# AEROBOUTIQUE INFLIGHT RETAIL UK LIMITED DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

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COMPANIES HOUSE \$1/10/03

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Director** M Perol

Secretary P J Freyssinet

Company number 4052642

Registered office 14 Saxon Way Trading Estate, Harmondsworth

West Drayton Middlesex Great Britain UB7 0LW

Auditors Bolton Colby

Fairfield House Fairfield Avenue

Staines Middlesex TW18 4AQ

Business address Unit 14, Saxon Way Trading Estate

West Drayton Middlesex UB7 0LW

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# DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

The director presents his report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company was the retailing of liquor, tobacco, perfume and gift products to the traveller through UK airports.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 3.

An interim ordinary dividend was paid amounting to £142,057. The director does not recommend payment of a final dividend. Details of the dividend can be found in note 5 to the financial statements.

#### Director

The following director has held office since 1 January 2002:

M Perol

#### **Director's interests**

The director's interest in the shares of the company was as stated below:

Ordinary £1 shares of £1 each

31 December 2002

1 January 2002

M Perol

#### **Auditors**

Bolton Colby were appointed auditors to the company and in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

#### **Director's responsibilities**

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

P J Freyssinet

Secretary
29 August 2003

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF AEROBOUTIQUE INFLIGHT RETAIL UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Aeroboutique Inflight Retail UK Limited on pages 3 to 13 for the year ended 31 December 2002. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of the director and auditors

As described in the statement of director's responsibilities on page 1 the company's director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the director's report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the director's report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Going concern

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 1 of the financial statements concerning the company's excess of liabilities over assets. In view of the significance of this uncertainty we consider that it should be drawn to your attention but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

**Bolton Colby** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

**Registered Auditor** 

31 October 2003.

Fairfield House Fairfield Avenue Staines Middlesex TW18 4AQ

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
Turnover	2	9,952,135	12,152,083
Cost of sales		(4,922,878)	(6,066,247)
Gross profit		5,029,257	6,085,836
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(3,751,093) (1,452,700)	(4,297,795) (1,566,389)
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(174,536)	221,652
Other interest receivable and sim income	lar	318	_
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activit before taxation	ies	(174,218)	221,652
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary a	ctivities 4	(116,788)	(67,098)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activity	ties	(291,006)	154,554
Dividends	5	(142,057)	104,004
Retained (loss)/profit for the y	ear 13	(433,063)	154,554

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2002

		20	2002		01
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		197,962		332,456
Current assets					
Stocks	7	869,470		841,675	
Debtors	8	724,254		1,023,154	
Cash at bank and in hand		671,366		303,884	
		2,265,090		2,168,713	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,309,389)		(1,103,403)	
Net current assets			955,701		1,065,310
Total assets less current liabilities			1,153,663		1,397,766
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(1,432,171)		(1,243,211)
			(278,508)		154,555
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		1		1
Profit and loss account	13		(278,509)		154,554
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	i 14		(278,508)		154,555

The financial statements were approved by the Board on ... August 27, 2003

M Perol Director

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

	2002 £	2 £	200 £	11 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		290,669		(418,965)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	318			
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for returns on investments and servicing of finance		318	<del></del>	-
Taxation		(79,578)		-
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible assets	(39,116)		(520,363)	
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure		(39,116)		(520,363)
Equity dividends paid		(142,057)		•
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing		30,236		(939,328)
Financing				
Issue of ordinary share capital	400.050		1	
Other new long term loans Other new short term loans	188,959 148,287		1,243,211 -	
Net cash inflow from financing		337,246	<del></del>	1,243,212
Increase in cash in the year		367,482		303,884

# NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

1	Reconciliation of operating (loss)/profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities			2002	2001
	nom operating convinces			£	£
	Operating (loss)/profit			(174,536)	221,652
	Depreciation of tangible assets			171,944	187,907
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets			1,667	-
	Increase in stocks			(27,795)	(841,675)
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors			321,339	(1,010,656)
	(Decrease)/Increase in creditors within on	e year		(1,950)	1,023,807
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating	ng activities		290,669	(418,965)
					<del></del> -
2	Analysis of net debt	1 January 2002	Cash flow	Other non- cash changes	31 December 2002
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:				
	Cash at bank and in hand	303,884	367,482	-	671,366
	Debt:	<del></del>	<del></del>		
	Debts falling due within one year	-	(148,287)	-	(148,287)
	Debts falling due after one year	(1,243,211)	(188,960)	<u>-</u>	(1,432,171)
		(1,243,211)	(337,247)	-	(1,580,458)
	Net debt	(939,327)	30,235	-	(909,092)
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to mov	vement in net debt	1	2002	2001
				£	£
	Increase in cash in the year			367,482	303,884
	Cash inflow from increase in debt			(337,247)	(1,243,211)
	Movement in net debt in the year			30,235	(939,327)
	Opening net debt			(939,327)	-
	Closing net debt			(909,092)	(939,327)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has made a loss during the year and currently shows an excess of liabilities over assets on its balance sheet. It is anticipated that in the next 12 months the company will generate a profit and its financial position will improve. If the company does not generate sufficient revenue to fund its continuing operations then it may not be a going concern.

