Company number: 1122503

GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL BANK

(unlimited company)

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 November 2002



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(unlimited company)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the 52 week period ended 29 November 2002.

1. Principal activities

The company is involved in loan origination, secondary dealing in senior bank loans and related activities. The company is authorised under the Banking Act 1987.

2. Review of business and future developments

The profit and loss account for the period is set out on page 4.

The directors consider that the period end financial position of the company was satisfactory and do not anticipate any significant changes in its activities in the forthcoming year.

3. Dividends

The directors declared and paid preference dividends of £5,113,402 during the period (53 week period ended 30 November 2001: £5,113,402). The directors do not recommend the payment of an ordinary dividend (2001: £nil) in respect of the period.

4. Directors

Nama

The directors of the company during the period and as at the date of this report, together with dates of appointment and resignation where applicable, are:

Dagiamad

Name	Appointea	Kesignea
E. G. Corrigan (Chairman)		
P. C. Deighton		
S. Davies		
T. P. Hughes		
R. D. Henderson		
D. G. J. Paterson	4 July 2002	
T. J. O'Neill		15 January 2002

Annaintad

No director has, or had during the period, any interest requiring note herein.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

5. Directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing the financial statements, appropriate accounting standards have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made. Applicable accounting standards have been followed and the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

6. Auditors

Following the conversion of our auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers to a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) from 1 January 2003, PricewaterhouseCoopers resigned on 31 January 2003 and the directors appointed its successor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, as auditors.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

fiona C. Shinne

Fiona Skinner Secretary 14 March 2003

Independent auditors' report to the members of GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL BANK (unlimited company)

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, reconciliation of movements in shareholders funds and the balance sheet, and the related notes.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or in to whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the annual report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the directors' report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 29 November 2002 and of its result for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

14 March 2003

Corpe LLP

(unlimited company)

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the 52 week period ended 29 November 2002

		52 week	53 week
	Note	period ended 29	period ended 30
		November 2002	November 2001
		£'000	
Interest receivable	4	9,087	16,111
Interest payable	5	(6,258)	(11,905)
Net interest income		2,829	4,206
Fees and commissions receivable		298	7
Dealing profits	25	3,788	6,130
Other operating income		612	415
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		7,527	10,758
Administrative income/(expenses)		103	(205)
Other operating charges		(6,725)	(7,450)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION	7	905	3,103
Tax credit/ (charge) on profit on ordinary activities	9	14	(795)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
AFTER TAXATION		919	2,308
Dividends paid - preference (non equity)	10	(5,113)	(5,113)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(4,194)	(2,805)

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the financial period as stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The turnover and loss from the company are derived from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 7 to 16 form part of these financial statements. Auditors' report – page 3.

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STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the 52 week period ended 29 November 2002

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Profit and total recognised gains for the financial period Foreign exchange losses	919	2,308 (60)
Total recognised gains since the last annual report	919	2,248

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS as at 29 November 2002

	Note	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation Dividends paid – non equity shares	10	919 (5,113) (4,194)	2,308 (5,113) (2,805)
Foreign exchange losses			(60)
Net decrease in shareholders' funds		(4,194)	(2,865)
Opening shareholders' funds		86,969	89,834
Closing shareholders' funds		82,775	86,969

The notes on pages 7 to 16 form part of these financial statements. Auditors' report – page 3.

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BALANCE SHEET as at 29 November 2002

	Note	29 November 2002 £'000	30 November 2001 £'000
ASSETS	-		2000
Cash and balances at central banks	12	691	3,342
Loans and advances to banks	13	22,370	-
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		223,172	430,077
Other assets	_	<u> </u>	46
Total assets	11	246,233	433,465
LIABILITIES			
Deposits by banks	15	-	467
Customer accounts	16	125,237	303,276
Accruals and deferred income	17	587	803
Other liabilities	18	2,634	6,950
Subordinated debt	19	35,000	35,000
	-	163,458	346496
Called up share capital	21	7,049	7,049
Share premium account	20	61,361	61,361
Profit and loss account	20	14,365	18,559
Shareholders' funds	-	82,775	86,969
Total liabilities	-	246,233	433,465
Equity shareholders' funds		20,775	24,969
Non equity shareholders' funds		62,000	62,000
Shareholders' funds	-	82,775	86,969
MEMORANDUM ITEMS			
Contingent liabilities	22	493	542
Commitments	22	38,468	36,012

Approved by the Board of Directors on

Director

14 March 2003

The notes on pages 7 to 16 form part of these financial statements. Auditors' report - page 3.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Accounting convention: These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, the accounting policies set out below, and in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to banking companies, applicable accounting standards, and Statements of Recommended Accounting Practice issued by the British Bankers' Association. The company has not consolidated its subsidiary undertaking as it is not material to the financial statements.

