Houghton plc
Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2012

Registered number 00063827

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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

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Directors and advisers for the year ended 31 December 2012

Directors

S M Taylor

DSP Little

S Mayo

J R Percival

C Jenkinson

B L Smith

E Brotherton

Company secretary

P Gosnold

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
101 Barbirolli Square
Lower Mosley Street
Manchester
M2 3PW

Registered office

Beacon Road Trafford Park Manchester M17 1AF

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company during the year was the manufacture of a wide range of industrial chemicals and lubricants, metal working products, hydraulic fluids and cleaners. The Company also supports customers in managing the use of these products by means of individually structured contracts, including undertaking lubrication engineering and the supply of lubrication and other equipment and the provision of waste treatment and disposal solutions and general facilities management services.

Review of business and future developments

Improvement in market conditions in a number of key sectors in 2012 resulted in a strong business performance in the year. A number of new contracts in our offshore business contributed to growth in this sector which continues to offer further opportunity in export markets.

During the year, the company experienced much greater stability in raw material prices and this provided greater opportunity for the sales organisation to focus on growth rather than in material cost recovery

Operating income continued to improve as we actively pursued business in our strategic segments and product lines, improving the mix of product and industry resulting in a subsequent margin improvement

In June 2012 the company exited the engineering services business which served the steel market in the UK as we focussed on more core areas of activity

The business will continue to focus our growth in our core value products and services model which has demonstrated a track record of improved margins

External factors continue to dominate our business but, this notwithstanding, the Board continues to be confident in the effectiveness of company initiatives and our highly focused approach to the business

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme. At the year end, the deficit in the scheme has increased to £8 8m (2011 £7 9m). The increase in the deficit is largely due to an actuarial loss before tax of £2m (2011 £2m) on the fund assets during the year.

On 20 December 2012 the previous ultimate holding company (HII Holding Corporation) was acquired by GH Holding Inc. The impact of this change in ownership on future developments of Houghton plc is still being considered by the management however it is expected that opportunities for both sales growth and cost (both material and operating costs) savings should result in the medium to long term

Results and dividends

The directors do not propose a dividend for the year (2011 £nil) The profit for the year, after tax, is £2,631,000 (2011 £2,155,000) which will be transferred to reserves

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are given below

S M Taylor

DSP Little

S Mayo

J Lake (resigned on 14/02/2012)

J R Percival

C Jenkinson

B L Smith

E Brotherton (appointed on 14/02/2012)

Financial risk management

The Company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in debt market prices, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company by monitoring levels of group funding

Price risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk as a result of its operations. However, given the size of the Company's operations, the costs of managing exposure to commodity price risk exceed any potential benefits. The Company has no exposure to equity securities price risk as it holds no listed or other equity investments.

Credit risk

The Company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit, which is reassessed periodically by the board.

Liquidity risk

The exposure to liquidity risk is considered to be not material. If required, group funding is provided by the European holding company, Houghton Europe BV

Interest rate and cash flow risk

The Company has very few interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities. Interest bearing assets include only cash balances, which earn interest at fixed rate. The Company has a policy of maintaining group funding at fixed rate to ensure certainty of future interest cash flows. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate costs and as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

The directors will revisit the appropriateness of these policies should the Company's operations change in size or nature

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

Charitable and political contributions

The Company has made no donations during the year for charitable purposes in the UK (2011 £1,743)

No donations for political purposes were made during the year (2011 £nil)

Disabled employees

The Company operates a policy of giving disabled people full and fair consideration for all job vacancies for which they present themselves as suitable applicants having due regard for their particular aptitudes and abilities. Whenever feasible the Company endeavours to retain any member of staff who develops a disability during his employment.

Training and career development opportunities are made available to all employees

Employee participation

A policy is maintained for providing information to employees aimed at achieving a common awareness of the financial and economic factors affecting the Company and its operations and is accomplished through regular informal meetings. Employee involvement is actively encouraged at all levels

The company is committed to providing employees with information on matters of concern to them on a regular basis, so that the views of employees can be taken into account when making decisions that are likely to affect their interests

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

It is the company's policy to agree terms and conditions for its business transactions with its suppliers. The company seeks to abide by the payment terms agreed with suppliers whenever it is satisfied that the supplier has provided the goods and services in accordance with the agreed terms and conditions.

