

DEPARTMENT OF ENTERPRISE TRADE AND INVESTMENT

1 1 JUL 2005

POST RECEIVED COMPANIES REGISTRY

GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

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# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

**DIRECTORS:** 

R Phelps

LJ Gunter B McAleer

**SECRETARY:** 

JB Garrett

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Royston House

34 Upper Queen Street

Belfast Co. Antrim BT1 6FD

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

N.I. 32245

**AUDITORS:** 

Baker Tilly Mooney Moore

Registered Auditors 24-38 Gordon Street

Belfast Co. Antrim BT1 2LG

**BANKERS:** 

Bank of Ireland

Campsie Road

Omagh Co. Tyrone BT79 0AE

**SOLICITORS:** 

Elliot Duffy Garrett

Royston House

34 Upper Queen Street

Belfast BT1 6FD

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2004.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the manufacturing and retailing of jewellery made from Irish gold.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2004.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors during the year under review were:

R Phelps

LJ Gunter

B McAleer

The directors holding office at 31 December 2004 did not hold any beneficial interest in the issued share capital of the company at 1 January 2004 or 31 December 2004.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, B McAleer will retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, and being eligible, will stand for re-election.

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Baker Tilly Mooney Moore, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Article 393 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director

Date: 24 May 2005

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Galantas Irish Gold Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 on pages five to eleven. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Article 243 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page two the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Fundamental uncertainty

In forming our opinion we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 16 of the financial statements concerning the company's dependence on the continuation of financial support by both Cavanacaw Corporation and Galantas Gold Corporation, and the effect that the withdrawal of such support would have on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. In view of the significance of this uncertainty we consider that it should be drawn to your attention but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED

## **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986.

Belle Tilly Mooney Moore

Baker Tilly Mooney Moore Registered Auditors 24-38 Gordon Street Belfast Co. Antrim BT1 2LG

Date: 25th Hay 2005

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

	Notes	31.12.04 £	31.12.03 £
TURNOVER		63,524	83,933
Cost of sales		78,814	28,569
GROSS (LOSS)/PROFIT		(15,290)	55,364
Administrative expenses		102,919	135,625
		(118,209)	(80,261)
Other operating income		-	25,000
OPERATING LOSS	3	(118,209)	(55,261)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	148	<u> </u>
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(118,357)	(55,261)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	-	-
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AFTER TAXATION		(118,357)	(55,261)
DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR		(118,357)	(55,261)

## **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current and previous years.

## TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the losses for the current and previous years.

The notes form part of these financial statements

## BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2004

		31.12.	04	31.12.	03
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		16,725		27,576
Investments	7		-		909
			16,725		28,485
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	60,725		96,640	
Debtors	9	20,041		31,346	
Cash at bank and in hand		12,639		23,617	
		93,405		151,603	
<b>CREDITORS</b> Amounts falling due within one year	10	138,372		82,132	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/A	SSETS		(44,967)		69,471
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(28,242)		97,956
CREDITORS			(20,212)		,,,,,,,,,,
Amounts falling due after more that	an one				
year	11		399,077		406,918
			(427,319)		(308,962)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		2		2
Profit and loss account	13		(427,321)		(308,964)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16		(427,319)		(308,962)

## ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director

Director

Approved by the Board on 24.5.05

The notes form part of these financial statements

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

#### 1. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### **Financial Reporting Standard Number 1**

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Revenue is recognised upon shipment of products, which is when title to the product is transferred to the customer.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful

Plant and machinery

- 20% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% on reducing balance

Moulds

- 25% on cost

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost comprises materials, direct wages and other direct production costs together with a proportion of production overheads relevant to the stage of completion of work in progress and finished goods.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### STAFF COSTS 2.

