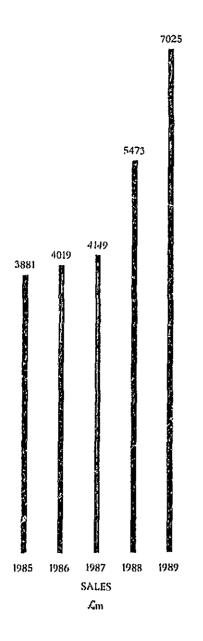
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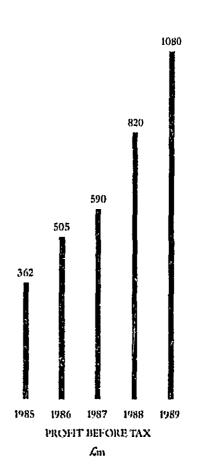
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# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Sales up 28%

Profit before tax up 32%



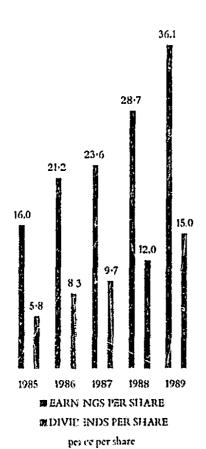


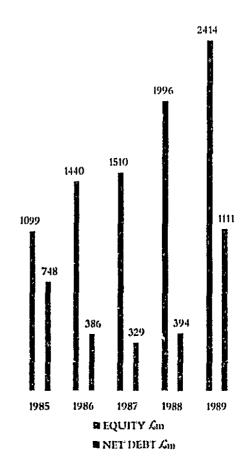
# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Earnings per share up 26%

Dividends per share up 25%

Gearing 46%





# **DIRECTORS & OFFICERS**

### Directors

Sir Owen Green	Chairman
J. C. Cahill	Managing Director
C. R. H. Bull	Finance Director
R. F. Faircloth	Executive Director Europe
N. C. Ireland	
A. R. Jackson	Managing Director BTR Nylex
H. W. Laughland	
E. E. Sharp	Chairman West
J. D. M. Smith	Executive Director Europe
L. J. Stammers	
G. J. Yardley	Executive Director Europe
	npany Secretary S. K. Williams

# Registered Office

Silvertown House, Vincent Square London SW1P 2PL Telephone 071-834 3848 Fax 071-834 3879 Telex 22524

# Registrars

Barclays Registrars Limited 6 Greencoat Place London SW1P IPL Telephone 071-828 4321

With effect from 29 June 1990: Bourne House, 34 Beckenham Road. Beckenham, Kent BR3 4 TU-Telephone 081-650 4866.

# SHAREHOLDERS REPORT

#### THE SCENE

The past year has witnessed much change.

The political patterns of Eastern Europe are being re-cast, to be followed in that process, perhaps, by national structures. The strong economies have strengthened and the weak weakened. The aspirations of the less affluent are heightening. However, some reflections on our annual reviews during the past twenty years suggest less significant movements in the business scene.

Reviewing 1969 we referred to the effect of inflationary costs and to overseas investmer an important feature of future browth.

In 1979 a theme was the flattering effect of world inflation, the stress of strikes and the continuing evasiveness of the long predicted recession in the USA.

For 1989 the scene again included universally rising inflation, even in uncustomary areas, signs of labour unrest which is a natural concomitant of inflationary pressures and a persisting apprehension of recession.

In the Western economics, growth was generated or supported by the ready availability of money, albeit at a price. In the East, a continuing expansion of the economics was based on more enduring factors.

And yet, the more things change, the more they are the same for BTR. They are the same challenges to our constant and consistent pursuit of that growth which excites and rewards employees and fulfils shareholders' expectations.

#### OUR PERFORMANCL

#### THE GROUP

1989 will be remembered as the year in which we passed through the & billion profit mark. After leaving the 'seventies on annual profits of £57 million, we leave the 'eighties on profits approaching twenty times that level. Ten years ago we were already the 34th largest UK company by market value. That rating has continued to improve. Our growth performance, whether measured in sales, profits or earnings per share has far exceeded the rates of inflation of any of the world's major economies and of the growth in their Gross National Product.

Operating profits for the year increased by 36%. Almost half of this increase was attributable to organic growth. Profit margins advanced to 17.6%, despite the initially dilutive effect of acquisitions.

Earnings per share of 36.1 pence grew by 26% – towards the higher end of our long-term compound growth range.

#### REGIONS

The European region remained the largest geographical contributor to earnings. Its profit growth, widely spread, was derived from volume increases and cost reduction gains, notably in the Paper group and the distribution businesses.

In the West the contributions from the Measurement & Flow Control companies purchased from Rockwell, and from the Schlegel Automotive & Building products group, advanced that region's total profits to new levels.

The Asia Pacific region fully justified our commitment over the

years, producing results which encourage further investment. The more recent acquisitions have done much more than counter a marked but cyclical downturn in the Taiwan plastics operations.

Our continental African interests had an outstanding year. They are well located to serve an undeniable growth in demand throughout that region long into the future.

A glance at the financial information on pages 38 and 39, and at the Ten Year Record on page 60, will show that on almost all generally accepted management indices we have improved our performance and added strength in-the-round to our many and varied operations. The dimensions of our own field of vision have always been more significant to BTR than the fashionably restrictive cult of focus pursued by others.

Ten years ago 63% of our profits derived from Europe. Today no region accounts for more than 40% and no single business sector contribution exceeds 30% of the whole.

# THE BALANCE SHEET

#### VALUATIONS

The book value of shareholders' funds has risen to £1.6 billion. This compares with a market value of shares and warrants, at the year end, in excess of £8 billion.

Differences of such magnitude are little understood by most shareholder individuals, and current accounting trends relating to the treatment of intangible assets will probably serve only to confuse a wider readership. Simplicity in presentation, even at some cost to formula-driven accounting conventions, has its own merit.

#### DERT

The increase in net debt to £1,111 million reflects, in the main, acquisition finance. Profit available to cover finance costs remained at a conservative level of eight times those costs. After-tax revenue cash of £1,000 million derives from many streams of wealth creation sourced from our world operations. That flow provides much nourishment for our growth plans and prospects far into the future.

#### WARRANTS

Following the success of our first free issue of Warrants 1992/93, a second free issue of Warrants 1993/94 was made in November 1989. We continue to seek ways of helping the market to determine the full value of an investment in BTR.

## NEW INVESTMENT

Whilst reinvestment of fixed capital in existing businesses was increased over an already high level, we enjoyed the compounded benefits of earlier capital spends from the improvements in productivity and quality and in the upgrading of capacities, where appropriate.

#### CAPITAL INVESTMENT

The new capital investments were made across the broad span of our operations and amounted to £449 million – a substantial further increase on the previous year. Much of this commitment was to the Asia Pacific region, mainly in glass packaging and other consumer orientated operations as well as in building construction.

The substantial and continuous re-equipment programme necessary to maintain world leadership in the valuable paper

machine clothing business was well conducted.

Our commitment to the automobile industry was deepened through further plant investment and by acquisition.

#### ACQUISITIONS

Acquisitions announced in 1988 fulfilled and, in some instances, exceeded our high expectations during 1989. The ACI companies in the Asia Pacific region and in the USA, strengthened by heavy capital investment, made fine contributions to our results and the quality of their resources in people and equipment augurs well for their future growth.

In the West the Measurement and Flow Control companies, whose acquisition was completed in March 1989, have been restructured. Their results and their prospects are fully up to the challenge of far-reaching objectives.

The purchase of Schlegelin January 1989 has broadened our environmental seal technology and our business in the automotive and the building industries – both important sectors of our whole group. Their management is responding well in a testing transformation of values resulting from their fine efforts.

Strategic acquisitions by the Paper group in Finland, Brazil, Italy and France have fitted well and rewardingly into the mosaic of its world structure.

#### DIVESTMENTS

These included the National Tyre Service distribution chain and Angus Fluid Scals in the United Kingdom and Marbon Chemicals in Australia, which no longer fitted future plans.

#### THE CRITERIA

From time to time the academics, the politicians and the media run an issue pejoratively labelled "shorttermism". The expression might apply to the views of economists - it was Keynes who said "When the facts change so do I." It could apply to the five year horizon of governments. It adequately describes the 24 hour life of the majority of media messages. It fittingly describes the antics of those security analysts who may seek to promote dealing revenue through the se of the label "trading stock."

When used to characterise growth corporations and their investment and acquisition strategies "short-termism" is often conversationally glib and always strategically ethereal. A paramount business logic having been established, we have a simple requirement of capital investment, whatever its size or however strategically important. It is that it should yield a cash positive result of significant impact within a reasonable time-frame so as to regenerate the continuing growth process.

Thus, in the past ten years and after excluding the costs of acquisitions, our capital investment in business assets has exceeded £1,400 million.

