Grant Thornton

Abbreviated Accounts Gnowee Power Limited

For the period ended 31 December 2011





Registered number: 07447559

COMPANIES HOUSE

Company Information

Directors

K A Johnston

J A Lee P S Latham

Company secretary

T J Spevack

Company number

07447559

Registered office

4th Floor 20 Old Bailey LONDON EC4M 7AN

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

3140 Rowan Place John Smith Drive

Oxford Business Park South

OXFORD OX4 2WB

Bankers

Coutts & Co 440 Strand LONDON WC2R 0QS

Solicitors

SGH Martineau LLP No 1 Colmore Square BIRMINGHAM

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Independent auditor's report to Gnowee Power Limited

Under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, which comprise the Balance sheet and the related notes, together with the financial statements of Gnowee Power Limited for the period ended 31 December 2011 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts which comprise the Balance sheet and the related notes have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

Gran Thosta UKUP

Tracey James (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

OXFORD

31 May 2012

Abbreviated balance sheet

As at 31 December 2011

	Note	£	2011 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2		2,706,797
Current assets			
Debtors		148,631	
Cash at bank		186,295	
		334,926	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	3	(1,163,632)	
Net current habilities			(828,706)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,878,091
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4		20,000
Share premium account			1,900,000
Profit and loss account			(41,909)
Shareholders' funds			1,878,091

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by

PS Latham Director

Date 31 May 2012

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the period ended 31 December 2011

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Enuties (effective April 2008)

1.2 Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have prepared forecasts and reviewed capital requirements for twelve months from the date of approving these financial statements, which indicate the business can continue to trade for at least twelve months. This has been achieved by raising additional capital through the issue of shares, see note 13 for further details.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises of income receivable from the energy generated during the period. Any uninvoiced income is accrued in the period in which it has been generated.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis

Leasehold property - over the term of the lease Other fixed assets - 4% and 10% straight line

Other fixed assets represents the costs of construction of solar plants solar panels, civil/structural and electrical costs, grid connection, planning and professional fees capitalised and depreciated at 4% per annum on a straight line basis. Costs of transformers, inverters and cabling are being depreciated at 10% per annum on a straight line basis.

Included within other fixed assets are decommissioning costs required to return the site to its previous use at the end of the 25 year life of the solar plant

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the period ended 31 December 2011

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the Balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the Profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. Tangible fixed assets

Cost	£
At 23 November 2010 Additions	- 2,770,561
At 31 December 2011	2,770,561
Deprectation At 23 November 2010 Charge for the period	63,764
At 31 December 2011	63,764
Net book value At 31 December 2011	2,706,797

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the period ended 31 December 2011

3. Creditors:

Amounts falling due within one year

Other loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge dated over the assets of the company

4. Share capital

	2011 £
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	~
1,000,000 Ordinary A shares of £0 01 each	10,000
1,000,000 Ordinary B shares of £0 01 each	10,000
20 Deferred shares of £0 01 each	-
	20,000
	

Upon incorporation on 23 November 2010, the Company issued 2 ordinary shares of £0 10 each, which were converted to 20 deferred shares of £0 01 each on 4 April 2011

On 4 April 2011, the Company issued 1,000,000 ordinary A shares for £100 per share. The difference between the cash received and the nominal value, being £990,000, has been credited to the share premium account. Arrangement fees of £30,000 have been deducted from the balance on share premium

On 20 May 2011, the Company issued 1,000,000 ordinary B shares for £100 per share. The difference between the cash received and the nominal value, being £990,000, has been credited to the share premium account. Arrangement fees of £50,000 have been deducted from the balance on share premium

Arrangement fees were paid to a related party, Octopus Investment Limited, as disclosed within the related party transactions note to the financial statements

5. Related party transactions

During the period, the company was charged £6,596 in respect of management fees by Lightsource Renewable Energy Limited, a related party due to its significant influence over the entity. At the period end there was an amount of £1,786 outstanding

Also during the period, development fees of £117,488 relating to the construction of the solar plant from Lightsource Renewable Energy Limited have been capitalised. None of these fees were outstanding at the period end

In the period ended 31 December 2011, arrangement and monitoring fees of £105,286 were charged by Octopus Investments Limited, a related party due to its significant influence over the entity. At 31 December 2011 £8,560 was owed to Octopus Investments Limited

Notes to the abbreviated accounts For the period ended 31 December 2011

6. Post balance sheet events

On 5 April 2012, Gnowee Power Limited issued 800,000 Ordinary B shares for a consideration of £800,000