GGC DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th NOVEMBER 2009

HORSFIELD & SMITH

Chartered Accountants
Tower House
269 Walmersley Road
Bury
Lancashire
BL9 6NX





AUAV3ID7 A12 17/03/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

35

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30th NOVEMBER 2009

CONTENTS	PAGES
Accountants' report to the directors	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	3 to 4

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GGC DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 30th NOVEMBER 2009

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30th November 2009, set out on pages 2 to 4

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us

HORSFIELD & SMITH Chartered Accountants

Horpert v Rute

Tower House 269 Walmersley Road Bury Lancashire BL9 6NX

14th January 2010

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30th NOVEMBER 2009

Note	2009 £	2008 £
	141,735	154,211
		
236		-
79		109
315		109
155,448		155,337
	(155,133)	(155,228)
	(13,398)	(1,017)
	8,347	15,551
	(21,745)	(16,568)
	2	2
	(21,747)	(16,570)
	(21,745)	(16,568)
	236 79 315	Note £ 141,735 236 79 315 155,448 (155,133) (13,398) 8,347 (21,745) 2 (21,747)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (II) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 14th January 2010, and are signed on their behalf by

MR A R CLOUGH

Company Registration Number 3591553

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30th NOVEMBER 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery - 20% straight line

Freehold buildings are regularly maintained to a high standard. Consequently the directors consider that the residual value of the freehold buildings at the end of their expected useful life will equal their cost and therefore consider it unnecessary to make a provision for the depreciation of these assets. Freehold land is not subject to depreciation.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30th NOVEMBER 2009

2.	FIXED ASSETS				
					Tangible Assets £
	COST				-
	At 1st December 2008 and 30th November 2	2009			213,013
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1st December 2008				58,802
	Charge for year				12,476
	At 30th November 2009				71,278
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30th November 2009				141,735
	At 30th November 2008				154,211
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
				2009	2008
				£	£
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	• • •	****			
		2009 No	£	2008 No	£
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each				2