The Companies Act 1985

Private Company Limited by Shares

Company Number: 2385367

# MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

HYGIEIA HEALTHCARE LIMITED

Incorporated the 17th May, 1989

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## THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

# PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

# MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

# HYGIEIA HEALTHCARE LIMITED

- 1. The Company's name is HYGIEIA HEALTHCARE LIMITED
- 2. The Company's registered office is to be situated in England & Wales.
- 3. The Company's objects are :-
- (a) To carry on all or any of the businesses of general merchants and traders, cash and credit traders, manufacturers' agents and representatives, insurance brokers and consultants, estate and advertising agents, mortgage brokers, financial agents, advisers, managers and administrators, hire purchase and general financiers, brokers and agents, commission agents, importers and exporters, manufacturers, retailers, wholesalers, buyers, sellers, distributors and shippers of, and dealers in all products, goods, wares, merchandise and produce of every description, to participate in, undertake, perform and carry on all kinds of commercial, industrial, trading and financial operations and enterprises; to carry on all or any of the businesses of marketing and business consultants, advertising agents and contractors, general storekeepers, warehousemen, discount traders, mail order specialists, railway, shipping and forwarding agents, shippers, traders, capitalists and financiers either on the Company's own account or otherwise, printers and publishers; haulage and transport contractors, garage proprietors, operators, hirers and letters on hire of, and dealers in motor and other vehicles, craft, plant, machinery, tools and equipment of all kinds; and to purchase or otherwise acquire and take over any businesses or undertakings which may be deemed expedient, or to become interested in, and to carry on or dispose of, remove or put an end to the same or otherwise deal with any such businesses or undertakings as may be thought desirable.

- (b) To carry on any other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the Board of Directors be advantageously carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the businesses of the Company.
- (c) To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property.
- (d) To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention. licences, secret processes, trade marks, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- (e) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received.
- (f) To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, o lions, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (g) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made.
- (h) To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid).
- (i) To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assats (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it.
- (j) To draw, make, accept, ondorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.

- (k) To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (I) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (m) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world.
- (n) To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies.
- (o) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (p) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (q) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts.
- (r) To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient.
- (s) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company.
- (t) To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the

Company or its Directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been Directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants; and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such purchase schemes to be established or maintained.

- (u) Subject to and in accordance with a due compliance with the provisions of Sections 155 to 158 (inclusive) of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable), to give, whether directly or indirectly, any kind of financial assistance (as defined in Section 152(1)(a) of the Act) for any such purpose as is specified in Section 151(1) and/or Section 151(2) of the Act.
- (v) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature.
- (w) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world.
- (x) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (y) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them.

#### AND so that:-

- (1) None of the objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such object, and none of such objects shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this Clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company.
- (2) None of the sub-clauses of this Clause and none of the objects therein specified shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to any of the objects specified in any other such sub-clause, and the Company shall have as full a power to exercise each and every one of the objects specified in each sub-clause of this Clause as though each such sub-clause contained the objects of a separate Company.
- (3) The word "Company" in this Clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

(4) In this Clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in this Clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.	
4. The liability of the Members is limited.	
5. The Company's share capital is £500000 divided in	nto 500000 shares of £1 each.
We, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association pursuant to this Memorandum; and we agree to ta opposite our respective names.	i, wish to be formed into a Company ke the number of shares shown
Names and addresses of Subscribers	Number of shares taken by each Subscriber
1. Instant Companies Limited, 2, Baches Street, London N1 6UB	- One
Swift Incorporations Limited     Reches Street     London N1 6UB .	
Total shares taken	- Two
Dated the 4th day of January, 1989.	
Witness to the above Signatures:- Terry Jayne, 2, Baches Street London N1 6UB	

## THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

# PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

# HYGIEIA HEALTHCARE LIMITED

#### PRELIMINARY

- 1. (a) The Regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 as amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such Regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the regulations of the Company.
- (b) In these Articles the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.

