REGISTERED

23 OCT 2002

15

FLEET FINANCIAL (N.I.) LIMITED 7 MALLUSK DRIVE, MALLUSK, NEWTOWNABBEY, CO ANTRIM, BT36 4GX

ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 December 2001



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2001.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company are the contract hiring and leasing of motor vehicles for customers.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The results for the year are considered as satisfactory. The outlook for the current year is viewed optimistically by the directors. Retained profits to be carried forward for the year amounted to £606,037 (2000 - £502,326).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and the shares of the company in which those serving at the end of the year were interested were as follows:-

	Ordinary £1 Shares	
	31	1
	December	January
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2001</u>
S Elliott Esq	11,250	11,250
P Miley Esq	11,250	11,250
B Casey Esq (appointed 1 January 2001)	<u>4,500</u>	<u>4,500</u>
	<u>27,000</u>	<u>27,000</u>

Under Section 1.1 of the Articles of Association the directors shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

TAXATION STATUS

The company is a close company as defined by the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. There has been no change in this respect since the end of the financial year.

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint the auditors, Adrian Hall & Co, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

12-16 Bridge Street Belfast BT1 1LS By Order of the Board STEPHEN ELLIOTT

Secretary 21 May 2002

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial

year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the

financial year and of the profit or loss for that year.

The directors confirm that:-

suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and

· reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in the preparation of the

financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2001;

applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures

disclosed and explained in the financial statements;

• the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

G. Ülligf

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with

reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure

that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. They are

also responsible for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent

and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

STEPHEN ELLIOTT

Secretary

21 May 2002

2

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF FLEET FINANCIAL (N.I.) LIMITED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 256 (4) OF THE COMPANIES (NORTHERN IRELAND) ORDER 1986

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 5 to 13 together with the financial statements of Fleet Financial (N.I.) Limited prepared under Article 234 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 for the year ended 31 December 2001.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Schedule 8 to the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to the company's entitlement to the exemptions claimed in the directors' statement on page 2 and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with that Schedule.

Basis of Opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the audited financial statements, that the company is entitled to the exemptions and that the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared from those financial statements. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled under Articles 254 and 255 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 to the exemptions conferred by Part I of Schedule 8 to that Order, in respect of the year ended 31 December 2001 and the abbreviated accounts on pages 4 to 6 have been properly prepared in accordance with that Schedule.

Other information

On 22 May 2002 we reported, as auditors of Fleet Financial (N.I.) Limited, to the members on the full financial statements prepared under Article 234 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 for the year ended 31 December 2001 and our audit report was as follows:-

"We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE DIRECTORS OF FLEET FINANCIAL (N.I.) LIMITED
PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 256 (4) OF THE COMPANIES (NORTHERN IRELAND)
ORDER 1986

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2001 and of its profit and cash flow for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986."

The statement of directors' responsibilities referred to in our audit report on the full financial statements reproduced above, is as detailed on page - page 2.

ADRIAN HALL & CO, Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Franklin House, 12 Brunswick Street, Belfast, BT2 7GE

Hia Hall le

22 May 2002

ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2001

	<u>Note</u>	2001 £	2000 £
GROSS PROFIT		883,726	820,993
Other operating income		273,600	191,650
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		494,714 404,664	473,715 328,515
Net operating expenses - continuing operations		(<u>899,378</u>)	(802,230)
OPERATING PROFIT		257,948	210,413
Interest receivable and similar income		49,124	65,171
Interest payable and similar charges		(<u>774</u>)	<u></u>
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2	306,298	275,584
Taxation	1&5	62,587	<u>55,181</u>
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		243,711	220,403
Dividends	7	140,000	75,000
		103,711	145,403
RETAINED PROFITS AT START OF THE YEAR		502,326	356,923
RETAINED PROFITS AT END OF THE YEAR		606,037	<u>502,326</u>

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profits above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these accounts

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2001

JI December 2001	Note	2001 £	2000 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	1&6	938,512	64,491
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock	1	375,867	222,609
Trade debtors		245,338	312,874
Other debtors		-	45,987
Prepayments and accrued income		17,935	27,949
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>285,396</u>	<u>916,428</u>
		924,536	1,525,847
CREDITORS – amounts falling due within one year			
Trade creditors		207,645	201,264
Other creditors including taxation and social security	8	1,010,628	855,680
Accruals and deferred income		<u>2,921</u>	
		1,221,194	1,056,944
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES) ASSETS		(296,658)	<u>468,903</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		641,854	533,394
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES			
Taxation including deferred taxation	5	<u>5,817</u>	<u>1,068</u>
NET ASSETS		636,037	<u>532,326</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES EQUITY INTERESTS:-			
Called up share capital	9	30,000	30,000
Profit and loss account	-	606,037	502,326
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>636,037</u>	<u>532,326</u>

