

Company Registration No. 07164735 (England and Wales)

**END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# **END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

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# END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		2,292		2,471
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks		96,378		266,663	
Debtors	4	55,353		21,294	
Cash at bank and in hand		243,006		89,716	
		<u>394,737</u>		<u>377,673</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	<u>(228,338)</u>		<u>(247,286)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			166,399		130,387
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			168,691		132,858
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			(435)		(469)
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>168,256</u>		<u>132,389</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	6		101		101
Profit and loss reserves			168,155		132,288
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>168,256</u>		<u>132,389</u>

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

## **END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

*AS AT 30 JUNE 2018*

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The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 12 December 2018

M K Bull

**Director**

**Company Registration No. 07164735**

# END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018*

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

End of Contract Solutions Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 8 Blackstock Mews, Islington, London, N4 2BT.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for rentals and the proceeds on disposal of commercial motor vehicles, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% per annum on a reducing balance basis
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks.

# END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### *Basic financial assets*

Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### *Classification of financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### *Basic financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### *Current tax*

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

##### *Deferred tax*

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

# END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

#### Plant and machinery etc £

#### Cost

At 1 July 2017	4,799
Additions	585
At 30 June 2018	5,384

#### Depreciation and impairment

At 1 July 2017	2,328
Depreciation charged in the year	764
At 30 June 2018	3,092

#### Carrying amount

At 30 June 2018	2,292
At 30 June 2017	2,471

### 4 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	55,196	21,141
Other debtors	157	153
	55,353	21,294

### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	55,392	4,992
Taxation and social security	20,749	10,310
Other creditors	152,197	231,984
	228,338	247,286

## END OF CONTRACT SOLUTIONS LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018*

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<b>6</b>	<b>Called up share capital</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
	<b>Ordinary share capital</b>		
	<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	1 "A" Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		101	101
		<hr/>	<hr/>



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