## **ALLOTMENT OF SHARES**

- 2. (a) Shares which are comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated shall be under the control of the Directors who may (subject to Section 80 of the Act and to paragraph (d) below) allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same, to such persons, on such terms and in such manner as they think fit.
- (b) All shares which are not comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated and which the Directors propose to issue shall first be offered to

the Members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of the existing shares held by them respectively unless the Company in General Meeting shall by Special Resolution otherwise direct. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a period (not being less than fourteen days) within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined. After the expiration of that period, those shares so deemed to be declined shall be offered in the proportion aforesaid to the persons who have, within the said period, accepted all the shares offered to them; such further offer shall be made in like terms in the same manner and limited by a like period as the original offer. Any shares not accepted pursuant to such offer or further offer as aforesaid or not capable of being offered as aforesaid except by way of fractions and any shares released from the provisions of this Article by any such Special Resolution as aforesaid shall be under the control of the Directors, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms, and in such manner as they think fit, provided that, in the case of shares not accepted as aforesaid, such shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable to the subscribers therefor than the terms on which they were offered to the Members. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph (b) shall have effect subject to Section 80 of the Act.

- (c) In accordance with Section 91(1) of the Act Sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
- (d) The Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of Section 80 of the Act, to exercise any power of the Company to allot and grant rights to subscribe for or convert securities into shares of the Company up to the amount of the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated at any time or times during the period of five years from the date of incorporation and the Directors may, after that period, allot any shares or grant any such rights under this authority in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the Company within that period. The authority hereby given may at any time (subject to the said Section 80) be renewed, revoked or varied by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

#### SHARES

- 3. The lien conferred by Clause 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company. Clause 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- 4. The liability of any Member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of Clause 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment".

#### GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

5. (a) A notice convening a General Meeting shall be required to specify the general nature of the business to be transacted only in the case of special business and Clause 38 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.

All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and also all that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the

reports of the Directors and Auditors, and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the Auditors.

- (b) Every notice convening a General Meeting shall comply with the provisions of Section 372(3) of the Act as to giving information to Members in regard to their right to appoint proxies; and notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any Member is entitled to receive shall be sent to the Directors and to the Auditors for the time being of the Company.
- 6. (a) Clause 40 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "at the time when the Meeting proceeds to business" were added at the end of the first sentence.
- (b) If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a General Meeting the General Meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Directors may determine; and if at the adjourned General Meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned General Meeting shall be dissolved.
  - (c) Clause 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

## APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 7. (a) Clause 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- (b) The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the Directors may be determined from time to time by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting of the Company. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of Directors and the minimum number of Directors shall be one. Whensoever the minimum number of the Directors shall be one, a sole Director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the Directors generally, and Clause 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- (c) The Directors shall not be required to retire by rotation and Clauses 73 to 80 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
  - (d) No person shall be appointed a Director at any General Meeting unless either:-
    - (i) he is recommended by the Directors; or
- (ii) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the General Meeting, notice executed by a Member qualified to vote at the General Meeting has been given to the Company of the Company o
- (e) Subject to paragraph (d) above, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting appoint any person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- (f) The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with paragraph (b) above as the maximum number of Directors and for the time being in force.

#### **BORROWING POWERS**

8. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to Section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

#### ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 9. (a) An alternate Director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of Clause 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- (b) A Director, or any such other person as is mentioned in Clause 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate Director to represent more than one Director, and an alternate Director shall be entitled at any meeting of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors to one vote for every Director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a Director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present.

## DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

10. The office of a Director shall be vacated if he becomes incapable by reason of illness or injury of managing and administering his property and affairs, and Clause 81 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.

#### **GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS**

- 11. (a) The Directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by Clause 3(t) of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers.
  - (b) Clause 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 12. (a) A Director may vote, at any meeting of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution as aforesaid his vote shall be counted; and in relation to any such resolution as aforesaid he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting.
  - (b) Clauses 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

#### INDEMNITY

- 13. (a) Every Director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 144 or Section 727 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this Article shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by Section 310 of the Act.
  - (b) Clause 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES

14. The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, decline to register the transfer of a share, whether or not it is a fully paid share, and the first sentence of Clause 24 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

## Names and addresses of Subscribers

- Instant Companies Limited
   Baches Street
   London N1 6UB
- 2. Swift Incorporations Limited 2 Baches Street London N1 6UB

Dated this 4th day of January, 1989.

