Company Number: 2690536

Future Garments plc

Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 May 1996



Company Information

Company No: 2690536

Chairman

Kuldip Singh Palak Esq

Registered Office

Aqua House Buttress Way Smethwick West Midlands B66 3DL

Directors

Kuldip Singh Palak Esq Hardip Singh Palak Esq

Secretary

Kuldip Singh Palak Esq

Auditors

Haines Watts Sterling House 71 Francis Road Edgbaston Birmingham B16 8SP

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 351/359 Soho Road Handsworth Birmingham B21 9SE

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3	Auditors' Report
4	Profit and Loss Account
5	Balance Sheet
6	Cash Flow Statement
7 to 13	Notes to the Financial Statements

The directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st May 1996.

Directors' Statement

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the loss for that year. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.

Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.

State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Results and Dividends

The trading loss for the year after taxation and dividends was £9,722 and it has been transferred from reserves.

The directors recommend dividends amounting to £80,000.

Principal Activity and Business Review

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a clothing manufacturer.

In 1995/96 the company showed excellent growth and the prospects for 1996/97 look progressively better.

We believe that this has been made possible by restructuring the internal systems and departments, leading to greater efficiencies.

Fixed Assets

The significant changes in fixed assets are shown in the notes to the financial statements.

Directors

The directors, none of whom is beneficially interested in the shares of the company, who served during the year were as follows:

Kuldip Singh Palak Esq Hardip Singh Palak Esq

The directors' interest in the share capital of the holding company, Aqua Holdings plc, are disclosed in the accounts of that company.

Directors' Report

for the year ended 31st May 1996

Auditors

The Auditors, Haines Watts Chartered Accountants, have indicated that they are willing to be reappointed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board:

Kuldin Singh Palak Esq. Secretary

Date 29.01.97.

Auditors' Report to the Shareholders

on the Accounts for the year ended 31st May 1996

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 13, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all information and explanations which we consider necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st May 1996 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Haines Watts
Chartered Accountants
and Registered Auditor
Sterling House
71 Francis Road
Edgbaston
Birmingham
B16 8SP

Date: 30th January 1997

Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 31st May 1996

	Notes	1996 £	1995 £
Turnover	2	3,140,128	2,898,442
Cost of sales		(2,609,380)	(2,491,078)
Gross profit		530,748	407,364
Administrative expenses		(429,513)	(336,775)
Operating profit	3	101,235	70,589
Interest payable	4	(7,688)	(2,020)
Profit on ordinary activities before Taxation		93,547	68,569
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(23,269)	(18,661)
Profit on ordinary activities after Taxation		70,278	49,908
Dividends	7	(80,000)	-
Retained (loss)/profit transferred (from)/to reserves	14	(9,722)	49,908

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There have been no recognised gains or losses, other than the results for the financial year, and all profits or losses have been accounted for on an historical cost basis.

Balance Sheet

as at 31st May 1996

	Notes	1996	1996	1995	1995
		£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets					
Tangible fixed assets	8		119,379		57,878
Current Assets					
Stock	9	322,616		256,587	
Debtors	10	1,015,811		1,068,249	
Cash at bank and in-hand		176		250	
		1,338,603		1,325,086	
Creditors:					
Amounts falling due within one year	11	1,278,298		1,193,558	
Net Current Assets		_	60,305	_	131,528
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		_	179,684	_	189,406
Capital and Reserves		=		=	
Share capital	13		12,500		12,500
Profit and loss account	14	_	167,184	_	176,906
	15	_	179,684	_	189,406

These accounts were approved by the board on 29.01.97.

Kuldip Singh Palak Esq

Hardip Singh Palak Esq

Directors

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31st May 1996

	Notes	1996	1996	1995	1995
		£	£	£	£
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	17		110,075		70,386
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance Interest paid Dividends paid		(7,688) (80,000)	_	(2,020)	
Net Cash (Outflow) from Returns on Investments Servicing of Finance	and		(87,688)		(2,020)
Taxation Corporation tax (paid)		(38,685)	_	(53,080)	
Tax (Paid)			(38,685)		(53,080)
Investing Activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(23,578)		(33,252)	
Net Cash (Outflow) from Investing Activities		<u>`</u>	(23,578)		(33,252)
(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	18	_	(39,876)	_	(17,966)

1 Principal Accounting Policies

Accounting Convention

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards under the historical cost convention and incorporate the results of the principal activity which is described in the directors report and is continuing.

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost, less estimated residual value, of all tangible fixed assets over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles 15% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided for under the liability method using the tax rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Debit balances arising in respect of advanced corporation tax on dividends payable or proposed are carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recoverable.