The company has adopted the requirements of FRS 19 "Deferred Tax" in accordance with the timetable specified in the standard. The adoption of the new standard represents a change in accounting policy (see note 1(e)). No restatement of the prior period figures has been made as the effect is not material. The impact of the change, where applicable, has been included in the current year profit and loss account (see note 9).

The company has changed its accounting policy in respect of recognition of operating income from a settlement date basis to a trade date basis (see note 1 (f)). The effect of the change in accounting policy is not material for the current period, nor the prior period, and hence no restatement of prior period figures has been made. The directors consider that this change will lead to a fairer presentation of trading income and will bring the company into line with the remainder of the group.

- (b) <u>Fixed asset investments</u>: Shares in group undertakings, which are intended to be held on a continuing basis in the company's activities, are stated at cost less provision for any impairment.
- (c) Resale agreements: Securities purchased under agreements to resell are treated as collateralised financing transactions as they meet the requirements defined in FRS 5 and are carried at cost, the amount which the securities were sold or acquired and the accrued interest as specified in the respective agreements. The resale agreements relate to group undertakings.
- (d) <u>Foreign currencies:</u> Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling on the date the transaction occurred. Differences arising on the translation of the opening reserves of the former overseas branch are dealt with in the translation reserve. All other gains and losses on exchange are recognised in operating profit.
- (e) <u>Deferred taxation</u>: Full provision is made for deferred taxation in respect of all differences in timing between the accounting and tax treatments of income and expenses. The timing differences are recognised as deferred tax liabilities or assets, measured at expected future tax rates. An asset is not recognised if the transfer of economic benefits in the future is uncertain. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted. This represents a change in accounting policy from the prior period.
- (f) Operating income: The operating results for the period include all profits or losses arising from the trading operations of the company, including loan origination, secondary dealing in senior bank loans and related activities. Revenues are recorded on a trade date basis.

2. CASHFLOW STATEMENT

As at 29 November 2002, the company was a wholly owned subsidiary of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., and was therefore exempt from preparing a cashflow statement as required by FRS1 as the ultimate parent undertaking consolidated accounts are publicly available.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

3. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

All operating income arises from loan origination, secondary dealing and related activities. The directors manage the company's activities as a single business and accordingly no segmental analysis has been provided.

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Interest receivable comprises:		
Interest on securities purchased under agreements to resell	7,838	14,353
Interest on loans to banks and customers	1,249	1,758
	9,087	16,111

5. INTEREST PAYABLE

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Interest payable comprises:	" "	<u> </u>
Interest payable on deposits from banks and customers	4,230	9,170
Interest payable on subordinated debt to parent undertaking	2,028	2,735
	6,258	11,905

6. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Aggregate emoluments Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	149 17	128 7
	166	135

In accordance with the Companies Act 1985, directors' emoluments above represent the proportion of total emoluments paid or payable in respect of qualifying services only. Directors also receive emoluments for non-qualifying services, which are not required to be disclosed. Certain directors of the company also received options over shares in the ultimate parent company, which is registered outside the United Kingdom. Six directors are members of the defined contribution and five directors are members of the defined benefit pension schemes.

Three directors have been granted shares in respect of a long term incentive scheme.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

7. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	45	79
Management fees charged by group undertakings Exceptional management fee charged in respect of restricted	6,714	6,279
stock units	(137)	101

The exceptional management fee relates to restricted stock units awarded to employees following the initial public offering of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. on the New York Stock exchange on 7 May 1999. The fee for the period comprises the adjustments to reflect the market value of the units up to the date of delivery. All awards relating to the initial public offering have now been delivered and hence no further liabilities in this respect remain within the company.

8. STAFF COSTS

The company has no employees (2001: Nil). All persons involved in the company's operations are employed by a group undertaking. The charges made by this group undertaking for all the services provided (personnel and other) to the company are included in the management fees charged by group undertakings.

9. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of (credit)/charge in period:

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
UK corporation tax at 30% (2001: 30%)- current period	<u> </u>	768
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(14)	26
Overseas tax	<u> </u>	11
	(14)	795

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

9. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the period

The current tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below.