Witness to the above signatures, Terry Jayne
2 Baches Street
London N1 6UB

The regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so far as they are not excluded or varied by its Articles of Association.

Table A as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 805), amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 1052), is reprinted below.

# Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

# Regulations for Management of a Company Limited by Shares

#### INTERPRETATION

In these regulations — 'the Act' means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or

1. In those regulations—
1. The Act 'means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thoreof for the time being in force
1. The articles 'means the articles of the company
1. In a days' in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect
1. Executed includes any mode of execution
1. Office' means the registered office of the company
1. The holder in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares
1. The sha

#### SHARE CAPITAL

SHARE CAPITAL

2 Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine

3 Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles.

4 The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the altorment of fully or parity paid sharus or parity in one way and parity in the other.

5 Except as required by law no person shall be recognised by the company as 'solding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

6 Every memoer upon becoming the holder of any shares shall be untilled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him fund, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of each class held by him fund, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate shares upon payment for every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class are distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which treates and the amount or respective amounts pad up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate for expective the company shall not be delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.

7 If a share certificate is defaced worn-out lost or distroyed it may be renewed on such terms of any is sto evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but other was free of charge, and in the case of defacement or wording-outly on delivery up of the old certificate.

EIEN

B. The company shall have a lirst and paramount lien. In every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a lixed time or catted in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company is ten on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

9. The company may set in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists presently payable and is not paid within four teen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person untitled to this consequence of the notice is not compiled with the shares may be sold.

10. To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to in in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The lift of the transferse to the shares shall not be affected by any arregulantly in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

sale
11 The not proceeds of the sale lafter payment of the costs shall be applied in
payment of so much or the sum for which life her exists as is presently payable
and any residue shall tupon surrender to the company for cancellation of the
certificate for the shares shill and subject to a like lien for any moneys not
presently, payable as existed upon the shares before the saler be paid to the
person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

## CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE:
12 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made pay to the company as required by the holice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder be revoived in whole or part and payment of acall may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain habte for calls made upon him notwithetanoing the subsequent transfer of

the shares in respect whereof the call was made

13. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of
the directors authorising the call was passed

14. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls
in respect thereof

15. It a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from If a call remains unpaid after trips become due and payable the person from whomits due and payable shall pay interest on the amount impaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call, or if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in art.

tas defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotinent or at any fixed date whether in respect of nominal vatue or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

Subject to the terms of allotinont, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

It is a call romains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice is hall name the place where payments to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made be forfeited by a resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other receivers payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

forfeiture

20 Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fill. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the share to that person.

21 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a

share to that person:
21 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeitine were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was phyable on those moneys before the forfeiture or in conterest was so payable at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of furfeiture until heapment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration recrived on their disposal.

or for any consideration received on their disposal.

2.2. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfolded on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of "vall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration if any nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES
23. The instrument of transfer of a share may on in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and unless the share is fully paid by or on behalf of the

other form which the directors may approve and stand or succious by or or behalf of the transfer or and unless the share is fully paid by or on behalf of the transferee?

24. The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a hen. They may also refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a hen. They may also refuse to register the stansfer of a share on which the company has a hen. They may also refuse to register a transfer of a share to which it relates and such other dividence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

15 If the directors it is not favor.

25 If the directors it is not required to the transfere of the refuse of a share in they shall writhin two months after the rate to the transfere of a share of the transfere endice or the rights or transfer of a share they shall writhin two to the transfere notice or time rights or other persons of transfers of any class of shares may be suppended at such times and for such persods into exceeding thirty days in any year; as the directors mished or other persods into exceeding thirty days in any year; as the directors mished or other persons from accepting their or any shall be charged for the residency of any instrument of transfer or other document reasons passed on the residency of any shall be returned to the person. At or make my instrument of transfer which is registered but any instrument or is and which is directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person. Or shall be refused to the person. Or shall be refused to the person.

