Financial Statements

for the year ended 28th February 1998

Company Number: 2536155



Company Information

Company No: 2536155

Chairman

Mr K. Narang

Registered Office

12 New Bond Street London W1Y 0HE

Directors

Mr K. Narang Mr T. Piper

Secretary

Mr T. Piper

Auditors

Wilkins Kennedy 1 Nelson Street Southend on Sea Essex SS1 1EG

Bankers

Midland Bank 129 New Bond Street London W1A 2JA Increasingly, the company is identified as a design led jewellery and silver house. Sales registered an impressive 17% growth in the Christmas season. Silver ware now includes contemporary designs and highly saleable range of gift items attractively priced.

'Commitment' jewellery is not only more widely known, satisfactorily, it is also attracting repeat customers. Other designs are being highlighted and have been noted favourably by the media. We expect to do well by them.

More specific target oriented focus on building a corporate image and the product range should produce better results in the current year.

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Directors' Report

for the year ended 28th February 1998

The directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 28th February 1998.

Directors' Statement

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the loss for that year. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;

Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Results and Dividends

The loss on the ordinary activities of the company before taxation amounted to £441,525. After deducting taxation, the loss of £441,525 has been transferred from reserves.

The directors do not recommend a dividend.

Principal Activity and Business Review

The group is engaged in the design, retailing and wholesaling of fine quality jewellery and watches and the wholesaling and retailing of modern and antique silver and silver plate.

Group Development

A review of the group's activities during the year, its position at 28th February 1998 and its future development is included in the Chairman's statement.

Ultimate Holding Company

The directors consider the company's ultimate holding company to be Bakali Limited.

Directors

The directors, none of whom is beneficially interested in the shares of the company, who served during the year were as follows:

Mr K. Narang

Mr T. Piper

Directors' Report

for the year ended 28th February 1998

Policy on the payment of creditors

It is the company's policy in respect of its suppliers;

to settle the terms of payment with those suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction to ensure that those suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment and to abide by the terms of payment

Auditors

The Auditors, Wilkins Kennedy Chartered Accountants, have indicated that they are willing to be reappointed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board:

Mr T. Piper, Secretary

16th September 1998

Auditors' Report to the Shareholders

on the Financial Statements for the year ended 28th February 1998

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all information and explanations which we consider necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud, other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

Fundamental Uncertainty Relating To Going Concern

In forming our opinion we have also considered the ability of the group to generate cash, given that the group has loans due to its ultimate holding company of £525,503 and bank loans and overdrafts of £236,852. The group's ultimate holding company, Bakali Limited, has indicated its willingness to continue support. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the continued support of the holding company and its bankers. Our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28th February 1998 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Wilkins Kennedy Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

1 Nelson Street Southend on Sea Essex SS1 1EG

16th September 1998

Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 28th February 1998

	Notes	1998	1997
Turnover	2	598,503	671,413
Cost of sales	_	(345,882)	(366,949)
Gross profit		252,621	304,464
Administrative expenses	_	(671,829)	(717,448)
Operating loss	3	(419,208)	(412,984)
Interest payable	4	(22,317)	(19,340)
Loss on ordinary activities before Taxation	=	(441,525)	(432,324)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There have been no recognised gains or losses, other than the results for the financial year, and all profits or losses have been accounted for on an historical cost basis.

Balance Sheet

as at 28th February 1998

	Notes	£	1998 £	£	1997 £
Fixed Assets		-		~	~
Intangible fixed assets	7		471,739		600,419
Tangible fixed assets	8		181,711		210,890
			653,450		811,309
Current Assets					
Stock	9	1,527,019		1,651,467	
Debtors	10	39,642		42,089	
Cash at bank and in hand		520		629	
		1,567,181		1,694,185	
Creditors:					
Amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,198,627)		(1,038,724)	
Net Current Assets			368,554		655,461
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			1,022,004		1,466,770
Creditors:					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(78,124)		(81,365)
			943,880		1,385,405
Capital and Reserves					
Share capital	13		3,547,936		3,547,936
Share premium account	14		323,657		323,657
Revaluation reserve	14		577,960		577,960
Profit and loss account	14		(3,505,673)		(3,064,148)
Equity Shareholders' Funds	15		943,880		1,385,405

These accounts were approved by the board on 16th September 1998.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 28th February 1998

1 Principal Accounting Policies

Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets.

Going Concern

The accounts have been drawn up on a going concern basis which assumes that the group's holding company and bankers continue the current support. The accounts do not take into account adjustments, if any, which may be necessary if the group is unable to continue as a going concern.

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost, less estimated residual value, of all tangible fixed assets over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Leasehold land and buildings Furniture and equipment Maquettes Not depreciated 10% cost per annum 20% cost per annum

Intangible fixed assets

Cost of trademarks and patents are amortised through the Profit and Loss account over the directors estimate of their useful life at 10% per annum.

Development costs incurred are capitalised when recoverability can be assessed with reasonable certainty/ and amortised in line with expected sales. The directors estimate that benefit will arise over 3 years and expenditure is written off at 33 1/3% of cost per annum.

