Registration number: 07318246

First Response Fire Safety UK Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

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(Registration number: 07318246) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	2,477	1,482
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	83,544	76,930
Cash at bank and in hand	<u> </u>	37,348	5,072
		120,892	82,002
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(61,642)	(46,647)
Net current assets		59,250	35,355
Total assets less current liabilities		61,727	36,837
Provisions for liabilities		(471)	(281)
Net assets		61,256	36,556
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		61,156	36,456
Total equity		61,256	36,556

For the financial year ending 31 July 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 13 March 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{7}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

(Registration number: 07318246) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2019

Mr P Abraham Director	
Mr P Berry Director	

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{7}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 4 Weltech Centre, Ridgeway Welwyn Garden City Hertfordshire AL7 2AA

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 13 March 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Motor Vehicles

Depreciation method and rate
25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 August 2018 Additions	1,668 1,400	17,500 -	19,168 1,400
At 31 July 2019	3,068	17,500	20,568
Depreciation At 1 August 2018 Charge for the year	186 	17,500 	17,686 405
At 31 July 2019	591	17,500	18,091
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2019	2,477	<u> </u>	2,477
At 31 July 2018	1,482		1,482
4 Debtors		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors		80,083	74,817
Prepayments Other debtors		2,461 1,000	1,113 1,000
Other debtors	-	83,544	76,930
5 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year Loans and borrowings		-	(1)
Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income		56,318 1,050	36,502 1,050
Other creditors	_	4,274	9,096
	=	61,642	46,647

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

, , ,	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
7 Dividends			2019	2018
Final dividend of £680 (2018 - £890) per	ordinary share		£	£ 89,000

8 Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date the company owed £718 (2018: £260) to Mr P Berry, a director of the company. There are no terms relating to the payment of interest or repayment of capital on this loan.

At the balance sheet date the company owed £3,556 (2018: £3,797) to Mr P Abraham, a director of the company. There are no terms relating to the payment of interest or repayment of capital on this loan.

9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate controlling party is P Berry and P Abraham, the directors of the company.

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