Over three years, including 1990, new cash investment in our existing businesses is running at the transfer our return on capital energy at 42%, is amongst the property on a world scale, in any an arable manufacturing industry.

# SHAREHOLDERS REPORT

#### RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

Each business supports development capable of satisfying the identifiable and projected needs of the marketplace. There are considerable variations in the requirements, from zero in pure distribution activities up to 10% of revenues in high technology areas. Sales turnover in R&D supported activities amounted to £5 billion.

#### NORTON COMPANY (USA)

On 16 March, 1990 we announced a cash tender offer of US\$1,643 million (approx) for Norton Company of Worcester, Massachusetts, USA, a leading world manufacturer of abrasives, advanced ceramics, performance plastics and chemical process products.

#### THE ORGANISATION

The substantial capital employed in the group is in the care of 106,000 employees. The scale is now very different from that involving 24,000 people ten years ago, but the skills, the dedication and their impact are the same.

The software of human ingenuity, energy and experience appreciates in value even faster than the cost of the hardware represented by machine and process sophistication. The timeless effect of the collective strength of our workers, whether of a section, a factory, a company or of the BTR Group as a whole, sustains our reputation as the "all-weather" growth company.

## THE COMPANY

At the year end there were more than 121,000 shareholders (1988: 118,000) in your Company, which

continued to rank within the 10 largest in the UK by market value. Not least because of our size, we regularly examine alternative, though rarely new, forms of ownership structure as they appear. Unbundling, focusing (whatever that implies), Keiretsu-grouping - each may have some advantage, for example in enhancing shareholder value. In a variety of economies and against differing legislative and political backcloths, our own style of evolutionary development has served well our customers, our workers and our shareholders.

In short – so far, so good.

#### THE FUTURE

The opportunities to be provided for the major economies in a restructuring process in Eastern Europe are, like those in China, unlikely to be significantly productive in the near term. Nonetheless they do exist and they will be grasped. As a group with a broadly-based manufacturing presence we will seek to develop that advantage in those markets as they develop.

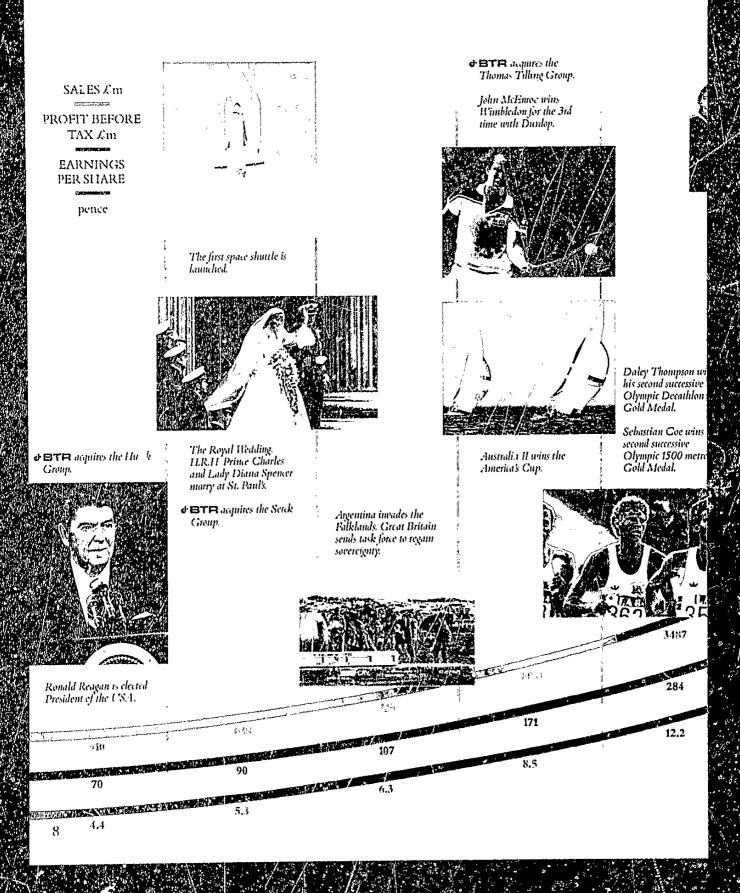
More immediate prospects are to be seen in the light of many economic signals set at 'caution'. Whilst, therefore, the going may be tougher we are planning for the twentyfourth consecutive year of growth that hallmark of the BTR organisation.

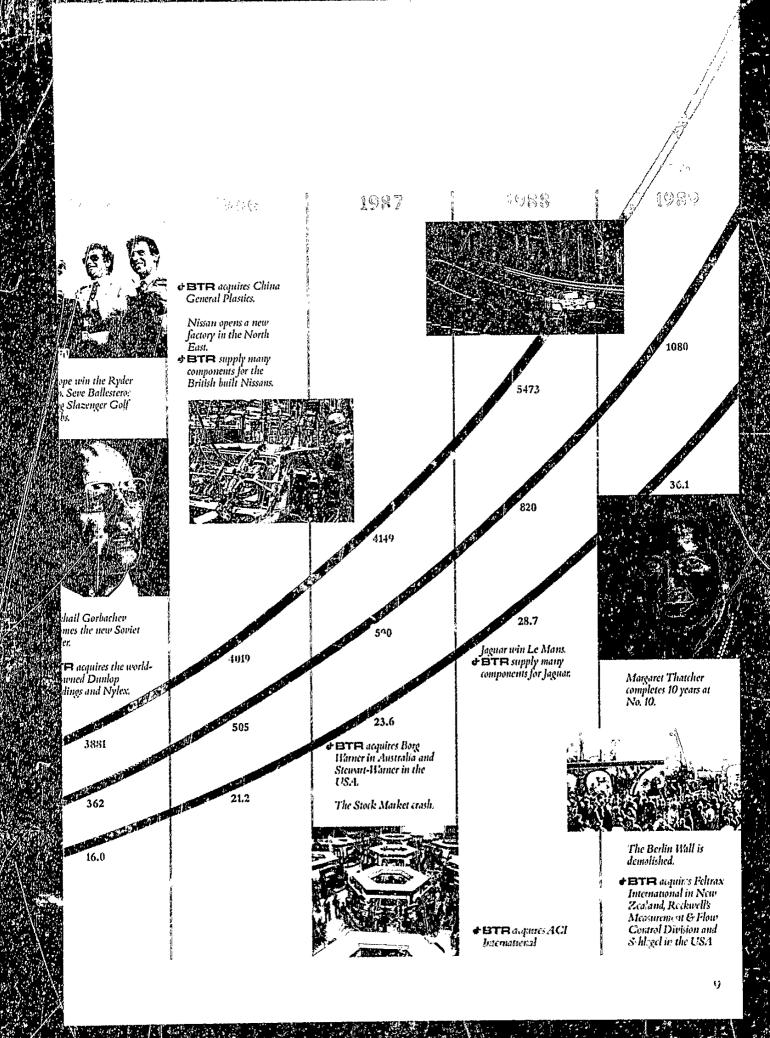
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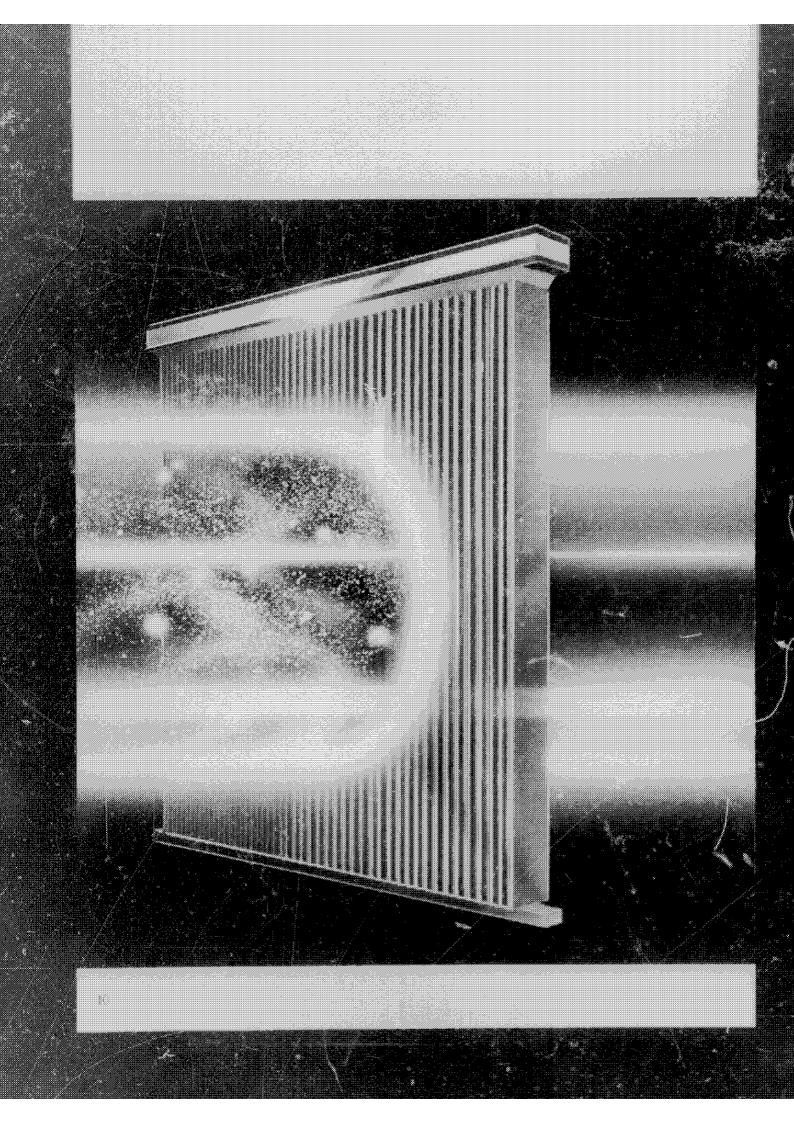
Chairman