31.12.04 £	31.12.03 £
25,041	30,670
2,489	3,281
27,530	33,951
	£ 25,041 2,489

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

2.	STAFF COSTS - continued		
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		31.12.04	31.12.03
	Selling and distribution	3	3
	Administration		<u> </u>
		4	4
•	OPERATING LOSS		
	The operating loss is stated after charging:		
		31.12.04	31.12.03
		£	£
	Depreciation - owned assets Auditors remuneration	11,827 3,988	11,763 5,049
	Additions remaineration		=====
	Directors' emoluments	-	-
	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		31.12.04	31.12.03
	Hire purchase	£ 148	£
	The parenase		
	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year end year ended 31 December 2003.	ed 31 December 2	2004 nor for th
	Factors affecting the tax charge The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation explained below:	tax in the UK. T	he difference
		31.12.04	31.12.03
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	£ (118,357)	£ (55,261)
	Loss on ordinary activities	<del></del>	
	multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
	in the UK of 30% (2003 - 30%)	(35,507)	(16,578)
	Effects of:		
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	3,148	2,774
	Disallowable expenditure  Losses in year not relievable against current tax	32,359	676 13,128
	•		
	Current tax charge		<del></del>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Moulds £	Totals £
	COST				
	At 1 January 2004 Additions	2,132	14,992 977	36,373	53,497 977
	At 31 December 2004	2,132	15,969	36,373	54,474
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 January 2004	1,274	4,879	19,769	25,922
	Charge for year	426	2,309	9,092	11,827
	At 31 December 2004	1,700	7,188	28,861	37,749
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 December 2004	432	8,781	7,512	16,725
	At 31 December 2003	858	10,113	16,604	27,575
7.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS  COST				Unlisted investments
	At 1 January 2004 Disposals				909 (909)
	At 31 December 2004				<del>-</del>
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2004				-
	At 31 December 2003				909
8.	STOCKS				
				31.12.04	31.12.03
	Stocks			£ 60,725	£ 96,640
					=====
9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING D	UE WITHIN ONE YEA	AR		
				31.12.04	31.12.03
	Trada dahtara			£ 12.057	£ 27.036
	Trade debtors Other debtors			12,057 2,071	27,036
	Prepayments			5,913	4,310
				20,041	31,346
					31,3

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

10.	CREDITORS	S: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	HIN ONE YEAR		
				31.12.04	31.12.03
				£	£
	Trade creditor			2,433	25,655
		d to group undertakings		85,986	35,240
		and other taxes		-	2,598
	Value Added			964	-
	Omagh Enterp			-	343
	Directors' curr			42,496	5,866
	Accrued exper	ises		6,493	12,430
				138,372	82,132
				====	=======================================
11.	CREDITORS	S: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTE	ER MORE THAN ONE		
11.	YEAR				
	~			31.12.04	31.12.03
				£	£
	Amounts owed	d to group undertakings		399,077	406,918
12.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.12.04	31.12.03
			value:	£	£
	1,000,000	Ordinary	£1	1,000,000	-
		d and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.12.04	31.12.03
		0. 11	value:	£	£
	2	Ordinary	£1	<u> </u>	2
13.	RESERVES				
13.	At 1 January 2	2004			Profit and loss account £ (308,964)
	Deficit for the				(308,304) $(118,357)$
	At 31 Decemb	per 2004			(427,321) ======

## 14. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Cavanacaw Corporation, a company incorporated in Canada.

In the directors' opinion, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Galantas Gold Corporation which is also incorporated in Canada. Copies of the group financial statements are available from the company secretary at 56 Temperance Street, 4th Floor, Toronto, Canada, MSH 3V5.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

#### 15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Galantas Irish Gold Limited and Omagh Minerals Limited are both controlled by Cavanacaw Corporation. During the year the following transactions took place:

- (a) Purchases from Omagh Minerals Limited totalling £12,016.
- (b) Loans from Omagh Minerals Limited totalling £70,000.
- (c) Expenses paid by Omagh Minerals Limited on behalf of Galantas Irish Gold Limited totalling £10,871.
- (d) Expenses paid by Galantas Irish Gold Limited on behalf of Omagh Minerals Limited totalling £42,140.
- (e) There were no transactions with Cavanacaw during the year.

The ultimate parent company of Galantas Irish Gold Limited is Galantas Gold Corporation.

During the year the following transactions took place:

- (a) Expenses paid by Galantas Irish Gold Limited on behalf of Galantas Gold Corporation totalling £7,841.
- At 31 December 2004 the amount owed by the company to:
- (a) Omagh Minerals Limited was £85,986.
- (b) Cavanacaw Corporation was £201,543.
- (c) Galantas Gold Corporation was £197,534.

### 16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	31.12.04 £	31.12.03 £
Loss for the financial year	(118,357)	(55,261)
Net reduction of shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(118,357) (308,962)	(55,261) (253,701)
Closing shareholders' funds	(427,319) =====	(308,962)
Equity interests	(427,319)	(308,962)

### 17. GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The validity of this assumption depends on the continued financial support of both Cavanacaw Corporation and Galantas Gold Corporation. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the aforementioned companies withdrew their support.

As both Cavanacaw Corporation and Galantas Gold Corporation have indicated their willingness to continue to support the company, the directors believe it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.