The ANSMISSIC PERSON

### TRANSMISSIC

29 Ka member dies his personal representa joint holders shalt be the any title to his interest "xit a deceased member from a

# *TE SHARES* TOTATION where he was a joint holder and where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of persons recognised by the company as having mig heren contained shall rease the estate of ability in respect of any share which had been

30. A perion becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produce, as the directors may properly require elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transfere. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer as executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.

instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death of bankrupicy of the member had not occurred.

31. A person becoming shitlifed to a share in consequence of the death or bankrupicy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

#### **ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL**

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ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

32 The company may by ordinary resolution —
(a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes.
(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its oxisting shares
(c) subject to the provisions of the Act sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others and
(d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled

33 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the application of the purchaser The transferer shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchaser may not shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregulantly in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale 18. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special restribution refuce its share capital any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

#### **PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES**

35. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and lift is a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a feeth issue of shares. fresh issue of shares

GENERAL MEETINGS
36 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Ant shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not fater than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition in there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting.

## NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

38. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so squaed.

agreed
is in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and it is in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a light to attend and vote being a majority togother holding not less than ninety-live per cent, in nominal value of the shares giving that

The notice shall specify lite time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and in the case of an annual general material shall specify the meeting as such. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the discourse and auditors.

directors and auditors

39 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

40 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.

41 If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceasos to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine.

42 The chairman if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director meminated by the directors shall preside its chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman in or such other directors in the present within litteen minutes after the time exponented for holding the meeting and witting to act the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and if there is only one director present and wilting to act, he shall be othermen.

43 If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within filtern minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman 44. A director shall, notwithetanding that he is not a member, be entitled to altered and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting to the holding the meeting, the member, the entitled to holding the meeting, the member, the entitled to holding the meeting, the member of the chairman may with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting and t

hands unless before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poli is duly demanded. Subject to the previsions of the Act, a poli may be demanded.

by the chairmar. ...

(b) by at least two members "aving the right to vote at the meeting or (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting or (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth or the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member

demand by the member 47. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carned unanimously, or by a particular majority or lost, or not carned by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the intuities of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recoiled in favour of or against the resolution.

48. The demand for a poll may before the poll is taken be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the

demand was made

demand was made

49. A poli shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint
scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring
the result of the poll. The result of the poli shall be deemed to be the resolution
of the meeting at which the poll was demanded

50. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll

man shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he

may have \$\ 51 \ A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded if a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as it the demand inches here made.

52. No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith it too it the and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded in any other case at least seven clear days in the shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

53. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been ontitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

#### VOTES OF MEMBERS

VOTES OF MEMBERS

54. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or choing a corporation) is present by: duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder.

55. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whother in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and seniority shall be determined by the order in which his names of the hidders stand in the register of members.

56. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person and, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy not tess than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting a, which the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

57. No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company either in person or by proxy, in respect of that share have been paid.

58. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the relative to not disable with a translate been paid.

59. On a poll vote shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or objectio

conclusive
59. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend or, the same occasion 60. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve).

PLC/Limited

y Sureq

on Signedon 19 19 51 Where it is dewed to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shell act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form for in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve PEC/Limited I/We, being a being a file above named company hereby appoint of

member/members of the above named company horaby appoint orlashinghim

as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual extraordnary general meeting of the company, to be held on 19 and at any adjustment thereof. This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows

towards
Resolution No. 1 "for "against
Resolution No. 2 "for "against
"Strike out whichever is not desired
Unless..."herwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from

United the voting

soung dayof 19 62. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified noterially or in some other way

approved by the directors may

(a) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or to in the case of a poli taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded or deposited as aforesaid after the poli has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poli, or

(c) where the politis not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded be delivered at the meeting at which the poli was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

and an instrument of privity which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

3. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duty authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duty deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll. the poll

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

4 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and witting to act to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him 66 An atternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally resent, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a firet for in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director. Who is absent from the United Kingdom

67 An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a director, but, if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment of any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the directors.