Due to the availability of banking facilities and the ongoing support of the company's parent undertaking, the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in existence for the foreseeable future.

If the company were unable to continue in existence for the foreseeable future, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the balance sheet value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

33 % Straight line basis

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

33 % Straight line basis

#### 1.4 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.5 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### 1.6 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the director, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

#### 1.7 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

#### 2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

Depreciation of tangible assets   171,944   187,907     Loss on disposal of tangible assets   1,667   16,180     Loss on foreign exchange transactions   16,180     Operating lease rentals   79,144   58,017     Auditors' remuneration   7,500   4,100     and after crediting:   Profit on foreign exchange transactions   (7,622)   -	3	Operating (loss)/profit	2002 £	2001 £	
Depreciation of tangible assets		Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:	_	-	
Loss on disposal of tangible assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	171.944	187.907	
Loss on foreign exchange transactions		•		_	
Operating lease rentals         79,144         58,017           Auditors' remuneration         7,500         4,100           and after crediting:         Profit on foreign exchange transactions         (7,622)         -           4 Taxation         2002         2001         £         £           Domestic current year tax         U.K. corporation tax         139,227         79,596           Current tax charge         139,227         79,596           Deferred tax         Deferred tax           Deferred tax charge/credit current year         (22,439)         (12,498)           Factors affecting the tax charge for the year         (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation         (174,218)         221,652           (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)         (52,265)         66,496           Effects of:         Non deductible expenses         101         142           Depreciation add back         52,083         56,372         Capital allowances <td rows<="" td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>16,180</td></td>	<td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>16,180</td>		•		16,180
Auditors' remuneration 7,500 4,100  and after crediting: Profit on foreign exchange transactions (7,622) -  4 Taxation 2002 2001 E			79,144		
Profit on foreign exchange transactions   (7,622)   -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,500	4,100	
4 Taxation       2002 £ £         Domestic current year tax       139,227       79,596         Current tax charge       139,227       79,596         Deferred tax       2002       2001         Deferred tax       30,227       79,596         Deferred tax charge/credit current year       (22,439)       (12,498)         Factors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation       (174,218)       221,652         (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)       (52,265)       66,496         Effects of:       Non deductible expenses       101       142         Depreciation add back       52,083       56,372         Capital allowances       (31,442)       (43,414)         Provision add back       170,750       -         191,492       13,100		and after crediting:			
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)   1142   12,005   12,0		Profit on foreign exchange transactions	(7,622)	-	
Domestic current year tax         U.K. corporation tax       139,227       79,596         Current tax charge       139,227       79,596         Deferred tax         Deferred tax charge/credit current year       (22,439)       (12,498)         Factors affecting the tax charge for the year         (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation       (174,218)       221,652         (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)       (52,265)       66,496         Effects of:       101       142         Depreciation add back       52,083       56,372         Capital allowances       (31,442)       (43,414)         Provision add back       170,750       -         191,492       13,100	4	Taxation			
U.K. corporation tax       139,227       79,596         Current tax charge       139,227       79,596         Deferred tax       Deferred tax charge/credit current year       (22,439)       (12,498)         Factors affecting the tax charge for the year       (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation       (174,218)       221,652         (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)       (52,265)       66,496         Effects of:       Non deductible expenses       101       142         Depreciation add back       52,083       56,372         Capital allowances       (31,442)       (43,414)         Provision add back       170,750       -         191,492       13,100		<b>.</b>	£	£	
Current tax charge         139,227         79,596           Deferred tax         Deferred tax charge/credit current year         (22,439)         (12,498)           116,788         67,098           Factors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation         (174,218)         221,652           (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)         (52,265)         66,496           Effects of:         Non deductible expenses         101         142           Depreciation add back         52,083         56,372           Capital allowances         (31,442)         (43,414)           Provision add back         170,750         -           191,492         13,100			400.007	70 500	
Deferred tax Deferred tax charge/credit current year  (22,439) (12,498)  116,788 67,098  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (174,218) 221,652  (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %) (52,265) 66,496  Effects of: Non deductible expenses 101 142 Depreciation add back 52,083 56,372 Capital allowances (31,442) (43,414) Provision add back 170,750 -  191,492 13,100		U.K. corporation tax	139,227	79,596	
Pactors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances (31,442) Provision add back (12,439) (12,498) (174,218) (174,		Current tax charge	139,227	79,596	
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation  (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)  (52,265)  (52,265)  66,496  Effects of: Non deductible expenses  101  142  Depreciation add back  52,083  56,372  Capital allowances  (31,442)  Provision add back  170,750  -  191,492  13,100		Deferred tax			
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (174,218) 221,652  (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %) (52,265) 66,496  Effects of: Non deductible expenses 101 142 Depreciation add back 52,083 56,372 Capital allowances (31,442) (43,414) Provision add back 170,750 -		Deferred tax charge/credit current year	(22,439)	(12,498)	
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (174,218) 221,652  (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %) (52,265) 66,496  Effects of: Non deductible expenses 101 142 Depreciation add back 52,083 56,372 Capital allowances (31,442) (43,414) Provision add back 170,750 -			116,788	67,098	
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation (174,218) 221,652  (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %) (52,265) 66,496  Effects of: Non deductible expenses 101 142 Depreciation add back 52,083 56,372 Capital allowances (31,442) (43,414) Provision add back 170,750 -		Factors affecting the tax charge for the year			
rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)  Effects of:  Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back  Capital allowances  Provision add back  101  142  52,083  56,372  (31,442)  (43,414)  170,750  191,492  13,100			(174,218)	221,652	
rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00 % (2001 : 30.00 %)  Effects of:  Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back  Capital allowances  Provision add back  101  142  52,083  56,372  (31,442)  (43,414)  170,750  191,492  13,100		(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard			
Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back  Capital allowances  Provision add back  101 142 52,083 56,372 (43,414) 170,750 - 191,492 13,100			(52,265)	66,496	
Depreciation add back 52,083 56,372 Capital allowances (31,442) (43,414) Provision add back 170,750 -  191,492 13,100		Effects of:			
Capital allowances (31,442) (43,414) Provision add back 170,750 -  191,492 13,100		Non deductible expenses	101	142	
Provision add back 170,750 - 191,492 13,100		Depreciation add back	52,083	56,372	
191,492 13,100		Capital allowances	(31,442)	(43,414)	
		Provision add back	170,750		
Current tax charge 139,227 79,596			191,492	13,100	
		Current tax charge	139,227	79,596	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