Trade creditor days of the Company at 31 December 2012 were 32 days (2011 45 days) This represents the ratio, expressed in days, between the amounts invoiced to the company by its suppliers in the year and the amounts due, at the end of the year, to trade creditors within one year

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The directors consider the KPIs of the business to be Turnover and Operating Profit which are disclosed on page 8 of the financial statements

Directors' responsibilities statement in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

Directors' responsibilities statement in respect of the financial statements (continued)

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

For each person who is a director at the time of approval of this report

- So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- He or she has taken all the steps they ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Independent auditors

The auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

By order of the Board

P Gosnold Secretary 28 June 2013

Independent auditors' report to the members of Houghton plc

We have audited the financial statements of Houghton plc for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Statement of total recognised gains and losses, the Balance sheet, the Statement of accounting policies, and the related Notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 5 and 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Benjamin Parrott (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Manchester 28 June 2013

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £'000_	2011 £'000
Turnover	1	45,927	46,536
Cost of sales		(32,434)	(34,331)
Gross profit		13,493	12,205
Distribution costs		(3,092)	(3,829)
Administrative expenses		(6,609)	(6,077)
Operating profit		3,792	2,299
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(8)	(8)
Finance costs	19	(90)	(94)
Dividends receivable		-	735
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		3,694	2,932
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(1,063)	(777)
Profit for the financial year	16/17	2,631	2,155

The results for 2012 and 2011 are wholly for continuing operations

There are no material differences between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2012

Note	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	2,631	2,155
19	(2,063)	(1,964)
14	474	491
	1,042	682
	19	£'000 2,631 19 (2,063) 14 474

The accounting policies and notes on pages 10 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	7	258	332
Tangible assets	8	1,881	1,272
Investments			
Subsidiaries	9	430	430
Other	10	6	6
		2,575	2,040
Current assets			
Stock	11	3,722	4,800
Debtors (including £nil (2011 £75,000) due after one year)	12	14,903	11,402
Cash at bank and in hand		1,981	3,254
		20,606	19,456
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	13	(10,440)	(10,673)
Net current assets		10,166	8,783
Total assets less current habilities		12,741	10,823
Net assets excluding pension deficit		12,741	10,823
Pension deficit	19	(6,805)	(5,929)
Net assets including pension deficit		5,936	4,894
Capital and reserves	·		
Called up share capital	15	1,850	1,850
Profit and loss account	16	4,086	3,044
Total shareholders' funds	17	5,936	4,894

The accounting policies and notes on pages 10 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements on pages 8 to 28 were approved by the Board of directors on 28 June 2013 and were signed on its behalf by

E Brotherton Director

Registered number 63827

Statement of accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below.

Consolidation

The financial statements contain information about Houghton plc as an individual undertaking and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group

Under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 2 "Accounting for Subsidiary Undertakings" and in accordance with Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006, the company has taken an exemption from preparing Group financial statements (see note 20)

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods despatched and services supplied during the year exclusive of value added tax. Revenue is recognised when goods are despatched or service is provided

Intangible assets

Customer lists are valued at cost on acquisition and are depreciated over their estimated useful economic lives of 5 or 10 years

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are valued at cost less any provision for impairment. Freehold land is not depreciated. The cost of other fixed assets is written off over their expected useful lives as follows.

Leasehold improvements

shorter of remaining life of the lease and asset life

Plant and equipment, consisting of

Plant, machinery, fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles

Computer equipment Fluid management contract plant

15% on written down value
25% on cost
20% on cost
over the life of the contract

Fixed assets are reviewed when adverse economic conditions or other events indicate that they may be impaired. The carrying value of the asset is compared to its estimated recoverable amount (being higher of net realisable value and value in use) and any resulting impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for permanent diminution in value Current account balances due to and from subsidiaries are included within current debtors and creditors

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value on a first in first out basis after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow moving items. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Statement of accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities in the balance sheet are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the year. Resulting exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account.