Managing Director

# THE PERFORMANCE OF THE DECADE







# INDUSTRIAL

#### REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

### SALES

£mi	llions	
1989	1988	% increase
1310	1171	11.9%

# TRADING PROFIT

£mi	llions	
1989	1988	% increase
213	210	1.4%

The continuing worldwide need to increase investment in new plant and equipment bolstered demand for BTR industrial products.

A combination of the ceaseless drive for productivity, the need for substantial investment in plant and equipment in Eastern Europe, and concern about the environment underpins BTR's expectation for further growth of industrial markets through the 1990s.

**ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIFS** 

Companies producing goods and services that improve the environment, generally experienced strong demand. The DCE Group had another good year. With governments throughout the world passing increasingly stringent dust control and environmental legislation, DCE is well placed to assist in providing solutions to many pollution problems. Vokes and Hoffman Air and Filtration also experienced strong demand for their products.

MATERIALS HANDLING

AND POWER TRANSMISSION Steady growth was maintained by most of the materials handling companies around the world. Dunlop-Enerka in Holland and Dunlop Hi-Flex in Finland and Sweden produced particularly good results, and the Industrial Products Division of BTR Dunlop in South Africa and Apex Belting in Australia achieved significant cost reductions and productivity improvements.

Global demand for industrial power transmission products remained strong and The Hansen Transmissions Group achieved a substantial improvement in profitability. The recent investment in an Electronic Drive Product Centre in Belgium will enable Hansen Transmissions to penetrate the growing market for AC and DC speed variation units. Winfred M Berg in the USA had an outstanding year and developed a new metric product range and catalogue to further develop exports.

GENERAL INDUSTRIAL The majority of BTR's industrial rubber and plastics companies produced solid performances against a background of broadly static markets. The progress of Lonstroff-BTR and the Schlegel industrial companies were particularly commendable. Results from BTR's engineering units were mixed. The performances of the heat exchange companies were encouraging but that of Bassick, the castor manufacturer fell well short of expectations.

PLASTICS AND CHEMICALS

The Taiwanese plastics companies experienced change in their market conditions. Reduced worldwide demand and increased capacity resulted in lower prices but good progress is being made in improving product quality and efficiency. Technology transfer from BTR Nylex is enabling China General Plastics to develop more value added products and decrease dependence on chemicals. Longer term prospects for Taiwan remain good and Nylex is continuing to invest in projects to provide a stable source of raw materials and a broader range of added value businesses.

In Australia, Vinyl Products showed a steady improvement throughout the year as new products were introduced and new equipment came on stream.

DCE's revolutionary Sintamatic filter - a significant advance on traditional f. bric systems.



# REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

#### SALES

£mi	llions	
1989	1988	% increase
946	846	11.8%

## TRADING PROFIT

£mil	lions	
1989	1988	% increase
196	146	34.2%

At the beginning of the year most markets were buoyant. Demand fell in the North American car market during the second half of the year followed by some weakening in the UK market in the fourth quarter. The Australian market retained its strength throughout the year. Worldwide demand for aerospace and railway systems remained strong.

During the year Schlegel Corporation, manufactur of door and glass sealing systems in North America and Europe and Haskon Inc., a leading manufacturer of aircraft seals in the United States, were acquired to strengthen BTR's core businesses. A European Automotive Group was created recognising BTR's commitment to, and investment in, automotive component production activities. National Tyre Service was sold as it did not fit BTR's longer term strategy.

Concorde is fitted with many BTR products including brakes, a heefs and tyres and a cargo hold of woven glass landnate

#### AUTOMOTIVE OEM

Results from the majority of BTR's automotive companies were good. The operations within the European Automotive Group were awarded major contracts by Nissan, Rover, Ford. Audi, General Motors and Volvo. Group companies strengthened their ties with Japanese component manufacturers to optimise business potential with future Japanese car plants in the UK and Europe. Dunlop Automotive Composites, a joint venture with Ford Motor Company of Detroit, was set up to develop innovative lost-core technology for composite engine manifolds and other engine compartment components.

Profitability advanced strongly in North America. Schlegel Automotive successfully pursued a programme of product and facility rationalisation, and productivity improvement. Substantial new business contracts were signed with Ford and General Motors and Schlegel won inclusion in Chrysler's strategic suppliers list.

The Australian automotive industry is being encouraged by government policy to enhance efficiency and promote exports. BTR Nylex's companies are responding to this initiative by investing in new technology to reduce cost and to develop higher value-added products. The highlight of the year was the successful launch of the Model 85 Automatic transmission by BTR Engineering.

AUTOMOTIVE AFTERMARKET International Radiator Services had another very good year. In the UK Serck Marston acquired six radiator shops bringing the total number of outlets to 94. In the United States Serck Services Inc. continued to build a chain of radiator service centres and commenced manufacturing radiator components. The Middle East operations set new performance records.

Restructuring at Stewart-Warner Alemite is producing much improved results. Operating controls have been revised and customerservice greatly improved.

#### TYRE TECHNOLOGY

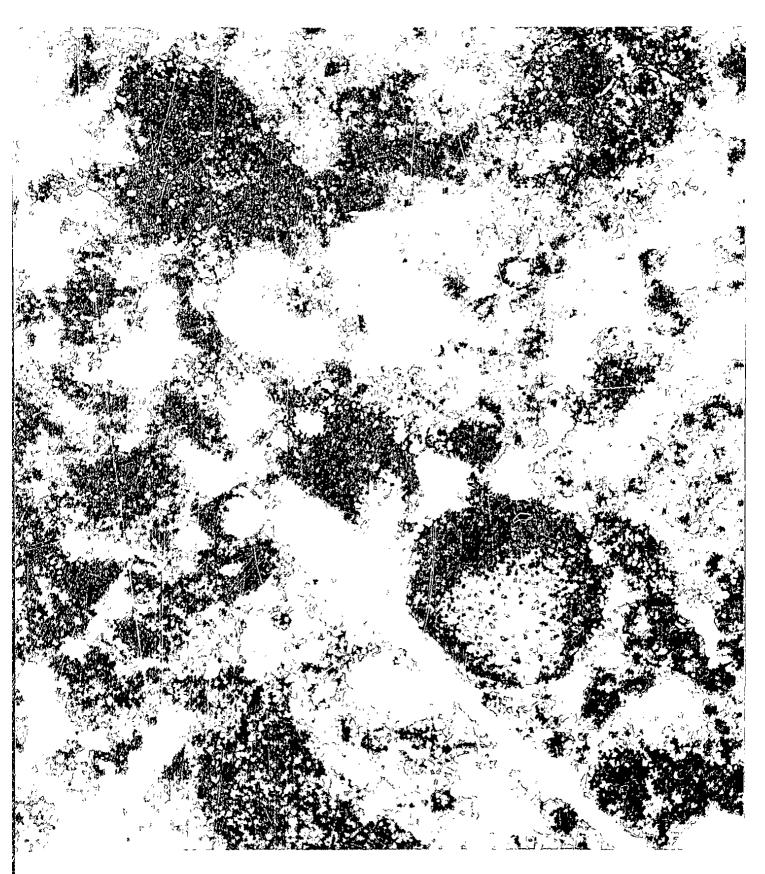
Dunlop Overseas, supplying tyres, tyre technology and a variety of other products, produced record profits. BTR Dunlop in South Africa achieved its best results ever in a broadly static market and successfully launched the new SP-33 range of steel belted tyres for both cars and trucks.

## AEROSPACE

Dunlop Aviation won important new aircraft contracts to supply wheels and brakes for the Jetstream 41 and brake management systems for the Dornier 328, during a year in which the number of commercial aircraft worldwide, equipped with *Dunlop* carbon brakes, grew significantly. Serck Aviation and Dunlop Precision Rubber continued to achieve excellent results. Haskon has been restructured to improve profitability.