At 31 December 2001

5	Dividends		2002 £	2001 £
	Ordinary interim paid		142,057	
	The dividend was declared from 2001 retained reserves. At the sufficient distributable profits.	e time this was o	leclared, the co	ompany had
6	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2002	434,508	85,855	520,363
	Additions	5,143	38,427	43,570
	Disposals		(4,453)	(4,453)
٠.	At 31 December 2002	439,651	119,829	559,480
	Depreciation	<del></del>	41,	
	At 1 January 2002	164,859	23,048	187,907
	On disposals	-	(2,786)	(2,786)
	Charge for the year	142,538	33,859	176,397
	At 31 December 2002	307,397	54,121	361,518
	Net book value		<del></del> - <del></del>	<del></del>
	At 31 December 2002	132,254	65,708	197,962

7	Stocks	2002 £	2001 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	869,470	841,675

269,649

62,807

332,456

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

8	Debtors	2002	2001
		٤	£
	Trade debtors	311,495	180,879
	Other debtors	264,607	742,737
	Prepayments and accrued income	113,215	87,040
	Deferred tax asset (see note 11 )	34,937	12,498
		724,254	1,023,154
•	One distance are source followed to puist in a consumer	2000	2004
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002 £	2001 £
	Trade creditors	683,342	997,859
	Corporation tax	139,245	79,596
	Other taxes and social security costs	7,828	11,087
	Other creditors	148,287	44.004
	Accruals and deferred income	330,687	14,861
		1,309,389	1,103,403
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2002 £	2001 £
	Other loans	1,432,171	1,243,211
	Analysis of loans Wholly repayable within five years	1,580,458	1,243,211
	Included in current liabilities	1,580,458 (148,287)	1,243,211 -
		1,432,171	1,243,211
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	1,432,171	1,243,211

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

### 11 Provisions for liabilities and charges

	The deferred tax asset (included in the debtors, note 8) is made up as follows:		
	TOHOWS.	2002 £	
	Balance at 1 January 2002	(12,498)	
	Profit and loss account	(22,439)	
	Balance at 31 December 2002	(34,937)	
		2002 £	2001 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	(34,937)	(12,498)
12	Share capital	2002 £	2001 £
	Authorised		
	1,000 Ordinary £1 shares of £ 1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary £1 shares of £ 1 each	1	1
13	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss
			account
			£
	Balance at 1 January 2002		154,554
	Retained loss for the year		(433,063)
	Balance at 31 December 2002		(278,509)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2002	2001
•		£	£
	(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(291,006)	154,554
	Dividends	(142,057)	-
		(433,063)	154.554
	Proceeds from issue of shares	-	1
	Net (depletion in)/addition to shareholders' funds	(433,063)	154,555
	Opening shareholders' funds	154,555	-
	Closing shareholders' funds	(278,508)	154,555
	·		

#### 15 Financial commitments

At 31 December 2002 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	£	£	£	£
Expiry date:				
Within one year	71,420	-	-	-
Between two and five years	<u>-</u>	71,420 ————	4,555 	4,555
	71,420	71,420	4,555	4,555
				====

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

#### 16 Employees

#### **Number of employees**

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

year was.	2002 Number	2001 Number
Management	2	2
Warehouse & Operations	14	16
	16	18
Employment costs	£	£
Missan and polarica	242.445	422 200
Wages and salaries Social security costs	313,145 28,281	423,290 40,527
Social Security Costs	20,281	40,027
	341,426	463,817

#### 17 Control

The immediate parent company is Aeroboutique Inflight Retail SA, a company registered in France, and the ultimate parent company is Lagardere SCA, a company registered in France.

Lagardere SCA prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from - 4 Rue de Presbourg 75 116 Paris, France.