Registration number: 04721963

Harry Phipps and Company Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Phil Owen & Co Limited Chartered Accountant 22 Pall Mall Liverpool Merseyside L3 6AL

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Company Information

Directors Mrs Sue Phipps

Mr Nicholas Simon Phipps

Registered office Simunye

Church Lane Lower Neston Cheshire CH64 9US

Accountants Phil Owen & Co Limited

Chartered Accountant

22 Pall Mall Liverpool Merseyside L3 6AL

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(Registration number: 04721963) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	84,183	15,866
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	377,499	290,481
Cash at bank and in hand		257,027	282,737
		634,526	573,218
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(169,582)	(138,516)
Net current assets		464,944	434,702
Total assets less current liabilities		549,127	450,568
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(17,977)	
Net assets	_	531,150	450,568
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		531,050	450,468
Total equity		531,150	450,568

For the financial year ending 31 May 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 3 December 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Nicholas Simon Phipps Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Simunye Church Lane Lower Neston Cheshire CH64 9US

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 3 December 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate

Plant and machinery 25% on cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 3 (2018 - 3).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

4 Tangible assets

		Furniture, fittings and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 June 2018		76,730	76,730
Additions		91,000	91,000
Disposals	_	(45,000)	(45,000)
At 31 May 2019	_	122,730	122,730
Depreciation			
At 1 June 2018		60,864	60,864
Charge for the year		22,683	22,683
Eliminated on disposal		(45,000)	(45,000)
At 31 May 2019	_	38,547	38,547
Carrying amount			
At 31 May 2019	_	84,183	84,183
At 31 May 2018	_	15,866	15,866
5 Debtors		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors		355,000	287,500
Other debtors		22,499	2,981
	_	377,499	290,481
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	8	10,934	600
Trade creditors		29,858	14,762
Taxation and social security		4,743	3,841
Accruals and deferred income		-	5,000
Other creditors		124,047	114,313
	_	169,582	138,516

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

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Creditors: amounts falling due after more t	han one year		****	2010
		Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		8	17,977	-
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	80	80	80	80
A Ordinary of £1 each	10	10	10	10
B Ordinary of £1 each	10	10	10	10
- -	100	100	100	100
8 Loans and borrowings			2019	2018
			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			17.077	
Finance lease liabilities			17,977	<u> </u>
			2019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings				
Finance lease liabilities			10,934	600
9 Related party transactions				
Directors' remuneration				
The directors' remuneration for the year was a	s follows:			

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Remuneration

2019

£

17,200

2018

£

19,200

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.