#### RAIL

Sales to the railways grew strongly. In the UK Metalastik made a significant break-through with Metalastik Hourglass Springs for ultra-high speed trains. In Southern Africa Rubber and Allied carried out a major rail fastener contract on the Mozambique-Zimbabwe live.



## REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

#### SALES

£ mi	llions	
1989	1988	% increase
1979	1375	43.9%

## TRADING PROFIT

£mi	lions	
1989	1988	% increase
329	227	44.9%

Most companies experienced strong demand in the early part of 1989. Market conditions in the US and UK softened in the second half. In Australia demand held throughout the year. Against the changing environment, results were good and companies are well placed to respond to the opportunities of the next decade.

Amatek, as part of Feltrax, was acquired at the beginning of the year. Amatek is a major manufacturer of building materials, specialising in concrete products, quarry products and roll formed metal building components. Operations are conducted in Australia and in the United States.

AGGREGATES AND CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS Management restructuring at Tilcon UK created a productbased organisation with improved customer service. The Quarry Products Division made a significant investment in new plant at the Douglasmuir Quarry near Glasgow and acquired Ball Mill Sand and Gravel in the Midlands. The Concrete and Mortar Division opened a number of readymixed concrete plants and built on its product leadership in mortar by expanding into previously uncovered areas. State government deficits and high interest rates have depressed demand in Tilcon Inc's market in the northeastern United States. Commendably, Tilcon has taken the necessary steps to meet the challenge by cutting costs, improving service and maximising cash flow. Longer term, the substantial infrastructure revitalisation needs in the region will provide a more favourable market outlook.

Virtually all companies in the Nylex Building Products Group improved profitability. Although demand is not expected to be as bouyant in 1990, companies will benefit from major capital expenditure programmes which are reducing the cost base, improving material utilisation and raising profitability.

Amatek was helped by strong market demand and the acquisition of K.H. Stramit and Amtel in Australia. Profits more than doubled in 1989. Nylex see good prospects for developing Amatek into a worldwide business through a combination of organic growth and strategic acquisition.

CONSTRUCTION STRVICES
Pascon had a record year despite

the slowdown in demand in the UK construction industry. Palmer Scaffolding secured a noteworthy three year maintenance contract from ICI Grangemouth and won a number of prestigious contracts. The recently introduced portable site accommodation and specialist pump hire service businesses are developing well. Kee Klamps Group produced excellent results and continued to benefit from its expanding distribution network.

BUILDING SUPPLIES
AND HOME IMPROVEMENTS
Graham Builders' Merchants
uplifted profitability was significant for a year when trading
conditions were not encouraging.
Ten new branches were opened
and four acquired, making a total
of 140 outlets at the year-end.
Bathroom and kitchen product
ranges were revised and extended
to include a new A La Carte range
of up-market bathrooms.

Pilkington's Tiles Holdings improved profitability throughout the 1980's and new major investments were made to enable the group to maintain momentum. In the UK, investment in two new fast fire kilns has enabled Pilkington's Tiles UK to increase capacity for both wall and floor tiles, and reduce unit production costs. In South Africa a new monocottura floor tile plant has recently come on stream.

Since becoming part of BTR at the beginning of the year, Schlegel Building Products Group has, through production and other improvements, significantly uplifted profitability despite a slowdown in most of the companies' markets.

Polypropylene fibres give Tilcon's metal lathing plaster added flexutal and water repelling properties.



# CONTROL SYSTEMS & ELECTRICAL

# REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

### SALES

£mi	lions	
1989	1988	% increase
1077	883	22.0%

### TRADING PROFIT

£mi	lions	
1989	1988	% increase
136	94	44.7%

In order to reflect a changing emphasis this business segment has been redesignated Control Systems and Electrical.

BTR acquired the Measurement and Flow Control Division from Rockwell in March 1989. The acquisition makes BTR's Valve Group the largest quarter-turn valve manufacturer in the world. The division has been re-organised into separate product-oriented business units including five valve companies. The remaining five companies are now called the BTR Metering Group.

Control systems remained broadly static with modest growth in automated valve products and high specification valves for the chemical and processing industries. BTR discontinued some oil industry supply activities that did not fit its longer term strategy.

Demand for electrical products remained strong in the first half of 1989, but the slowdown in the building industry led to softness in certain markets in the second 1 off.

BTR companies are major suppliers of valves, actuators, filters and electrial products to the chemical industries

FIOW MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL

Sensus Technologies, the leading supplier of clean water measurement equipment, is expanding its market with patented Tonchread automated meter reading equipment. Equimeter, a major supplier of meters, regulators and instrumentation for the gas industry, is developing a new residential gas meter and also sees scope to incorporate Tonchread technology. Smith Blair, manufacturing pipe repair clamps and fittings, also achieved much improved results.

BTR Valve Group continued to make solid progress with particularly good results by Worcester Controls in the UK, United States and Canada. Marpac, Nordstrom **Valves** McCanna have improved profitability substantially since becoming part of the BTR Valve Group. Nonetheless, their returns on sales remain below the Group average, demonstrating the potential for further improvement in 1990. Worcester Controls won a major contract to supply valves on six new submarines to be constructed for the Royal Australian Navy over the next five years.

#### INSTRUMENTATION

Stewart-Warner Hobbs had a record year and brought a number of new products into the market place. Stewart-Warner Electronics won a major contract from the Korean Defence Agency for IPF equipment. Stewart-Warner Instruments had a poor year, but plans are well advanced to move the company into new manufacturing facilities in the South West of the United States.

THEGREGAL DISTRIBUTION Newey & Eyre, the leading electrical wholesaler in the UK, made sound progress despite the slowdown durl , the second half of the year. Sixteen branches were opened during the year bringing the total number near to 200. Newey & Eyre has invested heavily in computing and telecommunications to retain competitive advantage in the 1990s and is spearheading an industry wide initiative on electronic data interchange (EDI). EDI will provide customers with direct access to estimating, stock availability and ordering. Wellco, supplying electrical products to the DIY market, produced disappointing results due to a fall off in demand.

The development of the "distribution centre" concept and tight cost controls helped Summers Electric in the United States increase its profits despite a static market. In the Far East, Newey & Eyre showed .. substantial improvement in the second half and Tamco Cutler-Hammer invested in plastic and metal components facilities to increase value-added opportunities.



# CONSUMER RELATED

### REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

#### SALES

£ mi	llions	
1989	1988	% increase
1713	1198	43.0%

## TRADING PROFIT

£ mi	lions	
1989	1988	% increase
365	237	54.0%

Most areas of activity experienced modest improvements in demand. The footwear, bedding and furniture markets in the UK were depressed and the packaging market in Australia was restrained by lower consumer spending as a result of high interest rates.

The Commercial Interiors Group was acquired with Feltrax at the beginning of the year. The Group operates in Australia, New Zealand and the United States and manufactures commercial furniture, furniture systems, modular carpets and partitions.

## PAPER AND PRINTING

The BTR Paper Group has produced outstanding results throughout the 1980s and further excellent progress was made in 1989. Acquisitions in Finland, Brazil, Italy and France have been an important element in BTR. Paper Group's recent success and further strategic acquisitions are being sought.

Arants, a Sanchez rose to number 3 in world tenns rankings in 1989, winning the French Open with Slazenger's new wide body racket.

#### SPORTS AND FASHION

Golf continued to be the main area of opportunity for Dunlop Slazenger. The company achieved profitable market share growth in Europe and North America with its Maxfli and Slazenger brands. Racket Division was able to strengthen its position in the premium sector by the introduction of a new generation of "wide body" graphite frames. The UK Puma franchise had another successful year.

Pretty Polly built on its successful 1988 introduction of the *Nylons* brand and again demonstrated its technical and marketing leadership with the launch of the world's most sheer 5 denier tights and stockings.

#### HEALTH CARE

The Healthcare companies improved profitability despite difficult market conditions for the rehabilitation companies. The Nunc Group, manufacturing laboratory products in Denmark and the USA, had another successful year. The market for Bear Medical Products was very strong. In the US demand for the newly released Bear 3 Ventilator was very high and new records were set in export markets which included notable contracts for infaut ventilators with the USSR.

#### PACKAGING

BTR Nylex's Packaging Division met its profit objectives despite difficult market conditions. A number of investment projects enabled the Glass Division to improve productivity and lower costs. Companies in the Pacific Ri-1 achieved significant profitability improvements and investment programmes are underway in the Malaysian, Indonesian and Thailand plants in order to meet expected

demand. The Plastics Division made good progress, withdrawing from many commodity products and stepping up new product development.

#### ELECTRONIC

POINT OF SALE (EPOS) SYSTEMS In the ADS Anker Group the major product success in the year was the market response to the top of the range System 49, which is now being used by a wide range of retail operations including supermarkets, restaurants and passenger ferry lines.

