directors on the same day those to refire shall funless they otherwise agree
among themselves) be determined by lot
75. If the company, all the meeting at which a director retires by rotation does
not fill the vacancy the retiring director shall, if willing to act be deemed to have
been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fall the vacancy or
unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting
and lost.

unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost.

76. No person other than a director returning by rotation shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless ==

(a) he is ecommended by the directors, or

(b) not loss than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice inscribed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his writingness to be appointed or reappointed.

77. Not less than seven nor more than liverity-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting natice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person intention at who are children or reappointment or reappointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors.

78. Subject as alloresaid, the company may by ordinary resolution appoint a gerson who is witing to act to be a director either to life a viscancy or as an activinal director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to return appoint a person who is witing to act to be a director.

directors are to retire. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director criticit to lift a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to enced any number fund by or an accordancy with the strictors as the maximum number of directors A director to appointed shall had the act the maximum number of directors. A director to appointed shall had the act only until the next fundamental annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting if not reappointed at such annual general meeting to subject as a foresaid a director who retires at an annual general meeting may, if willing to act, be reappointed. The is not reappointed the shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place, or if it does not do so until the end all the meeting.

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS

81 The office of a director shall be vacated if = (a) he coases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director or (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his treditors generally or (c) he is or inary be suffering from mental disorder and either = (i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1980 or in Scotland an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960 or (ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in malters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver curation bows or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs or (d) he resigns his office by notice to the company or (e) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

82 The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and unless the resolution provides officerwise the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.

DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

83. The directors may be gaid all fraveling thotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS 84. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary bullies of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the director determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall formate in the ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.

B5. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material witerest of his a director notwithstanding his office.

notwinstanding his office
(a) may be a party to or otherwise interested in any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise

(b) may be a director or other officer of or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise.

co-porate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested, and (c) shall not by reason of his office be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any necessary any such object transaction or arrangement or from any interest or any such object of any such interest or benefit (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent sepecified and (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of infact, it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

DIFFICURD GRATUITIED AND PENSIONS

87. The directors may provide benefits whellive by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise. For any director who has held but no longer holds any elecutive office or employment with the company or with any long corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor in business of the corrigany or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may tak well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or center of the purchase or center. the purchase or provision of any such benefit

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

88. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the societary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not bit necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.

89 The scorum for the transaction of five business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the duorum.

90 The scoriuming directors of a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director.

may act they for the purpose of toury vacancies or of casing a general moving 9). The threeters may appoint one of their miniber to be the charman of the board of threeters and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwiding to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at very meeting of directors at which he is presont. But if there is no director holding that office of directors notiong it is unwising to present or is not procent within fine minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their murber to be inharman of the meeting. But directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that if be atterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or here not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed any was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.

were not entitled to vote, be as valid as it every such porson had been duty appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vota.

3. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duty convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by and or more directors. But a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by its appointer and if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director in heat capacity.

34. Save as otherwise provided by the afficins a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty writer is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company unless his interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragraphs:—

(a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee, security, or indemnity in respect of my of its subsidiaries.

(b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or past and wheth caline or or or or or order a guarantee or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiaries.

subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security.

(c) his interest arises by writine of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, debenfures or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries or by writine of his being or intending to become a participant in the underwiting of sub underwiting of an offer of any such shares, debentures or other securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription purchase or exchange.

(d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme which has been approved or its conditional upon approval, by the Board of trushod Revenue for taxation purposes. For the purposes of this regulation, an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Act texcluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes briding on the company) connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and in relation to an alternate director an interest of his appointer shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director shall not be counted in the quorum present all a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.

95. The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or rular to any extont either generally or in respect of any pathodiar matter any provision of the articles prohibiling a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be inhibited to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of achieved and considered in relation to each director solution in the quorum in respect of each resolution another reason precluded from

SECRETARY

99. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such farm, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

MINUTES

The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the

purpose —

(a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors, and
(b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any
class of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committees of
directors, including the names of the directors present at each such meeting.

THE SEAL

13 THE SEAL following the used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sept any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unlers otherwise so determined if shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

DIVIDENDS

102 Subject to the provisions of the Act The company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the

directors 103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may gay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution if the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferred rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights rt, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to thom that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any habitity to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

104. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but, if any share is issued on ferms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a

particular date that share shall rank for previous economyly 105. A general meeting doctaring a dividend may upon the recommentation of the directors direct that it is had be settlind whose or partly by the distribution of apoles and where any difficulty apies or engard to the distribution the directors may settle the same and its particular may issue firectional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assolts and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the focing of the value so liked in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in fusions.

trustees 100. Any devicend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by pool to the registered audiess of the person entitled or if two or more persons are the holders of the whare or are yountly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankingby of the holder to the registered address of this one of those persons who is first named in the register of membring or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any point fielder or other person online entitled to a share as aloresaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

107 No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwish provided by the rights attached to the share

108. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date which it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the company.

ACCOUNTS

109. No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the mempany except as conterred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the

110 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolition of the company—

(a) subject as hereinalter provided, resolve to capitalise, viry undivided profils of the company not required for paying any profermital dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the cridit of tine company is share premium account or capital redemption reserve (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it fill were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts if any for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or an paying up in full unissued shares or debentures at the company of a normal amount equal to that sum and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members or as they may direct, in these proportions or partily in one way and partily in the other but the share premium account the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued chaires to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.

(c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions, and (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

NOTICES

III. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a richice saling a meeting of the directors need not be in

In Any notice to be given to bir by any person pursuant to the anices shall be in writing except that a reflice saling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing.

12. The company may give any notice to a membur either personally or by sensing it by post in a propaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of port holders of a share all holders hall be given to the port holder whose name stands first in the tegister of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be writiseten notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be critified to have notices given to him at that address but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company. In a finite point of any class of shales in the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and where requisite of the purposes for which it was caffed. If Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share, which before his name is entered in the register of members has been duly given to a person from whom he derives this tile 115. Proof that an envelope containing a was posted.

containing it was posted

containing it was posted.

116. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a phase in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it in any may or authorised by the articles for the giving of notice to a member addressed to then by name or by the little of representatives of the deceased or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Unite such an address has been supplied a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given it the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

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WINDING UP

WINDING UP

117. If the company is wound up, the Equidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trusteres upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with this like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

INDEMNITY

18. Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any kabety incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether our or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquilled or in conne. In with any application in vividual relief is granted to him by the court from stability for negligence defails, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company.