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	905	3,103
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate		
in the UK (30%)	272	931
Timing difference in respect of restricted stock units	(177)	(163)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(14)	26
Higher rate on overseas earnings	-	1
Utilisation of group tax losses for nil consideration	(95)	<u> </u>
Current tax (credit)/charge	(14)	795

The timing difference arising from the restricted stock units (see note 7) comprises the net of the amounts charged to the profit and loss during the period and those amounts paid to employees during the period.

10. DIVIDENDS PAID

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Dividend on non equity shares:		
£0.01 fixed rate preference shares	5,113	5,113

11. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

		29 November 2002 £'000	30 November 2001 £'000
Assets:	denominated in sterling	120,455	128,720
	denominated in other currencies	125,778	304,745_
		246,233	433,465
Liabilities:	denominated in sterling	120,996	129,018
	denominated in other currencies	125,237	304,447
		246,233	433,465

12. CASH AND BALANCES AT CENTRAL BANKS

	29 November 2002	30 November 2001
	£'000	£'000
Cash at banks	665	3,316
Balances at central banks		26
	691	3,342

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

13.	LOANS AND ADVANCES TO BANKS	29 November 2002 £'000	30 November 2001 £`000
	Repayable: In not more than three months	22,370	-
14.	INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING The company has an investment in the following subsidiary under England and Wales:	ertaking which is wholly-or	_
		29 November 2002 £	30 November 2001
	Restamove Limited (dormant) - Ordinary shares of £1 at cost		
	- Ordinary snares of £1 at cost		2 2
15.	DEPOSITS BY BANKS		
		29 November 2002 £'000	30 November 2001 £'000
	Repayable: On demand		
16.	Repayable: On demand CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS		£'000
16.	CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS Customer accounts comprise the following repayable on	£'000 - 29 November 2002	£'000 467 30 November 2001
16.	CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS Customer accounts comprise the following repayable on demand: Demand deposits	£'000 - 29 November 2002 £'000	£'000 467 30 November 2001 £'000
16.	CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS Customer accounts comprise the following repayable on demand:	£'000 29 November 2002 £'000 16 125,221	£'000 467 30 November 2001 £'000 27 303,249
<i>16. 17.</i>	CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS Customer accounts comprise the following repayable on demand: Demand deposits	£'000 29 November 2002 £'000 16 125,221 125,237	£'000 467 30 November 2001 £'000 27 303,249 303,276

Accruals and deferred income comprise:

Other accruals and deferred income

undertakings

Accrual for management charges payable to parent and group

£'000

538

49

587

£'000

569

234

803

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

18. OTHER LIABILITIES

	29 November 2002 £'000	30 November 2001 £'000
Other liabilities comprise:		
Amounts due to group undertakings	2,625	6,157
Corporation tax payable	9	776
Creditors and other liabilities		17_
	2,634_	6,950

19. SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES

Subordinated liabilities comprise loan capital from the ultimate parent undertaking of £35,000,000 (30 November 2001: £35,000,000) which matures on 29 June 2014. Interest is payable on the loan capital at a margin over LIBOR. The rights of the lender are subordinated to the claims of the senior creditors.

20. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT AND RESERVES

	Share Premium Account £'000	Profit and Loss Account £'000
30 November 2001	61,361	18,559
Loss for the year		(4,194)
29 November 2002	61,361	14,365

21. SHARE CAPITAL

		29 November 2002		30 November 2001
	No.	£'000	No.	£'000
Authorised				
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	45,595,600	45,596	45,595,600	45,596
Preference shares of £0.01 each	100,000,000	1,000	100,000,000	1,000
	_	46,596		46,596
Allotted, called up and fully paid	•		•	<u></u>
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	6,410,256	6,410	6,410,256	6,410
Preference shares of £0.01 each	63,917,526	639	63,917,526	639
	=	7,049		7,049

The preference shares carry limited voting rights and on a winding up the holders have a preferential right to return of capital together with any premium.

The company's preference shares carry a fixed non-cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 8 pence per share per annum.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

22. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

	29 November 2002 £'000	30 November 2001 £'000
Undrawn loan commitments	37,259	34,520
Letters of credit	1,209	1,492
	38,468	36,012

These commitments are sub-participated to third party institutions. Amounts sub-participated to group undertakings are not included as these companies have deposited cash with the company to fully collateralise the undrawn commitments (note 16).

Contingencies

Arising from the sale of a loan portfolio in the ordinary course of business, the company has a contingent liability to third party borrowers totalling £493,229 (30 November 2001: £542,000). This relates to deposits that the borrowers were required to place with the loan originator as a condition of them being granted a loan and which the company may be required to repay if certain conditions are met by such borrowers.