#### INTERIOR FURNISHINGS

1989 was a year of rapid change for the furniture and bedding companies. The Rest Assured Group achieved good progress despite difficult market conditions. During the year G. T. Rackstraw, a manufacturer of high quality reproduction 18th Century furniture was acquired. Dunlopillo launched a range of Kontur beds, developed jointly in the UK and Germany. While the UK bedding market was depressed, demand in Germany was very strong.

The companies within the Commercial Interiors Group are market leaders in Australia and New Zealand, and considerable investment in technology and product development is underway at Allsteel, to exploit market opportunity in the United States.

In the Feltex Carpets Group, earnings recovered strongly in 1969, and continued attention to cost control and methods of distribution holds the key to growing the business in the 1990s.

# THE ENVIRONMENT AND THE COMMUNITY

BTR companies are committed to continuing profitable business growth along with a responsible attitude towards the health and safety of their staff, the well-being of the communities in which they are present and the protection of the environment. Individually and collectively they and their employees have given freely in time and energy and financial support to help numerous international, national and local movements.

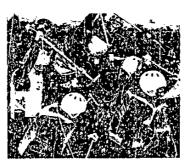
While only a small number of these activities can be mentioned here, all those who have contributed deserve our recognition and thanks.

#### THE ENVIRONMENT

All BTR group companies maintain stringent policies with regard to environmental issues. Some companies like DCE and Vokes are directly involved in the field of environmental protection, but there are many examples of BTR companies and staff demonstrating awareness and concern for the environment.

Tilcon scored a notable success with the restoration of Farnham Quarry near Knaresborough in Yorkshire. As part of an ongoing programme for its quarr'es, Tilcon has returned the area to agriculture and a major sailing centre and nature reserve, now administered both by the Ripon Sailing Club and local naturalist societies. Sand Martins have established nesting sites and Snow Geese and Ospreys have become regular visitors to the reserve.

Alkathene tubing donated by Goodman Groggan is helping the Gambian Wildlife and Conservation Department to create artificial breeding and nursery



BTR's White Water racers raised over £13,400 for charity.

pools for the endangered Dwarf Crocodile.

Metalastik has been involved in several projects, located in Denmark, Belgium and South Wales, which are investigating alternative energy production through windpower generators.

Concargo has succeeded in reducing by 50 per cent the chloro-fluorocarbons in the panels it makes for refrigerated vehicles. The company is confident it will be able to eliminate all CFCs in the panels by 1992 – well ahead of the Montreal Protocol.

With more than seven million sheets of paper consumed each year in computer listings, Newey & Eyre have now switched to using recycled paper for print-outs.

A flexible cage, able to withstand high waves and winds, developed by **Dunlop Aquaculture** provides for viable offshore salmon farming and is becoming recognised as an important contribution by an expanding industry concerned with environmental issues.

DCE - winner of the Prix de Promotion Internationale de l'Industrie - has been active in Europe and the United States in projects investigating incineration products, acid rain and other critical air pollution are as.



Sand Martin nexts in the restored quarry at Farnham.

#### THE COMMUNITY

On learning of their desperate need, Intermed donated a Bear Medical Systems portable emergency ventilator to volunteer doctors involved in the Hampshire, Berkshire and Surrey Immediate Care Scheme – which provides for on-the-spot life support to persons involved in road accidents.

More than 150 Pretty Polly employees from the company's factory at Sutton-in-Ashfield raised over £2,000 in the Annual Sherwood Forest sponsored walk, making a total of £4,000 that they have raised in order to help equip a new hospice at nearby Mansfield.

A large rubber ball, on loan from Leyland & Birmingham Rubber, won first prize in the Preston Carnival for the children of the Elswick Play Group who decorated the ball with coloured bits of paper to form a globe.

Revvo Castors and Cimex raised £500 for the cancer unit of Christchurch Hospital. Staff at Graham Builders' Merchants raised £2,335 for BBC Children In Need by organising "Casino Nights" for customers and suppliers.

Teams from 24 BTR companies raised over £13,400 for the British Heart Foundation and the Muscular Dystrophy Society in the group's

# THE ENVIRONMENT AND THE COMMUNITY



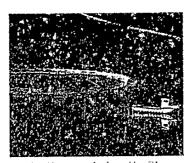
DGE's group cafeteria, winner of the Heartbeat Award for healthy eating.

annual white-water raft race. And Colin Woodford of Dunlop Oil & Marine overcame the debilitating effects of Cerebral Palsy to walk the 26 miles of the Humber Marathon, raising £1,000 for charities devoted to help children also suffering from the disease.

Among the many hundreds of pounds raised by staff throughout the group during Comic Relief Day was £233 raised by three "gangsters" at BTR Farington, who held colleagues to ransom and then added to the takings by holding a raffle.

In addition to their various fund raising activities many BTR employees support charities – including Save the Children, Dr Barnardos' Homes, British Red Cross Society – through payroll deductions.

Many BTR companies are actively involved in or initiate schemes to promote understanding of the role and importance of business and industry among teachers and students. Dunlop Precision Rubber joined the Industrial Support Group at Coalville's Castle Rock High School. Besides hosting a series of factory visits by staff and students, the division helped plan the school's new technology course and has received a party of leading educationalists investigating successful school industry



New flexible cages make for viable offshore farming of salmov

links. **Dunlop Zimbabwe** has committed 200,000 Kwachas to building a science room for Nsansa School.

Many companies provide for practical help and advice to persons wanting to set up in business by seconding members of staff.

Permali is providing senior managers to act as business advisers to a group of local sixth form students engaged on an extra curricular activity to set up, and run their own business over ten months.

Character building ventures for young people, such as Operation Raleigh, The Society for Environment Expansion, and the Sail Training Association continue to have active support from many companies including Vokes and Dunlop Precision Rubber. Other companies have sought to sustain interest in sports among youngsters. Dunlop Slazenger has launched a Squash Roadshow designed to introduce the game to 9-16 year olds, at 27 venues. And Puma is sponsoring newly built indoor sports centres in Sunderland and Wigan.

## THAITH AND SAIFTY

It is the aim of BTP to safeguard the health and safety of all its employees whilst at work, and to pursue a policy which as far as reasonably possible, ensures that:



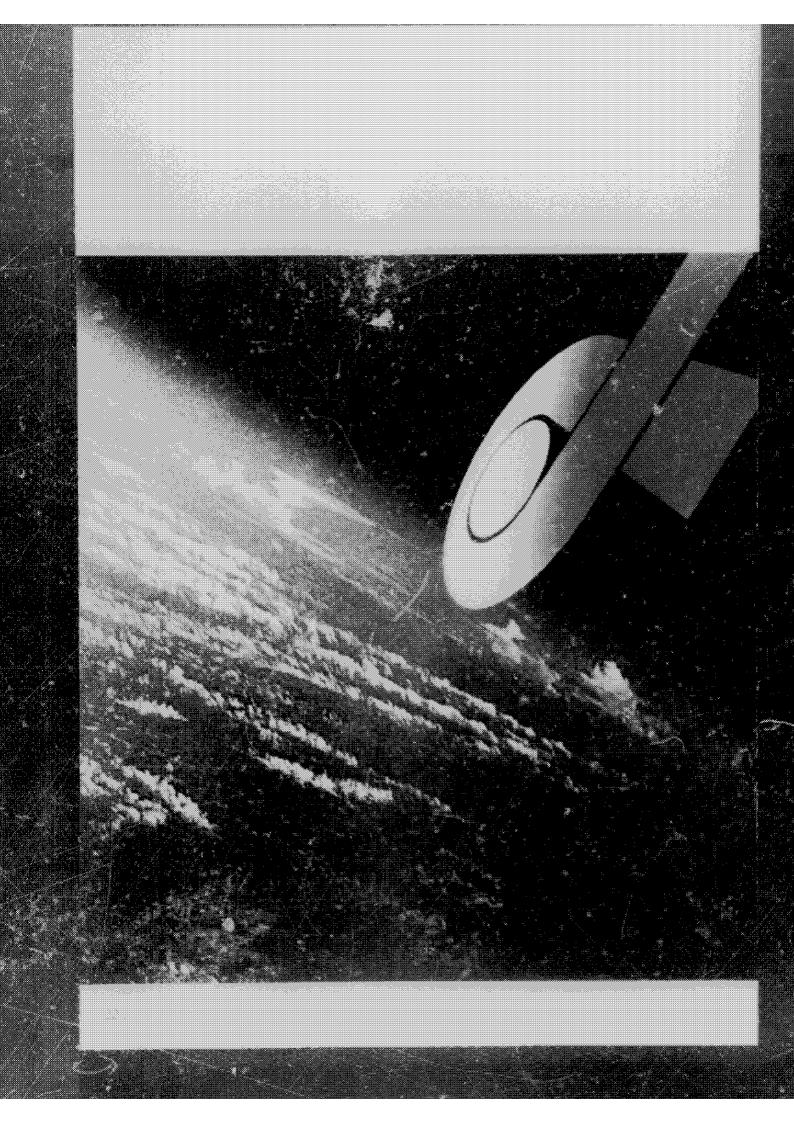
Intermed docuted a portable ventilator to a home countros flying doctor scheme

a sound working environment is maintained at all its operating locations, along with full compliance with relevant statutory provisions; and adequate standards of advice, training and instruction in these matters are provided and maintained at all levels.