Advantage is taken of the exemptions conferred by Part I of Schedule 8 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. In the opinion of the directors, the company is entitled to those exemptions on the grounds that it has met the qualifications for a medium sized company specified in Article 255.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 May 2002

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

S ELLIOTT P MILEY

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these accounts

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
NET CASH INFLOW FROM CONTINUING OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1	405,706	550,388
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE Interest received Interest payable and similar charges Dividends paid		49,124 (774) (140,000)	65,171 - (75,000)
NET CASH (OUTFLOW) FROM RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		(91,650)	(9,829)
TAXATION Corporation tax paid		(54,113)	(56,872)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		(923,496) 32,521	(49,609) 10,900
NET CASH (OUTFLOW) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(<u>890,975</u>)	(38,709)
NET CASH (OUTFLOW) INFLOW	2	(<u>631,032</u>)	<u>444,978</u>
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3	(<u>631,032</u>)	<u>444,978</u>

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

				2001 £	2000 £
1.	RECONCILIATION OF OPENET CASH INFLOW FROM				
	Continuing activities				
	Operating profit			257,948	210,413
	Depreciation charges			16,954	26,735
	Loss on sale of tangible fixed	assets		-	1,607
	(Increase) in stocks			(153,258)	(126,190)
	Decrease in debtors			123,537	132,471
	Increase in creditors			<u>160,525</u>	305,352
	NET CASH INFLOW FROM	CONTINUING			
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES	CONTINUING		<u>405,706</u>	<u>550,388</u>
2.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN EQUIVALENTS DURING TH		ASH		
	Balance at 1 January 2001			916,428	471,450
	Net cash (outflow) inflow			(631,032)	<u>444,978</u>
	BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBE	ER 2001		<u>285,396</u>	<u>916,428</u>
3.	ANALYSIS OF THE BALAN EQUIVALENTS AS SHOWN				
		2001 £	2002 £	<u>Chang</u> £	ge in Year £
	Cash at bank and in hand	<u>285,396</u>	916,428	(<u>631,032</u>)	<u>444,978</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 31 December 2001

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(i) CONVENTION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies which the directors have adopted within that convention are set out below.

(ii) TURNOVER

Turnover is the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

(iii) DEFERRED TAXATION

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, on all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise.

(iv) TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

- (a) The cost of assets comprises purchase price and any installation charges.
- (b) Apart from long leasehold land and buildings, which are not depreciated, depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of assets within their useful lives. It is policy to provide a full year's depreciation charge in the year of purchase. The methods adopted and rates used are:-

Plant and machinery - vehicles - 20% straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 20% straight line
Office equipment - 20% straight line
Computer equipment and software - 20% straight line

(v) ASSETS ACQUIRED UNDER FINANCE LEASES

Fixed assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and depreciated over their useful lives. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the agreements in proportion to the capital elements outstanding.

Operating leases of other assets are accounted for by charging rentals against profits as payments accrue.

(vi) STOCK

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. It comprises vehicles acquired following the termination of their lease and which remained unsold at the year end.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 31 December 2001

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(vii) RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Retirement benefits to employees in the company are provided by a defined contribution pension scheme, whereby the assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company contributions are accounted for by charging costs against profits as payments accrue.

2. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Profit on ordinary activities is after charging:-	2001 £	<u>2000</u> £
Depreciation		
- on owned assets	16,954	20,626
- on assets acquired under finance lease	-	6,109
Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	1,607
Auditors remuneration	3,900	3,750
Finance leasing charges	157	412
Operating lease charges	9,540	15,381
Property rents including service charges	18,019	17,602

3. EMPLOYEES

The average number employed by the company (including directors) within each category of persons was:-

	No of Employees	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Sales and distribution staff	7	7
Administrative staff	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>
	<u>16</u>	<u>15</u>
The costs incurred in respect of these employees were:-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
The dosts mouried in respect of these employees were	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
	£	£
Wages and salaries	625,602	523,020
Social security costs	67,471	59,553
Other pension costs	<u>4,312</u>	2,000
•		
· ·	<u>697,385</u>	<u>584,573</u>
	37.1000	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 31 December 2001

4.	DIRE	CTORS	2001 £	2000 £
	(i)	Directors' emoluments	r	L
		Emoluments including the value of benefits in kind were in aggregate	<u>255,900</u>	<u>235,770</u>
		Highest Paid Director		
		Emoluments including the value of benefits in kind	<u>97,951</u>	<u>118,020</u>
	(ii)	Transactions involving directors		
		Short term loans of a fluctuating nature were given to the year all of which were repaid prior to the year end.	e following d	irectors during
		and your and or winder word repaired prior to and your enact	£	£
		S Elliott Esq P Miley Esq	<u>-</u>	3,395 <u>42,592</u>
		Interest was payable to the company at market rates.		<u>45,987</u>
		Other than the above there were no transactions in the had an interest requiring disclosure.	year in which	ch any director
5.	TAXA	ATION	2001 £	2000 £
	(i)	Tax on profit on ordinary activities comprises:-	_	-
		Corporation tax at 20% (2000 - 20%) Deferred tax	57,838 <u>4,749</u>	54,113 1,068
			<u>62,587</u>	<u>55,181</u>
		The taxation charge has been computed on the following	g basis:-	
		Profit for the year - £306,298 at 20% Permanent differences between accounting and taxation profits	61,260	
			<u>1,327</u>	
			<u>62,587</u>	
	(ii)	Full provision is made at 20% for tax deferred		
		Tax allowances in advance of depreciation	<u>5,817</u>	<u>1,068</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 31 December 2001

6. TANGIBLE ASSETS

		Land and Buildings £	Plant and Machinery £	Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment £	Total £
	COST				
	At 1 January 2001	-	68,044	65,629	133,673
	Additions	885,215	13,046	25,235	923,496
	Disposals		(<u>47,542</u>)		(<u>47,542</u>)
	At 31 December 2001	885,215	33,548	90,864	1,009,627
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 January 2001	-	20,422	48,760	69,182
	Provision for the year	-	6,710	10,244	16,954
	Disposals		(<u>15,021</u>)		(<u>15,021</u>)
	At 31 December 2001	_ _	<u>12,111</u>	<u>59,004</u>	<u>71,115</u>
	BALANCE SHEET VALUE				
	31 DECEMBER 2001	<u>885,215</u>	<u>21,437</u>	<u>31,860</u>	<u>938,512</u>
	31 DECEMBER 2000		<u>47,622</u>	<u>16,869</u>	<u>64,491</u>
7.	DIVIDENDS				
				2001 £	2000 £
	On 30,000 ordinary shares:-			£	r
	Interim paid £4.667p per share	(2001 – £2.50	p)	<u>140,000</u>	<u>75,000</u>
8.	TAXATION AND SOCIAL SE	ECURITY			
	Included within creditors falling	g due within o	ne year are:-		
	Corneration tax			57,838	54,113
	Corporation tax Other taxation and social securi	ity		<u>111,418</u>	<u>137,768</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 31 December 2001

9.	SHARE CAPITAL	2001 £	<u>2002</u> £
	Authorised 80,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>80,000</u>	<u>80,000</u>
	Allotted and fully paid 30 000 ordinary shares of £1 each	30,000	<u>30,000</u>

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- (i) The company has obligations to re-purchase from finance companies assets under operating and finance lease whose primary rental period has expired, this being normally between 2 to 5 years from the commencement of the lease. The maximum contingent liability (as at 31 December 2001, £8,139,725 [2000, £7,152,632]) represents the total amount that will become payable for such assets; the realisable value of such assets may or may not exceed this figure.
- (ii) The company may also have an obligation to re-purchase assets under personal contract purchase agreements whereby the leasees have an option to sell back assets to the company on the expiration of their lease. The maximum contingent liability as at 31 December 2001, £117,686, represents the total that may become payable for such assets and again the realisable value of such assets may or may not exceed this figure.
- (iii) Commitments existed at the year end under a property lease in respect of annual rentals which expire after five years and which presently amount to £19,300 per annum excluding service charges. This would only apply, however, if the company were unable to find a replacement tenant to the premises at Strand Studios.