Leases

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the periods of the leases

Pension costs

The principal fund is that in the United Kingdom where the company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable salary. The scheme is funded with the assets being held by the Trustees separately from the assets of the Company. The Company also contributes to various defined contribution and state schemes.

The most recent valuation was as at 30 September 2010 and updated to 31 December 2012. Pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit actuarial method and are discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent terms and currency to the liability. Pension assets are measured at their year end market values. The cost of benefits accruing during the year in respect of current and past service is charged in arriving at operating profit.

The expected return on the schemes' assets and the increase in the present value of the schemes' liabilities arising from the passage of time, are included in other finance income. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses in the year in which they arise

Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a parent whose financial statements are publicly available Consequently, the company is exempt under the terms of FRS 1 "Cash flow Statements" from publishing a cash flow statement

Related party transactions

In accordance with the exemption allowed by paragraph 3(c) of FRS8 "Related party disclosures", no disclosure is made of transactions with other member companies of the Houghton International Inc Company and other related parties of the Company

Research and development

Research and development costs are written off to the profit and loss account as they are incurred

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

1 Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods and services supplied exclusive of value added tax. The Company continues to trade in a single class of business being the manufacture and service of industrial chemicals and lubricants. Turnover may be analysed as follows.

Geographical analysis of turnover by destination	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
United Kingdom	33,706	34,490
Europe	9,864	9,841
Rest of the world	2,357	2,205
	45,927	46,536

As noted in the directors report, the company disposed of its engineering business to a third party during the year. This has not been treated as a discontinued operation within the financial statements as the company do not consider it to represent a key business segment.

2 Directors' emoluments

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	1,805	1,190
Compensation for cancellation of share options	2,575	
Aggregate emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	4,380	1,190
Compensation in respect of loss of office	28	92
Company contributions to money purchase arrangements	60	52

Included within directors emoluments are the costs for 7 directors which have been recharged onto other group undertaking (2011 5 directors). The aggregate of the emoluments recharged to other group companies (including compensation for cancellation of share options) is £3,901,566 (2011 £934,504) and company contributions for money purchase arrangements £43,649 (2011 £36,969)

Pre-existing share option arrangements which were conditional on the sale of the company's previous ultimate parent undertaking (HII Holding Corporation) were cancelled immediately prior to the sale of HII Holding Corporation to GH Holding Inc Six directors received compensation for cancellation of share options, relating to their services to the company, amounting to £2,575,000

Retirement benefits are accruing to 1 (2011 1) directors under a defined benefit scheme

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

2 Directors' emoluments (continued)

	Number	Number
Number of directors who are members of a defined benefit pension scheme	1	1
Number of directors who receive contributions to money purchase arrangements	7	7
	£'000	£'000
Highest paid directors' emoluments		
Aggregate of emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	641	384
Compensation for cancellation of share options	1,090	-
Aggregated emoluments (excluding pension contribitions)	1,731	384
Company contributions to money purchase arrangements	15	-

The amount of accrued pension of the highest paid director at 31 December 2012 is £mil (2011 £mil)

3 Employee information

By activity	2012 Number	2011 Number
Production	167	189
Selling, distribution and technology	60	71
Administration	40	21
	267	281
	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Staff costs during the year (including directors)		
Wages and salaries (net of recharge to other group companies)	6,847	7,220
Social security costs	692	579
Pension costs (note 19)	437	479
	7,976	8,278

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

4 Operating profit

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Operating profit is after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
Owned assets (note 8)	292	208
Operating lease charges:		
-Plant and machinery	550	520
-Other	92	22
Charge/(credit) for bad and doubtful debts	25	(34)
Services provided by the company's auditor:		
-Fees payable for the audit and its subsidiaries	58	54
-Fees payable for other services – quarterly reporting	-	18
Amortisation	74	74
Relocation and redundancy costs	311	660
5 Interest payable and similar charges	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Interest payable	£ 000	£ 000
Interest payable to Group undertakings	8	8
	8	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

6 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

a) Analysis of charge for year	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax at 24 5%	607	-
Foreign tax credit	(10)	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	7	-
Tax on branch profits	•	7
Total current tax	604	7
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 14)	297	758
Effect of change in tax rate	162	12
Total deferred tax charge	459	770
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,063	777

