Report and Financial Statements

**31 December 2002** 

Deloitte & Touche London A3Q \*A039µM3M\*

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# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2002

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity is that of residential property developer. The directors do not foresee that there will be any change in the company's activities during the current year.

## REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND RESULTS

The directors regard progress as satisfactory. The results are set out on page 4. No dividend was paid or proposed during the year (2001 - £nil). The retained profit for the year ended 31 December 2002 of £1,280,413 (2001 - loss of £66,347) has been transferred to (2001 – deducted from) reserves.

## DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year and to date are set out below.

S C Casey

J B Cousins

A R Emery

S J Gough

(appointed 30 July 2002) (resigned 30 July 2002)

M F Jewell

R J Lotherington G A Malton

The directors had no interests in the company during this year or the prior year. S C Casey and G A Malton are also directors of the ultimate parent company, General London Constructors Holdings Limited. Directors' interests in the ultimate parent company are detailed in the group financial statements.

None of the directors has a service contract or contract for services with the company.

#### AUDITORS

Pursuant to section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 an elective resolution has been passed to dispense with the requirement to reappoint auditors annually.

By order of the board

D K Tipping Secretary

Registered office:

50 Lancaster Road Enfield Middlesex

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2003



## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- · state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control and safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FAIRVIEW NEW HOMES (HOWLANDS) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Fairview New Homes (Howlands) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2002 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 10. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

## **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

2003

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# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	1	8,950,000 (6,503,269)	50,381 (144,255)
GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS)		2,446,731	(93,874)
Administrative expenses		(617,569)	<u>-</u>
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) AND PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2	1,829,162	(93,874)
Tax (charge)/credit on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	3	(548,749)	27,527
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7	1,280,413	(66,347)

All activities derive from continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses or movements in shareholders' funds for the current or preceding financial years other than as stated in the profit and loss account.

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# **BALANCE SHEET** 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Land and buildings in course of development	1	14,678,593	17,423,880
Debtors	4		28,162
		14,678,593	17,452,042
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	5	(13,144,032)	(17,197,894)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,534,561	254,148
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	6	2	2
Profit and loss account	7	1,534,559	254,146
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,534,561	254,148

Approved by the Board

G A Malton
Director

2003



## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises:

- (i) the net proceeds of properties sold to third parties, together with the sale proceeds of both partially developed and undeveloped sites. Sales of units and undeveloped sites are recognised at the time of legal completion; and
- (ii) the value of the freehold title in respect of units sold under leasehold terms. This is recognised at the time of legal completion of the individual leasehold units occupying the respective freehold.

All turnover arises in the United Kingdom.

#### Land and buildings in course of development

Land and buildings in course of development and land upon which development has not yet commenced are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquiring land and development expenditure to date and an appropriate proportion of overhead expenditure.

In considering net realisable value, it is assumed that sites will be fully developed and completed residential units sold in the ordinary course of the company's business and that sites will not be placed on the market for immediate sale in their existing state.

#### 2. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

The company has had no employees during the current or preceding year, other than directors. None of the directors has received any emoluments or other benefits during the current or preceding year. Auditors' remuneration has been borne by another group company in both the current and preceding years.

## 3. TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) ON PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

		2002 £	2001 £
	United Kingdom corporation tax charge/(credit) at 30% (2001 – 30%) Under provision in respect of previous years	548,749 	(28,162) 635
		548,749	(27,527)
4.	DEBTORS		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Corporation tax		28,162

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# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

## 5. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

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		2002 £	2001 £
	Amount owed to group undertakings	12,580,283	17,181,894
	Corporation tax	548,749	-
	Accruals and deferred income	15,000	16,000
		13,144,032	17,197,894
6.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Authorised share capital:		
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	Called up, allotted and fully paid:		
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
7.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
			£
	Balance 1 January 2002		254,146
	Retained profit for the year		1,280,413
	Balance 31 December 2002		1,534,559

## 8. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

At 31 December 2002 the ultimate parent company and controlling party was General London Constructors Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain. The immediate parent company is Fairview New Homes Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain.

The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts to 31 December 2002 are drawn up and of which the company is a member are General London Constructors Holdings Limited and Fairview Holdings Limited respectively. Copies of the group accounts may be obtained from 50 Lancaster Road, Enfield, Middlesex EN2 0BY.

## 9. GUARANTEES

The company has given cross guarantees and charged its property and assets to secure bank loan facilities totalling £230 million available to Fairview New Homes Limited and to General London Constructors Limited, an intermediate parent company.

## 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with FRS 8 "Related Party Disclosures", transactions with other undertakings within the group have not been disclosed in these financial statements.