All costs arising from the contingent liability are fully reimbursable to the company from a related party.

23. RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of FRS8, "Related Party Disclosures", the company is exempt from disclosing transactions with companies 90% or more controlled within the same group, as the consolidated financial statements in which the company is included are publicly available.

24. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The ultimate parent undertaking is The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., of 85 Broad Street, New York, NY 10004, United States of America. Goldman Sachs Group Holdings (U.K.), a company incorporated in the United Kingdom, is the immediate parent undertaking.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

25. DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Trading Activities

The company acts as a lender of record on loan positions arising from originations, secondary trading or the purchase of distressed mortgage portfolios.

Risk Management

The company seeks to measure, monitor and control its risk exposure through a variety of separate but complementary financial, credit, operational and legal reporting systems.

Interest rate and foreign exchange exposure is managed so as to keep the company's exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risk within limits set by management. The limit structure also includes exposures to counterparties both on an individual and aggregate basis.

Interest Rate Risk

The table below summarises the company's period-end non-trading and loan book into time bands by reference to the earlier of the next contractual interest rate repricing date and the maturity date. Short term debtors and creditors have been excluded from this and all subsequent analyses.

	Not more than three months £'000	More than three months but not more than six months £'000	More than six months but not more than one year £'000	More than one year but not more than five years £'000	More than five years £'000	Non- interest bearing £'000	Total £'000
As at 29 November 20	002						
Assets:							
Cash and balances at central banks Loans and advances	691	-	-	-	-	-	691
to banks Securities purchased	22,370	-	-	-	-	-	22,370
under agreements to							
resell	223,172						223,172
	246,233	<u> </u>			_	-	246,233
Liabilities:							
Deposits by banks	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Customer accounts	(125,237)	-	-	-	-	-	(125,237)
Subordinated debt	-	-	(35,000)	-	-	_	(35,000)
Shareholders' funds						(82,775)	(82,775)
	(125,237)		(35,000)			(82,775)	(243,012)
Interest sensitivity	120,996		(35,000)			(82,775)	3,221
gap	120,990	<u> </u>	(33,000)	-		(82,773)	3,221
Cumulative interest sensitivity gap	120,996	120,996	85,996	85,996	85,996	3,221	3,221
Net short term creditors							(3,221)
							-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

25. DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

As at 30 November 20	Not more than three months £'000	More than three months but not more than six months £'000	More than six months but not more than one year £'000	More than one year but not more than five years £'000	More than five years £'000	Non- interest bearing £'000	Total £'000
Assets:							
Cash and balances at central banks Loans and advances to banks	3,342	- -	-	-	-	-	3,342
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	430,077	-	-	-		-	430,077
	433,419						433,419
Liabilities:							
Deposits by banks Customer accounts	(303,276)	-	-	_	-	(467) -	(467) (303,276)
Subordinated debt Shareholders' funds	-	-	(35,000)	-	-	(86,969)	(35,000) (86,969)
Shareholders runds	(303,276)		(35,000)			(87,436)	(425,712)
Interest sensitivity gap	130,143	-	(35,000)	_	-	(87,436)	7,707
Cumulative interest sensitivity gap	130,143	130,143	95,143	95,143	95,143	7,707	7,707
Net short term creditors							(7,707)

Currency Risk

The table below shows the company's transactional currency exposures (all non-trading book) as at 29 November 2002.

	Net foreign currency monetary assets / (liabilities) in £'000					
Functional currency of operation	US dollar	Yen	Euro	Other	<u>Total</u>	
Sterling	216	9	291	25	541	
Total	216	9	291	25	541	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 29 NOVEMBER 2002

25. DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The table below shows the company's transactional currency exposures (all non-trading book) as at 30 November 2001.

	Net foreign currency monetary assets / (liabilities) in £'000					
Functional currency of operation	US dollar	Yen	Euro	Other	Total	
Sterling	(367)	61	283	321	298	
Total	(367)	61	283	321	298	

Trading and related activities

Dealing profits can be analysed as follows:

	52 week period ended 29 November 2002 £'000	53 week period ended 30 November 2001 £'000
Secondary trading and related activities	3,788	6,130
Loans and advances to customers	3,788	6,130

Total counterparty risk is monitored on an aggregate basis across all activities. To reduce credit risk, the company uses a variety of credit enhancement techniques such as netting and collateralisation, where security is provided against exposure.

The company had no derivative positions at 29 November 2002 or 30 November 2001.