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

6 Tax on ordinary activities (continued)

b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 26 5%) The differences are explained below

	2012 £'000	2011
		£'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3,694	2,932
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate in the UK (2011, 24 5%, 2011 26 5%)	905	777
Effects of		
Expenses/(Income) not chargeable/deductible to tax	50	(154)
Utilisation of tax losses	(38)	(367)
Movement in short term timing differences	(279)	(268)
Adjustments in respect to previous years	7	-
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(31)	12
Tax on branch profits	(10)	7
Current tax charge for the year	604	7

Tax on recognised gains and losses not included in the profit and loss account

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Movement on deferred tax relating to the pension deficit (note 14)	474	491

c) Factors which may affect future tax charges

Changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the March 2012 UK Budget Statement A resolution passed by Parliament on 26 March 2012 reduced the main rate of corporation tax to 24% from 1 April 2012 Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% from 1 April 2013 was included in the Finance Act 2012 The impact of the rate reduction has been reflected in the calculation of the UK deferred tax recognized at 31 December 2012

A further reduction to the main rate is also proposed to reduce the rate to 21% from 1 April 2014. As at the balance sheet date this further proposed change to rates had not been substantively enacted and, therefore, is not recognised in these financial statements. The impact of the proposed changes is not expected to be material to the balance sheet.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

7 Intangible assets

	Customer lists £'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2012	406
Additions	
At 31 December 2012	406
Accumulated amortisation	
At 1 January 2012	74
Charge for the year	74
At 31 December 2012	148
Net book value	
At 31 December 2012	258
At 31 December 2011	332

8 Tangible assets

	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and equipment	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost			
At 1 January 2012	773	2,854	3,627
Additions	182	719	901
At 31 December 2012	955	3,573	4,528
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2012	191	2,164	2,355
Charge for the year	67	225	292
At 31 December 2012	258	2,389	2,647
Net book value			
At 31 December 2012	697	1,184	1,881
At 31 December 2011	582	690	1 272

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

9 Investments – subsidiaries

	Shares £ '000
Cost and net book value	
At 1 January and 31 December 2012	430

The principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2011 and 2012 are

	Year end	Proportion held ordinary shares	Country of incorporation	Status
Houghton Danmark A/S*	31 December	100%	Denmark	Trading
Houghton Sverige AB*	31 December	100%	Sweden	Trading
Houghton Oils & Chemicals (Ireland) Limited*	31 December	100%	Ireland	Non trading
Houghton Oils & Chemicals (Northern Ireland) Limited*	31 December	100%	Northern Ireland	Non trading
Houghton Norge AS	31 December	100%	Norway	Trading

All trading companies are engaged in the main activities as disclosed in the directors' report

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets

10 Investments - other

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Cost		
At I January 2012 and 31 December 2012	6	6

The directors are of the opinion that the market value of this investment is not less than cost

^{*} owned directly by Houghton plc

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

11 Stock

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Raw materials and consumables	1,262	1,882
Work in progress	123	161
Finished goods	2,337	2,757
	3,722	4,800

There is no significant difference between the replacement cost and the values shown for all stock categories

12 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2012 £'000	2011 £ 000
Trade debtors	6,166	6,536
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	8,168	4,090
Group loans	-	61
Other debtors	28	119
Prepayments and accrued income	528	467
Corporation tax recoverable	-	75
Deferred tax asset (note 14)	13	54
	14,903	11,402

Interest is not charged or accrued in respect of amounts receivable from Company or subsidiary undertakings and the amounts are subject to the normal trading terms and conditions of the company which are 30 days end of month. Debtors includes £nil (2011 £75,000) falling due after one year

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Trade creditors	2,859	4,204
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	3,429	4,433
Group loans	436	253
Other taxation and social security	2,684	485
Corporation tax liability	220	7
Other creditors	128	320
Accruals and deferred income	684	971
	10,440	10,673

The group loan is from Houghton Sverige and is granted for a rolling period of 6 months with one month's notice from either party. Interest charges are variable. It is defined as the "Lending rate" for Swedish Krona (as published by the Sveriges Riksbank), currently 2% plus an additional 0.5%, this therefore being initially 2.5%.