The high standards of safety ar BTR companies were again recognised by both national and industrial bodies. Palmers Scaffolding beat over 100 other contenders to be awarded the Esso Safety Challenge Shield for their safety record at Fawley Refinery. The DCE Group cafeteria became the first cafeteria in Leicestershire to win the Heartbeat Award – a national certificate for caterers active in the fight against coronary heart disease.

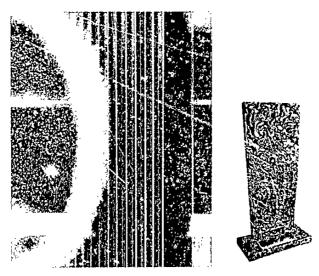
#### EQUAL RIGHTS

It is the Group's policy to ensure that there are equal opportunities for recruitment, training and promotion for all employees irrespective of sex, race, nationality or religious beliefs. Similarly it is policy to ensure that it saided people have equal opportunity for engagement, training and promotion wherever possible.



# PRINCIPAL OPERATING BUSINESSES

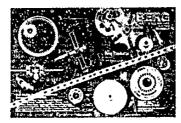
### **INDUSTRIAL**



DCE Group, Europe's largest manufacturer of industrial dust control equipment, has ten subsidiaries around the world supplying almost every major industry.



Vokes designs and manufactures liquid and air filter systems and has industrial metal bellows and has operations in the UK, Holland and the USA.



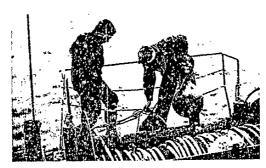


The companies of the Clarkson Industries Group manufacture a wide variety of products; three supply environmental equipment. Hoffinan (tiltration), Airflow (air conditioning), and Atmos Eagineering (heating and ventilating installations). Other companies in the group include BAE (automated baggage handling equipment) and Winfred M. Berg spreasion engineering components).

#### INDUSTRIAL



A leading worldwide producer of tubber, steel cord and PVC conveyor belting, BTR supplies to a variety of industries such as mining, power generation and agriculture. The main conveyor belting companies are BTR Farington in the UK, Dunlop-Enerka in Holland, Dunlop CCT in Belgium, BTR Dunlop in South Africa and Apex Belting in Australia.



BTR is also a leading supplier of industrial and hydraulic hose with a number of plants in the UK, Europe, South Africa and Australia. Dunlop Hiflex in the UK and Europe supplies a wide variety of hydraulic hose assemblies and related products.



The Hansen Transmissions Group is an international specialist in the manufacture of transmissions and gear speed reducers used in machinery for mining, engineering, power generating and many other industries.



BTR is a major supplier of industrial rubber and plastic products. BTR Silvertown, Leyland and Birmingham and Durdop GRG Division in the UK; Lonstroff-BTR in Switzerland; Peter-BTR in Germany; BTR Durdop in South Africa and Empire Rubber in Australia supply a wide range of products to a number of diverse industries.

Specialist companies include Dunlop Oil and Marine (oil industry hose); Nuway (entrance matting) and Greengate Polymer Coatings (coated fabrics).

# INDUSTRIAL



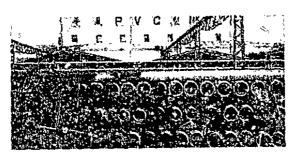
Dunlop Adhesives produces adhesives and sealants for home improvement, construction and transportation markets.



BTR has a number of specialist engineering companies including Serck Heat Transfer in the UK and South Wind in the USA, manufacturing heat exchangers used in diesel and gas turbine engines; Revvo Castor in the UK and Bassick in the USA (industrial castors), and Cimex in the UK, USA and Europe (commercial and industrial floor cleaning equipment). In Australia, BTR Indeng is a leading distributor of a number of industrial products.



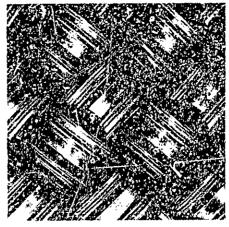
Viny! Products in Australia menufactures a wide range of products such as profiles, calendered film and lining materials for industrial, automotive and leisure markets.



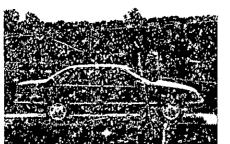
In Taiwan, China General Plastics Corporation, Taita Chemical and Asia Polymer Corporation manufacture a wide variety of chemicals and plastic products such as chlor alkalis, PVC pipe, coated fabrics, flexible and rigid film.

# PRINCIPAL OPERATING BUSINESSES

# TRANSPORTATION



Dunlop-Topy Whoels is the leading European producer of steel wheels for cars, with Topy of Japan as a minority shareholder.





Suspension systems for cars and commercial vehicles are manufactured in the UK by Dunlop Suspensions and Components. During the year, two joint ventures with the Ford Motor Company were established in Coventry and Detroit (Dunlop Automotive Composites) to develop composite engine manifolds and other components





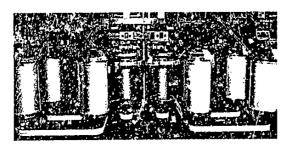
Schlegel and Hertfordshive-BTR are leading suppliers of door and glass sealing systems for cars, with a number of plants in North America and Europe.



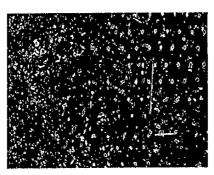
Metallistik Vibration Control Systems and Peradin manufacture vibration control systems in the UK for automorive, rail, marine and offshore applications. Cow Industrial Polymers produces automotive mouldings, extrusions and hoses in the UK whilst Dunlop Metaloflex is a major hose producer in the Brazilian automotive market.



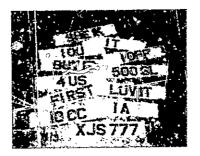
Fatati in Europe and Kenne a is. Austral a both produce moulded car carpets. The latter also produces yarn and domestic carpets.



Dunlop Jextiles produces tyre and industrial cord fabrics in the UK.



A wide range of engineered composite materials for automotive, aerospace, electrical and other industries is manufactured in the UK by Permali.



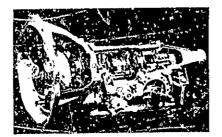
The foremost UK distributor of replacement radiators and vehicle number plates is Serck Maxston with 94 outlets nationwide. There are also branches in the Middle East and USA.



Stewart-Warner Alemite is a leading USA manufacturer of automotive and industrial lubricating systems.



Dunlop Overseas, with companies in Zimbabwe, Zambia and Nigeria (associate) and BTR Dunlop, South Africa, manufacture tyres and related products for cars and commercial vehicles. The companies also manufacture a wide variety of other products including rail track, fasteners, flooring and adhesives.



Australia's major manufacturer of axles and transmissions for the automotive industry is

BTR Engineering. Unidrive manufactures automotive driveshafts, universal joints and constant velocity joints,
also in Australia.

# TRANSPORTATION





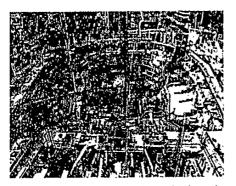
The international Dunlop Aerospace Group comprises eight companies. Dunlop Aviation is a major supplier of wheels and braking systems and other proprietary accraft components. Its activities are complemented by Dunlop Aircraft Tyres and Dunlop-Eldec Electronics which manufactures electronic control units for aircraft brakes and desicing systems. Other companies in the group stellade Dunlop Precision Rubber, the Haskon Corporation (aircraft seals and other components) and Serck Aviation (heat exchangers).



Beaufort Air Sea Equipment and Dunlop Marine Safety design and make life preservers, escape suits, life rafts and fenders in the UK and Canada for the marine, military and civil aeronautical and leisure markets.

# PRINCIPAL OPERATING BUSINESSES

### CONSTRUCTION



Tilcon has over 350 operational units in the UK providing a high quality service to the construction, building and other industries. Tilcon UK consists of four divisions: Quarry Products and Contracting, Concrete and Mortar, Industrial Minerals and Foundry Sands and Building Products.

### ZONT DUNITERS



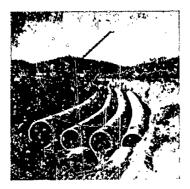
Tileon Inc. is a leading producer of crushed stone, ready-mixed cement and concrete in New England and the mid-Atlantic region. The company operates extensive contracting services, primarily engaged in repair and maintenance of the infrastructure.



