EVENT ENGINEERING LIMITED

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 May 2018

EVENT ENGINEERING LIMITED

Registered number: 04214514

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2018

	Notes		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets			Σ.		<i>E</i> .
Tangible assets	3		853,518		859,207
_					
Current assets					
Debtors	4	713,366		619,207	
Cash at bank and in hand		947,675		614,532	
		1,661,041		1,233,739	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(753,258)		(660,168)	
Not assument access			007 700		F70 F74
Net current assets			907,783		573,571
Total assets less current		-		-	
liabilities			1,761,301		1,432,778
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one yea	r 6		(120,021)		(104,325)
B			(400.000)		
Provisions for liabilities			(128,330)		(123,648)
Net assets		•	1,512,950	-	1,204,805
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3		3
Share premium			39,999		39,999
Profit and loss account			1,472,948		1,164,803
Shareholders' funds		-	1,512,950	-	1,204,805
		•	.,5.2,500	-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

James Campbell
Director
Approved by the board on 17 October 2018

EVENT ENGINEERING LIMITED Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 May 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold improvements Over the term of the lease
Plant and machinery 15% - 33% reducing balance

Commercial vehicles 25% straight line

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2018	2017
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	30	22

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 June 2017	39,778	1,154,276	160,939	1,354,993
Additions	-	139,377	21,226	160,603
Disposals	-	-	(38,808)	(38,808)
At 31 May 2018	39,778	1,293,653	143,357	1,476,788

	Depreciation				
	At 1 June 2017	6,296	401,432	88,058	495,786
	Charge for the year	3,980	126,880	28,472	159,332
	On disposals	-	-	(31,848)	(31,848)
	At 31 May 2018	10,276	528,312	84,682	623,270
	Net book value				
	At 31 May 2018	29,502	765,341	58,675	853,518
	At 31 May 2017	33,482	752,844	72,881	859,207
4	Debtors			2018	2017
				£	£
	Trade debtors			623,307	543,622
	Other debtors			90,059	75,585
			-	713,366	619,207
_				2012	00.18
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year	•	2018	2017
				£	£
	Obligations under finance lease a	nd hire purchase	contracts	115,710	76,553
	Trade creditors			238,188	272,499
	Corporation tax			103,317	133,281
	Other taxes and social security costs			138,063	135,044
	Other creditors		_	157,980	42,791
			-	<u>753,258</u> -	660,168
6	Creditors: amounts falling due a	after one vear		2018	2017
Ĭ	Creditors, amounts failing due after one year			£	£
	Obligations under finance lease a	nd hire purchase	e contracts	120,021	104,325
			_		
7	Share Capital	Nominal	2018	2018	2017
		value	Number	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	Ordinary shares	£1 each	3	3	3
			-		3
			_		<u> </u>

Other creditors includes £283 (2017: £22,200) due from Jamie Campbell and £276 (2017 nil) due from Paul Millard, both of whom are directors.

9 Controlling party

During the year there was no controlling party.

10 Other information

EVENT ENGINEERING LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

The Locks

Belton Road West Extension

Loughborough

Leicestershire

LE11 5XH

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