Interest is not charged or accrued in respect of amounts payable to Company or subsidiary undertakings and the amounts are subject to the normal trading terms and conditions of the company which are 30 days end of month

14 Deferred tax asset

Deferred tax asset

	£,000
At 1 January 2012	54
Charged to profit and loss account	(41)
At 31 December 2012	13

The above amounts at 31 December 2012 are disclosed as debtors (note 12)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

14 Deferred tax asset (continued)

The deferred tax asset comprises.

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Other timing differences	13	16
Losses	-	38
Deferred tax asset	13	54
Deferred tax asset on pension liability (note 19)	2,032	1,976
Total deferred tax asset	2,045	2,030

The amount of unrecognised deferred tax as at 31 December 2012 was £586,671 (2011 £752,479) and relates to trading losses, capital losses and depreciation in excess of capital allowances. The reduction in unrecognised deferred tax relates to the impact of the rate change and the recognition of previously unrecognised trading losses and capital allowances. The full deferred tax asset continues to not be recognised in the year on the basis that the directors don't consider the likelihood of deriving future benefit from the asset to be virtually certain.

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
At 1 January	2,030	2,309
Charged to profit and loss account (note 6) - excluding pension	(41)	(402)
Charged to profit and loss account (note 6) - pension	(418)	(368)
Credited to statement of total recognised gains and losses - pension	474	491
At 31 December	2,045	2,030

15 Called up share capital

	2012 £'000	2011 £ 000
Allotted and fully paid		
1,850,000 (2011 1,850,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,850	1,850

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

16 Reserves

Profit and loss account	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
At 1 January	3,044	2,362
Actuarial loss (note 19)	(2,063)	(1,964)
Tax relating to actuarial loss (note 14)	474	491
Profit for the financial year	2,631	2,155
At 31 December (including pension liability)	4,086	3,044
Pension deficit (note 19)	6,805	5 929
At 31 December (excluding pension liability)	10,891	8,973

17 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Profit for the financial year	2,631	2,155
Actuarial loss on pension scheme (note 19)	(2,063)	(1,964)
Tax relating to actuarial loss (note 14)	474	491_
Net addition in shareholders' funds	1,042	682
Opening shareholders' funds	4,894	4,212_
Closing shareholders' funds	5,936	4,894

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

18 Operating lease commitments

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2012 £'000	2011 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Operating lease commitments for next year				
Leases expiring				
Within one year	-	-	70	29
Within two to five years	29	-	430	401
After five years	325	310	103	35
	354	310	603	465

19 Pension scheme

The company operates a pension scheme in the United Kingdom which provides both pensions in retirement and death benefits to members. Pension benefits are related to the member's final pensionable salary at retirement and their length of service.

The participating employers' contributions made to the scheme during the year were £1,561,000 (2011 £1,369,000) Since 20 February 2008 the Scheme has been closed to new members. The company currently contributes 12 6% of Pensionable Salaries in respect of future accrual plus £1,334,778 per year in respect of the shortfall in funding. Members are expected to continue their contributions at the rate of 6% of Pensionable Salaries.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

19 Pension scheme (continued)

The assets and liabilities have been calculated in accordance with the requirements of FRS 17. The last full actuarial valuation was performed on 30 September 2010 and updated to 31 December 2012 by Punter Southall Limited, independent consulting actuaries. The assets of the scheme have been taken at market value and the liabilities have been calculated using the following principal actuarial assumptions (in nominal terms).

	2012 %	2011 %	2010 %
Rate of increase of salaries	3.15	3 30	4 65
Rate of increase in pensions in payment			
Pension accrued pre April 1997 (3% fixed)	3.00	3 00	3 00
Pension accrued from April 1997 to April 2005 (CPI up to 5%)	2.15	2 30	2 65
Pension accrued post April 2005 (CPI up to 2 5%)	1.75	1 80	2 00
Discount rate	4.25	4 70	5 50
Inflation assumption CPI	2.15	2 30	2 70
Inflation assumption RPI	2.85	3 00	3 40