Nylex Building Products serves Australia and the Pacific Rim. Of its subsidiaries, Laminex Industries manufactures and distributes decorative surfaces, substrata and complementary products. ACI Fibreglass produces fibreglass reinforcements and ACI Insulation manufactures fibreglass insulation. ACI Laminates and Coatings specialises in coverings for flexible foils, films and paper. Eureka Tiles manufactures floor tiles, while ACI Timber is a sawmiller.



ACI Japan manufactures and imports adhesives. Malaysia Roofing produces pressed metal roof tiles and ACI Asia trades in South East Asia with offices in Singapore and Hong Kong.

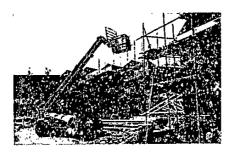


Amatok is a major manufacturer of building materials in Australia and the USA, particularly concrete products for civil engineering applications, quarrying and toll formed metal building components for the construction market.

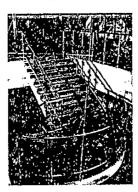


With over 130 locations in the South, mid-South, on the West Coast and Eastern USA, ACI America is a leading distributor of glass products.

Supersky International is a leading American manufacturer of commercial skylight systems.



The Pascon Group in the UK incorporates Palmers Scaffolding, William R. Selwood and Croker. Their main services and products are scaffolding, portable accommodation units, pumps and plant hire.



Specialised fittings for steel and aluminium tubular safety barriers, railings and display systems are manufactured by the **Kee Klamps Group** for industrial and commercial applications.

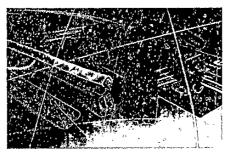


With over 140 branches supplying plumbing, central heating, kitchen, bathroom and decorative products to the building industry, Graham Builders' Merchants is one of the largest in the UK. E.J. Reeves is a timber importer, merchant and manufacturer of added value wood products. Goodman Groggan supplies wire fencing and a variety of other products to the agricultural and building markets. George Boyd distributes architectural and engineering products through 12 branches in Scotland.

#### CONSTRUCTION



Pilkington Tiles International is a major manufacturer of ceramic wall and floor tiles and other associated products with operations in the UK, South Africa, Australia and India supplying construction, consumer, and general engineering industries.



Schlegel produces a wide range of products including hardware and scaling systems for the international home improvement and construction sector.

In the USA and Canada, Hamilton Kent supplies pipe gaskets, pipe scalants and custom extrusions to the construction and general engineering industries.

# PRINCIPAL OPERATING BUSINESSES

# CONTROL SYSTEMS & ELECTRICAL



BTR. Valve Group's manufacturing is concentrated primarily in Europe and the Americas with a network of distributors throughout the world. Worcester Controls manufactures high quality ball valves, control valves and actuators for the pharmaceutical, chemical and other industries; Serek Audeo, Deutsche Audeo and Nordstrom Valves make valves used in the oil and gas industries; McCanna makes top entry ball valves and Edward Valves makes high pressure valves for use in power generation. The group also includes Wilsons Foundry which produces castings for the valve industry.

# CONTROL SYSTEMS & ELECTRICAL



BTR Metering Group comprises five companies. Sensus Technologies is the leading supplier of clean water measurement equipment in North America. Equimeter is a major US manufacturer of meters, regulators and electronic instrumentation for the production, transmission and distribution of natural gas.

Smith-Blair manufactures pipe repair clamps and couplings used in water and gas transmission for distribution systems. The other companies in the group are BFR Precision Die Casting and BTR Valve Scalants.



Manufacturing electromechanical cable, steel wire and fibre optics in the USA, the Rochester Corporation supplies the oil, communications and defence industries.

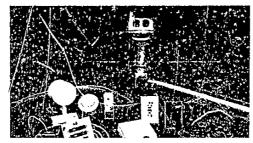


A joint venture with Coslexip France, Dunlop Coslexip Umbilicals supplies hydraulic and electro-hydraulic subsea umbilical systems for the offshore oil and gas industries.



Newey and Eyre is the leading UK wholesale distributor of industrial and commercial electrical equipment with 189 branches. It also has companies in Hong Kong, Malaysia and Singapore. Welleo distributes electrical accessories and decorative lighting products to the UK home improvements and DIY markets.

## CONTROL SYSTEMS & LEECTRICAL



Summers Electric is a leading wholesale distributor, with 79 branches in South and South West USA.

# PRINCIPAL OPERATING BUSINESSES

## CONSUMER RELATED



Dunlop Slazenger International is a major worldwide supplier of high technology sporting equipment. With plants in the UK, West Germany, USA and the Far East, Dunlop produces and markets golf, tennis and squash equipment and accessories. It is also a leading supplier of sports, leisure and industrial footwear.



Slazenger has plants in the UK and West Germany, manufacturing a range of specialist sports products including tennis, golf, cricket and hockey equipment. Its name is also beensed around the world to manufacturers of high quality clothing.

Carlton produces badminton equipment.

# CONSUMER RELATED



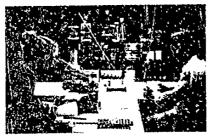
Dunlop Slazenger International has a licence to manufacture and distribute Puma sports footwear, clothing and equipment in the UK.



The leading UK producer of ladies' hosiery, Pretty Polly has manufacturing facilities in the UK and Eirc.



ADS Anker manufactures electronic point-of-sale (EPOS) systems for retailers, restaurants, hotels, filling stations and banks. The group is headquartered in West Germany and operates in all the major European countries.

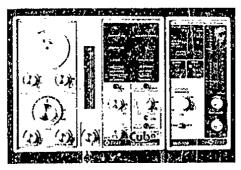


The Nune Group is a leading manufacturer of disposable laborators plastics for immunology and diagnostic applications. It has manufacturing plants in Denmark and USA and distribution companies in Japan and Germany.

### CONSUMER RELATED



Viennatone manufactures hearing aids, audiometers and speech therapy products. Its headquarters are in Austria with distribution companies in the UK, France, West Germany and South Africa. The Healtneare Group's other rehabilitation companies are Vessa, providing prosthetic services, artificial limbs and wheelchairs in the UK and Hosmer Dorrance manufacturing artificial limbs and orthopaedic appliances in the USA.



Bear Medical in the USA is a leading supplier of critical care ventilation equipment. Penlon in the UK manufactures anaesthesia machines and ventilators.





The ACI Packaging Group comprises two divisions.

The Glass Division is Australia's major manufacturer of glass containers and produces goods for the brewing, beverage and pharmaceutical industries, it also has plants in South East Asia and New Zealand.

The Plastics Division is a leading Australian manufacturer of blow moulded bottles, PET bottles and food containers for pharmaceutical, personal care, food and motor oil markets.

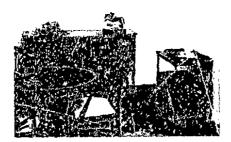


BTR Paper Group has 42 factories we ildwide and produces consumable products used in paper making.

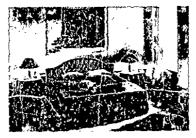
Huyek has manufacturing plants in 9 c nuntries and produces paper machine forming labrics, press felts, dryer fabrics and paper machine wet end equipment. Stowe Woodward has 20 plants and man ifactures and services rubber, elastomeric and polyurethane paper roll coverings. Mount Hope produces curved rolls, tension control systems, automatic web, straighteners and web guiding equipment.



The manufacture of offset printers' blankets and specialised products for the graphic arts industry is handled by Dunlop Graphic Products and Cow Proofings in the UK and Dunlop Industrial in Brazil.



The UK Rest Assured Group is headed by Rest Assured itself, which manufactures beds and upholstered furniture. Other subsidiaries are William Lawrence (cabinet furniture and wood components to the domestic appliance and ear industry): G.T. Rackstraw (high quality reproduction 18th Century furniture) and Bridgeeraft Furniture (reproduction Regency cabinet and traditional and modern upholstered furniture).



Danlopillo manufactures in the UK and Germany, mattresses, pillows, beds, latex blocks and automotive seating, while Dunloplan produces PVC flooring and marine decking in Germany.



Specialising in the production and marketing of commercial furniture, furniture systems, modular earpet and operable partitioning, the Commercial Interiors Group manufactures in Australia, New Zealand and the USA. It also maintains a marketing presence in South East Asia and Canada. The commercial furniture range is comprehensive, from steel cabinets to hand crafted executive suites.

