FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2003

A20 U140 COMPANIES HOUSE 07/08/04 *AM6ZDX7I*

#AM6ZDX71* 0349 COMPANIES HOUSE 29/07/04

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Directors' Report for the Period ended 30th June 2003

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period ended 30th June 2003.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company Law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those Financial Statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- ❖ Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- ❖ Prepare the financial statement on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principle Activity

The principle activity is that of computer services.

Directors

The directors at 30th June 2003 and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

B.C Jackett 1
J. D Jackett 1

This report, which has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act, 1985 applicable to small companies, was approved by the board on

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2003

	Notes	2003	<u>2002</u>
		£	$\underline{\mathfrak{x}}$
TURNOVER	1	126347	143951
Administrative expenses		83701	122520
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		42646	21431
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	7850	3627
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		34796	17804
DIVIDENDS RETAINED PROFIT BROUGHT FORWA	ARD	(25700) 1434	(20000) 3630
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED FORWA	KD	£ 10530	£1434

The company has no recognised gains other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 4 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet as at 30th June 2003

	Notes	2003 £	$\underline{\mathbf{f}}$	2002 £	${f au}$
Fixed assets		<u>&</u>	<u>&</u>	<u></u>	<u>æ</u>
Tangible assets	4		650		867
Current assets					
Debtors	5	40624		12565	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		204	
		40624		12769	
Creditors:					
Amounts falling due		9882			
within one year	6	30742		12200	
Net current liabilities					569
					##
			£ 10532		£ 1436
			=		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		2		2
Profit and loss account			10520		1424
Prom and loss account			10530		1434
Shareholders' funds	8		£ 10532		£ 1436

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985. No Notice has been received under Section 249B(2) of the Companies act 1985. The directors' acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 221 and for preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit for the year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to the accounts so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies were approved by the board on

NOTES to the financial statements for the period ended 30th June 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and include the results of the Company's operations which are described in the Directors' report and all of which are continuing.

The company had taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

2. Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of services supplied by the company net of Value Added Tax.

3. Tangible Fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases

- Computer equipment

- 25%

reducing balance

4. Deferred Taxation

No provision is made for taxation deferred as a result of material timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounts purposes, using the liability method in the opinion of the directors — there is no reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the near future.

NOTES to the financial statements for the period ended 30th June 2003 (Continued)

2. <u>OPERATING PROFIT</u>		
The operating profit is stated after charging:	2002	2002
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Depreciation of tangible assets award by	<u>£</u>	$\overline{\mathfrak{x}}$
Depreciation of tangible assets owned by the company	£ 217	£5693
the company	====	====
3. TAXATION		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
	$\overline{\mathbf{t}}$	$\underline{\mathbf{\mathfrak{t}}}$
UK corporation tax e20% (1998 21%)	7850	7160
Over provision previous years	(120)	195
	7720	7355
	7730 ======	7333 =====
4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
Cost	Computer Equipment	
	<u>£</u>	
Brought forward	2635	
Additions	-	
A coth v Coop		
As at 30 th June 2003	2635	
Depreciation	 1768	
Brought forward	1700	
Diought for ward		
Charge for the year	217	
	 -	
As at 30 th June 2003	1985	
Net book values	650	
At 30 June 2003	650	
At 30 June 2002	867	
71t 50 Julie 2002	====	
5. DEBTORS		
	<u>2002</u>	2003
Due within one year	$\overline{\mathfrak{t}}$	$\underline{\mathfrak{L}}$
Trade Debtors	24276	40623
		640200
	£24276	£40623

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NOTES to the financial statements for the period ended 30th June 2003 (Continued)

6	CREDITORS:	amounts falling due within one year.
<u>U, </u>	CILEDITORS.	amounts failing due within one year.

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
	£	$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{f}}}$
Corporation tax	7730	3627
Other creditors	23012	8573
	£ 30742	£ 12200
		==== =
7. SHARE CAPITAL		
	2003	<u>2002</u>
	${f extstyle \pm}$	$\underline{\mathbf{t}}$
Authorised		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

8. MOVEMENT ON SHARE HOLDERS FUNDS

Allotted called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each

	2003 £	2002 <u>£</u>
Opening shareholders funds	1434	3630
Retained profit for the year	9096	(2196)
Share capital	2	2
	£ 10532	£ 1436
	==	======

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 20003

	<u>2003</u>		<u>2002</u>	
	$\overline{\mathfrak{F}}$	$\underline{\mathfrak{L}}$	<u>£</u>	$\underline{\mathfrak{t}}$
Work Done		126347		143951
Administrative Expenses				
Rent and Rates	3462		-	
Salaries and NIC	26482		38301	
Directors Remuneration	34523		44000	
Pensions Contributions	2635		2396	
Printing, postage and stationary	548		570	
Advertising	4101		-	
Telephone	1371		2408	
Computer Costs	1719		812	
Travel	1154		965	
Motor Expenses	548		3396	
Entertaining	376		2417	
Professional	59		-	
Accountancy	~		200	
Consultancy fees	5484		20176	
Publications	72		-	
Bank Charges	319		248	
General Expenses	660		420	
Depreciation:				
Computer equipment	217		289	
Motor vehicle	-		5922	
	83730		122520	
	42617		21431	
Interest received	29		-	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY	42646		£ 21431	
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>			=====	