69 Save as otherwise provided in the articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

70 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction "hall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid." that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by "by \_pecial power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

71 The directors may by power of attorney or a lerwise appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes, and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

**DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS** 

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS
72 The directors may delegate any ' their powers to any committee consisting of ne or m' te directors. The may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider destrable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the director may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or allered Subject to any such conditions the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

## APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

73. At the first annual general meeting all the directors shall ratire from office, and at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office, but, if there is only one director who is subject to retirement by rotation he shall ratire?

74. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment but as between persons who became or ware last responded directors on the same day those to retire shall tunless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by fot

75. If the company, at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation does not lift the vacancy the retiring director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to lift the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost.

The state of the s

unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost. 76. No person other than a director retiring by rotation shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless.

(a) he is recommended by the directors or (b) not loss than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed. To Not less than seven nor more than thenly-reight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any persor, fother than a director entitle than a company by rotation at the meeting! who is recommended by the directors for appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors.

78 Subject as aforesaid the company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire
79 The directors ms

directors are to retire
79. The directors may appoint a person who is witting to act to be a director, either to fell a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cruse the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed shar hold office only antit the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting. If not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office at the conclusion thorsel.
80. Subject as aforesaid, a director who retires at an annual general meeting may, if willing to act be reappointed. If he is not reappointed, he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or if it does not do so until the end of the meeting.

# DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

81. The office of a director shall be vacated if—
(a) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director, or
(b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
(c) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either—
(ii) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Heatith Act 1983 or in Scolland an application for admission under the Mental Heatith (Scolland) Act 1990 or
(iii) an order is made by a court having junsdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsswhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs, or
(d) he resigns his office by notice to the company; or
(e) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors esolve that his office be vacated

#### REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

82. The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and, unless the resolution provides otherwise the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day

#### **DIRECTORS' EXPENSES**

83 The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meeting; or separate meetings of the houers of any class of shares or of debendure; of the company or otherwise in connection with the discherge of their duties.

## DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

84 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.

85 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest, of his a director notwithstanding his office.

(a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in any transaction or interested.

(b) may be a director or other officer of any material and a positive of the company is otherwise interested.

(b) may be a director or other officer of or employed by or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise

corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested and [c] shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

86 For the purposes of regulation 85

(a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature aid extent specified in the notice in any such interests of the nature aid extent specified in the notice in any interest of the nature and extent so specified and in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified and (b) an interest of which a director has not knowledge and of which it is interest of his

interest of his

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

37 The directors may provide benefits whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise for any director who has hald but no long, if holds any executive office or employment with the company or with any predecessor in business of the company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family finduling a species and a former spouse; or any pension who is or was dependent on him and may tas well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or conveying of any such benefit. the purchase or provision of any such benefit

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS
as Subject to the provisions of the articles the directors may require their proceedings halthey think ht. A director may and the secretary at the lequirect of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes in the case of an equality of votes. The chairman shall have a second or casting vote the director who is also an atternate director shall be entitled in the absence of the appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.

vote 89. The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who notice only as an atternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum. 90. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act it, withhatstiding any valuences in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director.

inscrivered that there was a defect in the appointment or any direct were usuguald ed from holding office, or had wandled office, or never not entitled to vote be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualkfied and had continued to be a director and had been duly appointed and was qualkfied and had continued to be a director and had been and the director or of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effecture as if I had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be a committee of director and had and may consist of several documents in the like formeach signed by one or more directors but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by has alternate director need not also be signed by his appointer and I it is signed by the director who has appointed an alternate director it need not be eigned by the director who has appointed an alternate director it needs not be eigned by the director who has appointed an alternate director it needs not be eigned by the director who had appointed an alternate director in that cipacity. Save as otherwise provided by the intitles a director shall not vote at a concerning a matter in which he has directly or indirectly an interest or duly which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with this interests of the crimary in respect of money test of any arises only because the case falls within the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee security or indirectly or i

99. Sut softo the provisions of the Act the secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

**MINUTES** 

The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the

purpose —
(a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors and
(b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the huiders of any
class of shares in the company and of the directors and of committees of
directors including the names of the directors present at each such meeting