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful economic life of 25 years as shown in the note to intangible fixed assets. Goodwill existing at 1 January 1985 is being amortised prospectively over its remaining useful economic life.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a first in first out basis. The cost of work in progress and finished goods includes all production overheads and depreciation and the attributable proportion of indirect overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less the estimated cost of disposal.

for the year ended 28th February 1998

Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Where exchange differences result from the translation of foreign currency borrowings raised to acquire foreign assets they are taken to reserves and offset against the differences arising from the translation of those assets. All other exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

2 Turnover

The turnover and operating loss for the year was derived from the company's principal activity as was carried out wholly in the UK.

Turnover relates to the following activities or business segments:

		1998	1997
		£	£
Si	ilver	71,279	63,526
Je	ewellery	527,224	607,887
		598,503	671,413
3 O	perating Loss		
т	he operating loss is stated after charging or crediting:		
		1998	1997
		£	£
	mounts payable to the auditors in respect of audit services	10,050	10,000
	epreciation - owned assets	141,937	146,584
Α	mortisation of intangible assets	19,200	19,200
4 Ir	nterest Payable	1998	1997
		£	£
В	ank loans and overdrafts	22,317	19,340

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 28th February 1998

Staff costs during the year were as follows: 1998 £ Wages and salaries Social security costs 178,567 15,745 194,312	1997 £ 168,542 13,872 182,414
Wages and salaries Social security costs 1998 £ 178,567 15,745	£ 168,542 13,872
Wages and salaries 178,567 Social security costs 15,745	168,542 13,872
Social security costs 15,745	13,872
194,312	182,414
The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:	
1998	1997
Number	Number
Administration 3	3
Sales5	5
8	8
Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows: 1998	1997
1998 £	1997 £
Aggregate amount of emoluments paid in respect of qualifying services 47,880	50,433
6 Tax on Loss on Ordinary Activities No liabilty to UK corporation tax arises in respect of this year (1997: £Nil).	
7 Intangible Fixed Assets	
Development Patents and Goodwill Expenditure Trademarks	Total
Cost £ £ £ At 1st March 1997 313,840 53,353 945,211	£ 1,312,404
Increase during the year - 469	469
At 28th February 1998 313,840 53,822 945,211	1,312,873
Amortisation	
At 1st March 1997 130,958 9,127 571,901	711,986
Provided during the year 104,613 5,335 19,200	129,148
At 28th February 1998 235,571 14,462 591,101	841,134
Net Book Value	
At 28th February 1998 78,269 39,360 354,110	471,739
At 28th February 1997 182,882 44,226 373,310	600,418

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 28th February 1998

8	Tangible Fixed Assets	Leasehold land and	Furniture and	Fixtures and fittings	Total
		buildings	equipment		
	Cost	£	£	£	£
	At 1st March 1997	50,000	268,977	50,587	369,564
	Additions	-	2,311	500	2,811
	At 28th February 1998	50,000	271,288	51,087	372,375
	Depreciation				
	At 1st March 1997	-	113,179	45,496	158,675
	Charged for the year	-	26,898	5,091	31,989
	At 28th February 1998	_	140,077	50,587	190,664
	Net Book Value				
	At 28th February 1998	50,000	131,211	500	181,711
	At 28th February 1997	50,000	155,798	5,091	210,889
9	Stocks			1998	1997
				£	£
	Stocks		=	1,527,019	1,651,467
10	Debtors			1998	1997
	m - 1- 1-1-4			£	£
	Trade debtors			15,347	15,820
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income			3,752 20,543	2,194 24,075
	Frepayments and accrued income		-		
				39,642	42,089
	a management of the second			1000	1007
11	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year			1998 £	1997 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts			158,729	158,759
	Trade creditors			183,843	204,428
	Loan from Holding Company			525,503	525,503
	Other taxes and social security			5,929	3,899
	Accruals and deferred income			324,623	146,135
			-	1,198,627	1,038,724
12	Creditors: Amounts falling due after one year			1998	1997
	Bank loans			£ 78,124	£ 81,365
	•		:	,·	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 28th February 1998

Share Revaluation

(441,525)

943,880

1,385,405

Profit and

567,676

817,729

1,385,405

13	Share	Capital
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Authorised	1998 £	1997 £
5,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each (1997: 5,000,000)	5,000,000	5,000,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid	1998 £	1997 £
3,547,936 Ordinary shares of £1 each (1997: 3,547,936)	3,547,936	3,547,936

14 Share Premium Account and Reserves

	At 1st March 1997 Loss for the year	Premium Account £ 323,657	E 577,960	Loss Account £ (3,064,148) (441,525)
	At 28th February 1998	323,657	577,960	(3,505,673)
15	Reconciliation of the Movement in Shareholders' Funds		1998 £	1997 £
	Loss for the financial year New share capital subscribed		(441,525)	(432,324) 1,000,000

16 Ultimate Parent Undertaking

Opening shareholders' funds

Closing shareholders' funds

(Decrease)/Increase in shareholders' funds

The group's ultimate parent undertaking is Bakali Limited which is registered in Jersey.

17 Related Party Transactions

Included in creditors is an amount of £525,503 due to Bakali Limited the ultimate holding company