Registered no: 2721275

BSI Inspectorate Holdings PLC
Annual report
for the year ended 31 December 2004



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Annual report

for the year ended 31 December 2004

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2004

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

Principal activities

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The principal activities of the company have historically arisen from inspection and testing services over a range of commodities. It now acts primarily as a holding company for other group companies.

Review of business and future developments

The directors consider both the year-end position and the result for the year to be satisfactory. The company is expected to continue to act as a holding company for the foreseeable future.

The directors do not propose a final dividend for 2004 (2003: £nil).

It is not anticipated that the business will trade in the foreseeable future.

Directors

The directors of the company who served during the year ended 31 December 2004 are listed below:

R Mort

S Williams

C V Fenton

Directors' interests

No directors had any interests in the ordinary shares of the company at 31 December 2004 or 31 December 2003.

Creditor payment policy

The company does not follow any particular code or standard on payment practice, although the company endeavours to agree terms of payment with individual suppliers and to abide by those terms of payment. At 31 December 2004 and at 31 December 2003 the company did not have any trade creditors.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004. The directors also confirm that applicable accounting standards have been followed and that the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors to the Company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

Company secretary

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Independent auditors' report to the members of Inspectorate PLC

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the annual report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the directors' report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2004 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

52 July

2005

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
Turnover		-	-
Cost of sales		-	-
Gross profit		-	-
Net administrative costs		(3,416,166)	(96,921)
Operating (loss)		(3,416,166)	(96,921)
Interest receivable and similar income	2	590,521	1,125,123
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	(2,825,645)	1,028,202
Taxation on ordinary activities	5	(10,600)	(261,770)
(Loss)/profit for the year	11, 12	(2,836,245)	766,432

All income and expenses above relate to continuing operations.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2004

	2004 £	2003 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(2,836,245)	766,432
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments	-	(296,538)
Total gains and losses recognised	(2,836,245)	469,894

Balance sheet at 31 December 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
Fixed assets Investments	6	4,169,224	8,410,224
Current assets Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Cash at bank and in hand	7 7	25,008,984 4,832,177 3,945,962 33,787,123	29,641,041 5,770,558 35,411,599
Current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(23,876,139)	(23,342,870) (23,342,870)
Net current assets Total assets less current liabilities		9,910,984	12,068,729
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Net assets	9	14,080,208	(3,562,500) 16,916,453
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10 11	11,250,000 2,830,208	11,250,000 5,666,453
Equity shareholders' funds	12	14,080,208	16,916,453

The financial statements on pages 4 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 25 2005 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004

1 Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

In accordance with Financial reporting standard ('FRS') 18, "Accounting Policies", the directors confirm that the accounting policies used by the company are the most appropriate, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

No group accounts have been prepared as the company is a subsidiary in a group headed by an undertaking established in England and Wales and is included in the consolidated accounts of that undertaking.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available to it under FRS 1, which provides that where a company is a member of a group and the holding company produces a consolidated cash flow statement, the company does not have to prepare a cash flow statement.

Turnover, profit before taxation and net assets

These accounts do not contain an analysis of turnover, profit before taxation or net assets by geographical area, as the directors believe that this information would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company.

Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard 8 ("Related Party Transactions") not to provide details of transactions with other group companies.

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account. Forward contracts are held at fair value, which is determined with reference to year end exchange rates. Gains and losses are recorded in reserves to the extent that a hedging relationship with foreign currency assets and liabilities exists. Gains and losses on any forward contract in excess of foreign currency assets and liabilities are recorded in the profit and loss account.

Exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings to finance foreign equity investments have been taken to reserves to the extent of exchange differences arising on those equity investments, including loan balances, which are as permanent as equity.

Investments

Investments are valued at cost, except where the directors consider that there has been a permanent diminution in value. Provision is made against the cost of an investment to reduce its value where a permanent diminution is considered to have occurred.

Deferred taxation

The company provides for deferred tax in full at the rate of tax expected to apply when timing differences reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that they are considered recoverable in the future. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

2 Interest

All interest shown in the profit and loss account is receivable from group undertakings.

3 Directors' emoluments and employee information

No director of the company received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year (2003: £nil).

The average monthly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the year was three (2003: three).

4 (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation

(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after (crediting)/charging:

	2004 £	2003 £
Auditors' remuneration (statutory audit fees)	68,000	68,000
Impairment of investments	(4,241,000)	-
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(793,184)	50,097
		50,097

No amounts were recharged to other group companies for auditors' remuneration.