THE SEAL 101 This real enall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seek is allied and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

DIVIDENDS

102 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the ministers, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the

members. But no dividend shall exceed the arrown resource discipre directors. Subject to the provisions of the Act the directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profile of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is dividend and different obsess, the "frectors may pay interim dividends on shares which conserved the shares of the profile with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preference rights with regard to dividend, but no sharen dividend shall be part on shares carrying deterred or non-preferred rights it at the time of payment, any preferential stindend is a mear. The directors may also pay at them that the profile averable for diswribution justify the payment. P "vided the shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the living payment of an interim severated on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

share comming an interim sevident on any share ments of the shares as payment of an interim sevident on any shares ments. So the second of the shares are shares on which has devoted and paid according to the amornic paid up on the shares on which has devoted and according to the amornic paid up on the shares on which has devoted a sevident of share apportance and and preparationately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portain or portains of the period in respect of which the divident is paid but, if any share is usually on terms previously that it shall particles devoted as from a

particular date, that share aball rank for devidend accordingly.

105. A general meating declaring a dividend near, upon the reconventantester of the direction, direct that it shall be satellised wholly or panily by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular many seque fractional cartificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may offered in that cash shall be paid to any member upon the foculting of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may viril any assets in trusters.

Insteas.

106. Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered activess of the parson entitled or, if two or more persons are the holders of the shure or are jointly entitled to it by that one of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to the registered address of the shure or are jointly entitled to it by that one of those persons who is first nam at in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may inviting direct. Every cheque shall be mind appeared to the order of the person or person entitled may not or person entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled and payment of the cheque shall be a good decharged as the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a shere as aloresaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

107. No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached

to the share 108. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the company.

109 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document or the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS
10 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the

The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the company—

(at subject as hereinafter provided resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the Credit of the company s share premium account or capital redemption reserve, (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the inambers who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towered them respectively, or in paying up in full unlessed at hirest or debenfures of the debenfures credited as they paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportion or parity in one way and parity in the other but the shares or those proportion, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of the regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to the salicited to members credited as fully paid.

(c) make such provision by the issue of fractional partifications.

fully paid.

(c) make such provision by the leave of fractional certificates or by bayment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions; and (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members or corned into an agreement with the company providing for the altotrient to them respectively credited as fully paid of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such that they agreement made under such authority being binding on all such that they are such as the contraction of the cont

NOTICES

111. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in

111. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the arriors arisin on writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing.

112. The company may give any notice to a member either personality or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed in the member at his astare all notices or by teaving it at that address. In the use of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holders whose majestered address in not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the conjustmed address anot within the United Kingdom and who gives to the conjustmed addresses within the United Kingdom and who gives to the conjustmed addresses within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company of the holders of person who have notices given to him at that address, bit otherwise no excellent the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall have entitled to receive way notice from the company of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be entitled to receive way notice from the company of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be purposes for which it was called.

114. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any indice in respect of line share which before his name is entired in the register of members, has been duty given to a person from whom he entered in the register of members, has been duty given to a person from whom he entered in the register of members has been duty given to a person from whom he derives his like the problem and the entered to be given at the expiration of 4d hours after the envelope of the decidence of the

WINDING UP

117 If the company is wound up, the inquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary needs from the company and any other sanction required by the Act directs among the members in severe the whote or any part of the salests of the company and new to that purpose, vidue any salests and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the marripers or different classes of of the salests in studies upon such inusis for the banellon, yest the whote or any part with the life sanction is such exercises, the banello of the members as the with the life sanction determines but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a listberry.

INDEMNITY

INLIMINATE T
THE division to the provisions of the Act but without presides to any indemnity to whom a division may otherwise be entitled, every detector or other effort or author of the exceptory shall be indemnified out of the sample of the company and agency any backety incurred by him in defendant, any proceedings, which is company or ordinates in which judgment is given in the toward or in video, he is defined on the internation with any appropriation in which will be presided in the internation of the internation of the company of the company of the process of the demnity in relation to the affects of the demnity of the other internation to the affects of the demnity of the other internation to the affects of the demnity any