Assumed life expect	ancies on retirement at age 65 are.	2012	2011
		Years	Years
Retiring today	Males	21.0	21 0
	Females	23.0	23 0
Retiring in 20 years	Males	23.0	23 0
	Females	24.5	24 5

The assumptions used in determining the overall return of the Scheme have been set with reference to yields available on Government Bonds and appropriate risk margins

Long term rate of return expected as at:	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
	%	%	_%
Risk seeking assets	6.25	6 25	7 18
Matching assets	2.75	2 75	4 18
Dynamic asset allocation	6.25	6 25	4 50
Net current assets	0.50	0 50	0 50

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

19 Pension scheme (continued)

Market value as at:	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
	£'000	£ 000	£'000
Risk seeking assets	27,194	25,027	23,531
Matching assets	- 9,207	9,015	7,434
Dynamic asset allocation	2,839	2,693	2,654
Net current assets	24	5	275
Total market value of assets	39,264	36,940	33,891

All assets are at bid value

The following amounts at 31 December 2010, 31 December 2011, and 31 December 2012 were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS17

	2012	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000	£ 000
Total market value of assets	39,264	36 740	33,894
Present value of scheme liabilities	(48,101)	(44,645)	(40,758)
Deficit in the scheme	(8,837)	(7,905)	(6,864)
Related deferred tax asset	2,032	1,976	1,853
Net deficit	(6,805)	(5,929)	(5,011)

The following amounts have been recognised in the performance statements in the year to 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011 under the requirements of FRS17

Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Current service cost	(340)	(352)
Total operating charge	(340)	(352)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

19 Pension scheme (continued)

Analysis of the amount charged to other finance costs	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Expected return on pension scheme assets	1,973	2,109
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(2,063)	(2,203)
Net return	(90)	(94)
Statement of total recognised gams and losses (STRGL)	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	849	1,126
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	(312)	(118)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities	(2,600)	(2,972)
Actuarial loss recognised in STRGL	(2,063)	(1,964)
Movement in deficit during the year	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Deficit in scheme at beginning of the year	(7,905)	(6,864)
Movement in year:		
Current service cost	(340)	(352)
Contributions	1,561	1,369
Net other finance income/charges	(90)	(94)
Actuarial (loss)/gain	(2,063)	(1,964)
Deficit in scheme at the end of the year	(8,837)	(7,905)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

19 Pension scheme (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of Scheme liabilities

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Liabilities at beginning of the year	44,645	40,758
Current service cost	340	352
Interest cost	2,063	2,203
Contributions by Scheme participants	121	137
Actuarial loss	2,912	3,090
Benefits paid	(1,980)	(1,895)
	48,101	44,645
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of	2012 £'000	2011 £ 000
Fair value of Scheme assets at beginning of year	36,740	33,894
Expected return on Scheme assets	1,973	2,109
Actuarial gain	849	
Contributions by employers		1,126
	1,561	1,126 1,369
Contributions by Scheme participants	1,561 121	
Contributions by Scheme participants Benefits paid		1,369

During the year the Company also made contributions into defined contribution schemes of £98,000 (2011 £127,000)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 (continued)

19 Pension scheme (continued)

History of experience gains and losses	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets:					
Amount (£'000s)	849	1,126	1,575	2,670	(6,051)
Percentage of scheme assets	2.2%	3 1%	4 6%	8 5%	(21 5)%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities:					
Amount (£'000s)	(312)	(118)	242	204	(569)
Percentage of the present value of the scheme habilities	(0.65)%	(0 3)%	0 6%	0 5%	(16)%
Total amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses:					
Amount (£'000s)	2,063	1,964	1,103	(623)	(3,015)
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	4.3%	4 4%	2 7%	(1 6)%	(8 5)%

20 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Houghton Holdings Limited, which is incorporated in the UK

On 20 December 2012 the previous ultimate parent company (HII Holding Corporation) was acquired by GH Holding Inc. As a result of the change in ownership, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is now GH Holding Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America. GH Holding Inc. is the largest and smallest Company of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2012.

The consolidated financial statements of GH Holding Inc. can be obtained from the Chambers of Commerce, t a v. Handelsregister, Postbus 2852, 1000 CW Amsterdam