Leasing and hire purchase

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Balance Sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments are taken to the profit and loss account in constant proportion over the life of the asset.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2	Turnover		
	The turnover and operating profit for the year was derived from the company's principal a	ctivity.	
	The geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:	1996 £	1995 £
	United Kingdom Europe	2,934,135 205,993	2,753,520 144,922
		3,140,128	2,898,442
3	Operating Profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging or crediting:	1996 £	1995 £
	Amounts payable to the auditors in respect of audit services Amounts payable to the auditors in respect of non-audit services Depreciation - owned assets	4,000 11,694 23,322	2,122 23,650 12,277
4	Interest Payable	1996 £	1995 £
	Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans repayable within five years Other interest payable	7,486 202	2,020
		7,688	2,020

Notes to the Financial Statements

5	Directors and Employees		
	Staff costs during the year were as follows:	1996 £	1995 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	302,947 10,395	289,328 6,978
		313,342	296,306
	The average weekly number of employees, including directors, during the year was as fo	llows:	
		1996 Number	1995 Number
	Administration Management Production	11 2 52	5 2 50
		65	57
	The directors were not remunerated during the year under review.		
6	Tax on Profit on Ordinary Activities	1996 £	1995 £
	Based on the profit for the year: U.K. Corporation tax at 25% (1995: 27%) Prior year adjustments - corporation tax	23,246 23	18,661
		23,269	18,661
7	Dividends	1996 £	1995 £
	Equity Ordinary shares - final proposed of £6.40 per share	80,000	_

Future Garments plc

Notes to the Financial Statements

8	Tangible Fixed Assets	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1st June 1995	76,856	-	76,856
	Additions	63,860	20,963	84,823
	At 31st May 1996	140,716	20,963	161,679
	Depreciation	10.070		10 070
	At 1st June 1995	18,978	- 5 241	18,978
	Charged for the year	18,081	5,241	23,322
	At 31st May 1996	37,059	5,241	42,300
	Net Book Value		 	
	At 31st May 1996	103,657	15,722	119,379
	At 31st May 1995	57,878		57,878
9	Stocks		1996	1995
			£	£
	Raw materials		202,451	126,379
	Work in progress		33,775	23,877
	Finished goods		86,390	106,331
			322,616	256,587
10	Debtors		1996	1995
IV	New Colors		£	£
	Trade debtors		736,939	471,691
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		120,002	65,375
	Corporation tax recoverable		40,000	-
	Other debtors		101,521	530,401
	Prepayments and accrued income	_	17,349	782
		===	1,015,811	1,068,249

Notes to the Financial Statements

31st May 1996

11	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	1996 £	1995 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	72,427	32,625
	Trade creditors	1,019,397	1,100,384
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	86,624	29,492
	Corporation tax	43,245	18,661
	Other taxes and social security	18,714	3,070
	Other creditors	32,466	41
	Accruals and deferred income	5,425	9,285
		1,278,298	1,193,558

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all property and assets of the company, including goodwill, debtors, uncalled share capital, and fixed assets.

12	Deferred Taxation				
	Deferred taxation provided and unprovided for in represents a contingent liability at the Balance Sheet	the financial statements is set date and is calculated using a	t out below tax rate of	The amount 25 %.	unprovided
		Amount	Provided	Amount	Unprovided
		1996 £	1995 £	1996 £	1995 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	-	-	5,389	2,957
			-	5,389	2,957
13	Share Capital				
	Authorised			Number	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each			50,000	50,000
	Allotted and fully paid			Number	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each			12,500	12,500
14	Reserves				
					Profit and Los Accoun
	At 1st June 1995 Loss for the year				176,906 (9,722
	At 31st May 1996			_	167,184

Reserves	Profit and Loss
	Account
	£
At 1st June 1995	176,906
Loss for the year	(9,722)
At 31st May 1996	167,184

Notes to the Financial Statements

15	Reconciliation of the Movement in Shareholders' Funds	1996 £	1995 £
	Profit for the financial year Dividends	70,278 (80,000)	49,908
	(Decrease)/Increase in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(9,722) 189,406	49,908 139,498
	Closing shareholders' funds	179,684	189,406
16	Ultimate Parent Undertaking		
	The ultimate parent undertaking is Aqua Holdings plc, a company registered in England a	and Wales.	
17	Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
	Activities	1996	1995
		£	£
	Operating profit	101,235	70,589
	Depreciation	23,322	12,277
	(Increase)/Decrease in stocks	(66,029)	66,073
	Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	31,193	(559,501)
	Increase in creditors	20,354	480,948
	Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	110,075	70,386
18	Analysis of Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
***	During the Year		
		1996	1995
		£	£
	Balance at 1st June 1995	(32,375)	(14,409)
	Balance at 31st May 1996	(72,251)	(32,375)
	Net cash movement	(39,876)	(17,966)
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Notes to the Financial Statements

31st May 1996

19 Analysis of Changes in Cash or Cash Equivalents as Shown in the Balance Sheet

as snown in the dalance sneet	Cash at Bank and in Hand	Bank Overdrafts	
	£	£	
At 31st May 1996	176	(72,427)	
At 1st June 1995	250	(32,625)	
Change in the year	(74)	(39,802)	

20 Limitation of scope

In the year ended 31st May 1995 the auditors qualified their audit opinion as they had been unable to ootain adequate audit assurance with regard to the existence of stock as they were not appointed auditors until after the year end. Accordingly they had been unable to satisfy themselves with regard to the existence of opening stock shown in the profit and loss account in the current year. However, in the light of audit evidence now available they do not believe that the stock figure shown in the financial statements for the year ended 31st May 1995 was materially misstated. Therefore they have not qualified their audit opinion in the current year.