Registered number: 10403880

GVO MONTI LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		2,118,845		2,152,278
			2,118,845		2,152,278
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	143,807		77,991	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	1,705		20,075	
	-	145,512	_	98,066	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(425,458)		(338,606)	
Net current liabilities	-		(279,9 4 6)		(240,540)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,838,899		1,911,738
			4 000 000		
Net assets		;	1,838,899		1,911,738
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		2,100,000		2,100,000
Profit and loss account			(261,101)		(188,262)
		,	1,838,899		1,911,738

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 3 September 2020.

M Küssner

Director

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. General information

GVO Monti Limited is a private company limited by shares, which is incorporated and registered in England and Wales (Company no. 10403880). The address of the registered office is 70 Jermyn Street, London, SW1Y 6NY. The address of the place of business is Sungrove Farm, Abbey Wells Road, East End, Newbury, RG20 0AF.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

Despite the deficit on its profit and loss account of £261,101, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For long term finance they will receive the support from the parent company, if needed. In assessing going concern they have assumed that the loans received from the parent company to date will not be repaid for the foreseeable future and, on that basis, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

In drawing this conclusion, the directors have given due consideration to the impact of the Coronavirus pandemic. The directors do not believe the pandemic will cause the company to cease to be a going concern.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 15% Straight line Fixtures and fittings - 33% Straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like other creditors and loans to and from related parties.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.8 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

3. Auditors' remuneration

Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements totalled £4,150 (2018 - £4,794).

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2018 - 0).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2019	1,858,628	297,297	4,552	2,160,477
Additions	12,678	-	-	12,678
At 31 December 2019	1,871,306	297,297	4,552	2,173,155
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2019	-	5,741	2,458	8,199
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	44,594	1,517	46,111
At 31 December 2019	<u> </u>	50,335	3,975	54,310
Net book value				
At 31 December 2019	1,871,306	246,962	577	2,118,845
At 31 December 2018	1,858,628	291,556	2,094	2,152,278

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

6.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	22,747 121,060	77,991 -
		143,807	77,991
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,705	20,075
		1,705	20,075
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	2076 £
	Trade creditors	51,783	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	365,611	330,505
	Accruals and deferred income	8,064	8,101
		425,458	338,606
9.	Share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	2,100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2,100,000</u>	2,100,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

10. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 Section 33 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions entered into between two or more members of the group, where all entities are wholly owned subsidiary undertakings. Consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company, Hansa Aktiengesellschaft and copies of these are available from Hansa Aktiengesellschaft, Via Brattas 2, 7500 St. Moritz, Switzerland.

11. Controlling party

The ultimate parent company is Hansa Aktiengesellschaft, a Swiss company limited by shares, by virtue of its 100% holding in the issued share capital of the company.

12. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 3 September 2020 by Deborah Graham (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Ryecroft Glenton

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.