The investment impairment has arisen as a result of the reduction in value of the underlying investment.

Exchange gains arise from the company's hedging of the US Dollar exposures in other group companies.

5 Taxation on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

`	2004 £	2003 £
Current tax:	-	~
UK corporation tax on profits of the period	-	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	315	261,455
	315	261,455
Deferred tax:	10	215
Origination and reversal of timing differences	10,718	315
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(433)	-
	10,600	261,770

The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below;

	2004 £	2003 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate	(2,825,645)	1,028,202
of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003:30%)	(847,694)	308,460
Effects of:		
Expenses not allowable for tax purposes	1,270,258	-
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(236)	315
Effect of short-term timing differences	(10,482)	-
Group relief received for no payment	(411,846)	(219,814)
Impact of exchange movement taken to reserves	· · · ·	(88,961)
Adjustments to tax in respect of previous periods	315	261,455
Current tax charge for period	315	261,455

The Company's future tax charges will be dependent upon the availability of group relief at no cost from other group companies.

6 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in group undertakings £	Loans to group undertakings £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	4,862,224	3,548,000	8,410,224
Impairment At 1 January 2004 Charged in the year	- (4,241,000)	<u>.</u>	- (4,241,000)
At 31 December 2004	$(\overline{4,241,000})$		$(\overline{4,241,000})$
Net book value at 31 December 2003	4,862,224	3,548,000	8,410,224
Net book value at 31 December 2004	621,224	3,548,000	4,169,224

The company's major subsidiaries at 31 December 2004, which are both holding companies, were:

were:			
,, 4.0.	Class of shares	% interest	Country of incorporation or registration
Inspectorate (US) Limited Daniel C Griffith Holdings Limited	Ordinary Ordinary	100 100	England & Wales England & Wales
7 Debtors		2004 £	2003 £
Amounts falling due within one year Amounts owed by group companies Other debtors Deferred tax assets		3,448,882 1,382,586 709	5,753,733 5,831 10,994
Amounts falling due after more than one year Amount owed by group undertakings		4,832,177 25,008,984	5,770,558 29,641,041
		29,841,161	35,411,599

7 Debtors (continued)

The company's deferred tax assets comprise:	2004 £	2003 £
Arising on short term timing differences Accelerated capital allowances	- 709	10,048 946
	709	10,994
The movement in the company's deferred tax assets is as follows:		£
At 1 January 2004 Deferred tax charge in the profit and loss account Adjustment in respect of prior years		10,994 (10,718) 433
At 31 December 2004		709
The common has no unuse suited defermed to:		
The company has no unrecognised deferred tax.		
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2004 £	2003 £
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank overdraft Amounts owed to group undertakings 23,		£ 5,370,074 17,852,494
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank overdraft	£	£ 5,370,074
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank overdraft Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors Accruals	£ - ,806,439 -	£ 5,370,074 17,852,494 3,194
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank overdraft Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors Accruals	£ ,806,439 69,700 .876,139	£ 5,370,074 17,852,494 3,194 117,108 23,342,870
Bank overdraft Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors Accruals 23,	£ ,806,439 69,700 .876,139	£ 5,370,074 17,852,494 3,194 117,108 23,342,870

10 Called up share capital

	2004	2003
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
11,250,000 (2003: 11,250,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	11,250,000	11,250,000

11 Profit and loss account

	£
At 1 January 2004 Loss for the year	5,666,453 (2,836,245)
At 31 December 2004	2,830,208

12 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2004 £	2003 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Currency translation difference on foreign currency	(2,836,245)	766,432
net investments	-	(296,538)
Opening shareholders' funds	16,916,453	16,446,559
Closing shareholders' funds	14,080,208	16,916,453

13 Financial commitments

At 31 December 2004, the company had annual commitments under a non-cancellable operating lease as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Land and buildings Expiring in more than five years	46,095	46,095

Along with other group undertakings, the company has guaranteed certain loans of the British Standards Institution, which at 31 December 2004 amounted to £16.4 million (2003: £18.3 million), and the bank overdrafts of certain other group undertakings, which at 31 December 2004 amounted to £10.3 million (2003: £nil).

14 Immediate and ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BSI Investments B.V., which is registered in the Netherlands.

The directors regard the British Standards Institution ("BSI") as the ultimate controlling undertaking. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by BSI. The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from 389 Chiswick High Road, Chiswick, W4 4AL.