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Sales and profit change	S	ales		Trading profits
		% of	•	: %of
	$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{m}}$	change	£	m change
1988	5473		91	4
Organic growth	339	22	15	66 48
Acquisitions	1194	77		
Divestments	(301)	(19		(6)
Currencies	320	20	) 4	18 15
Total change	1552	100	32	25 100
1989	7025		123	39
Geographical distribution 1989				
	c.1		Trading	Capital
percentage	Sale		profits	employed
United Kingdom		2	31	25
Other Europe		.0	6	6
Americas		26	26	25 42
Pacific	2	28	33 4	42
Africa	10	4	100	100
			100	
Net assets by currency area at 31				
$\mathcal{L}$ millions	198		1988	
	N		Net	
	asse	ts	assets	movement
Sterling	104		793	254
Other Europe	16		111	56
Americas	17		305	(135
Pacific	93		714	219 24
Africa	24	97	73 1996	418
	<i>2</i> 7.	L4	1770	
Exchange rates at 31 December			1989	1988
£1 equivalent		\$ <b>-</b> 2		
United States \$			1.61	1.81
Australian \$			2.04	2.12
Taiwanese \$			42.20	50.47
South African Rand			4.11	4.30
West German Mark			2.73	3.21
Japanese Yen			232	226
Swiss Franc			2.49	2.72

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

		ΕΕ	aroj	e l	West.	;	Easc	98
Revenue cash flow	v 1989	and the same of th						Tota
Pre-tax profits			2.00					
Depreciation			43		266		379	1080
Taxation			8	- 1	60		69	717
			(11)	<del></del>	(82)	(	104)	(257
Geographically	.,,,		413	•	244	3	344	1000
Geographical balar L millions	ice she	et at 31 Ex	ccen	iber 198	9		·	
Capital employed								
rixed assets								
Other assets (net)			679	6.	32	13	69	2690
•			416		37		92	2680 845
Financed by		1	693	86	 59	150		3525
BTR shareholders			861	39	)3			
Minority shareholders Net debt			43		7	34		1597
THE GEDE			191	40	-	70 51		817
		10	<u> </u>	86	<u> </u>			1111
Employee Statistics	989					156	1	3525
Sales per employee								
Sales/employee costs	£000	60	0.7	79.0	)	59,3	<b>,</b>	64.2
Trading profits	times	4	4.6	3.9	)	5,1		4.5
per employee	0003	,						·FJ
Capital employed	-0000	,	).5	13.8		12,2		11.3
per employee	£000	22	6	27.0				
Average number by region	on .	ے ب	••	37.0		41.6	:	32.2
Omed Kingdom		2307	: 4					
Other Europe		3886 965						
Americas		965		22404				
Pacific				23486	•-			
Africa						803		
		ADEA				598	<b></b> .	
Ordinamos	·	48514		23486	375	01	1095	01
Ordinary Shareholding	s at 31	December	-			~		==
Size of holding		1989		1988	19	89	101	Dn
1–2000		A	.ccou	nts	Shar	es (n	191 nillion	ວຽ .e)
1001–10000		84127	8	0207				
0001-10000i)		30430		0566	12	70 25		53
00001-1000000		6151		5395	16		12	
0000012000000		959		984	30		17 30	
000001 and over		105		97	14		30. 13:	
	_	117	·	118	92		898	
or the purpose of Capital ( 131 March 1982 adjusted fo		121899	118	367	173	7		L.
131 March 1382 adjusted fo	Gains T	ix the mi		110000				-

on 31 March 1982 adjusted for capitalisation and warrant issues was 72.197p.

#### RESULTS

The audited accounts of the group for the year ended 31 December 1989 are set out on pages 41 to 57. Earnings for the year were £624m (£486m). A review of the group's activities during the year is given on pages 10 to 21, which should be read as part of this report.

#### DIVIDENDS

The directors recommend that a final dividend of 8.3p net per share be paid on 24 May 1990 to ordinary shareholders on the register on 5 April 1990. With the interim dividend paid on 25 November 1989, this makes a total of 15.0p net for the year.

#### SHARES

Details of shares issued and options granted during the year are shown in notes 23 and 28 respectively to the accounts.

ACQUISITIONS & DISPOSALS During the first quarter of 1989, a number of important acquisitions were completed. In January, BTR Dunlop Incacquired the US-based environmental seal business, Schlegel Corporation, for US\$200m, and BTR Nylex bought Feltrax International, a large New Zealand building products business, for NZ\$935m. In March, BTR Dunlop Inc completed the purchase from Rockwell of its Measurement and Flow Control business for

US\$437m.

Later in the year, some smaller purchases were completed, including the Scovill fastener business in Japan (A\$95m). During the early part of 1990, the acquisitions of the UK vehicle seat manufacturer, T I Cox, and the German valve and hose business, Argus, have been completed for considerations of £13.5m = 10M106m respectively.

During the year, a number of

businesses were sold. The main

disposals with proceeds were as follows:

National Tyre Service £140m Angus Fluid Seals £18m Marbon Chemicals A\$44m

#### NORTON COMPANY

On 16 March, 1990 BTR announced a cash tender offer of US\$1,643 million (approx) for Norton Company of Worcester, Massachusetts, USA, a leading world manufacturer of abrasives, advanced ceramics, performance plastics and chemical process products.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

The group's principal activities are set out on pages 22 to 37. Our policy is that each business should be operated by its own management team within group parameters. The board believes that this policy facilitates the continuous pursuit of growth opportunities by each business. Information concerning employees and their remuneration is given in note 4 to the accounts. Throughout the group, consultative procedures enable management and other employees to discuss matters of mutual interest. Through these procedures, departmental channels and the group magazine 'Grapevine', employees are kept informed about group affairs. Participation in the Company's SAYE share option scheme is encouraged. It is the Company's policy to encourage the employment, training and advancement of disabled persons. The Company's return under the EEC Voluntary Code on South Africa is . . . ble on request. Group de 1 vis charities during 1989 were L. 11 00. The Company mainta is with underwriters a policy indemnifying the directors and officers against loss attaching to legal liabilities.

As at 15 March 1990, no person held 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A list of the directors at the year end and details of their interests in BTR shares, warrants and share options are given on page 58.

Mr. W.D. T. Tapley served as a director until his retirement at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting on 12 May 1989.

Sir Owen Green, Mr. A. R. Jackson and Mr. H.W. Laughland retire in accordance with Article 86 and offer themselves for re-election. Sir Owen Green has a service contract terminable by his giving one year's notice of termination. Mr. A. R. Jackson is entitled under his service contract to two years' notice of termination.

No director was interested during or at the end of the year in any contract which was significant in relation to the company's business.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS

A separate letter describing changes proposed to be made to the group's share option schemes is enclosed with this Annual Report. A resolution embodying the proposals will be put forward as special business at the Annual General Meeting.

#### AUDITORS

Ernst & Whinney merged their practice with Arthur Young on 1 September 1989 and now practice in the name of Ernst & Young. Accordingly they have signed their audit report in their new name. Ernst & Young have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution proposing their reappointment will be moved at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board S. K. Williams, Secretary 29 March 1990



### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

BASIS OF PRESENTATION
The accounts have been prepared
using the historical cost convention
adjusted for revaluations of certain
fixed assets.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION
The consolidated profit and loss
account and balance sheet incorporate the audited accounts of all
subsidiaries for the year ended 31
December 1989. The consolidated
profit and loss account includes
the results of subsidiaries acquired
during the year from their effective
dates of acquisition.

Related companies are companies other than subsidiaries where the group has a substantial shareholding and is in a position to exercise significant influence. The consolidated accounts include the group's share of the post acquisition reserves of all such companies and of the wholly owned BTR Nylex Ltd subsidiary Bridge Wholesale Acceptance Corporation (Australia) Ltd.

The difference between the price paid for new interests and the fair value of assets acquired is either taken to reserves on acquisition or amortised over its economic life, depending on the nature of the acquisition.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The results of non-sterling companies are translated into sterling at rates ruling at the year end. Assets and liabilities in foreign currency are also translated at rates ruling at the year end.

Currency differences arising from the translation at closing rates of the net investment in subsidiary and related companies are taken to reserves, together with exchange gains and losses arising on foreign currency borrowings which finance a proportion of foreign currency investments. All other adjustments arising from changes in exchange rates are included in the profit and loss account for the year.

#### SALES TURNOVER

Sales represent the invoiced value of goods supplied by the group excluding inter-company transactions, sales by related companies and sales taxes.

# RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure is generally expensed as incurred, except where a major project is undertaken and it is reasonably anticipated that certain expenditure will be recovered through future commercial development.

#### PENSION COSTS

The expected costs of pensions are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the costs over the service lives of the participating employees. The costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of qualified actuaries.

# DEPRECIATION OF TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets, with the exception of land and quarries, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives at the following rates applied to original cost or subsequent valuation:

Buildings 2-5%

Plant and machinery 10-35% Quarries are depreciated according to the usage of their mineral content. No depreciation is provided on land. Leasehold properties are depreciated over the period of the lease.

INVENTORIES OR STOCKS Inventories and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the actual cost of raw materials and an appropriate proportion of labour and overheads in the case of work in progress and finished goods. Provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items and for unrealised profits on items of inter-company manufacture.

#### LOAN CAPITAL AND BANK LOANS

Short term deposits at the balance sheet date are deducted from loan capital and bank loans where rights of set-off exist.

#### TAXATION

Provision for deferred taxation is made for liabilities which may arise in the foresceable future. Provision is not made for additional taxation which might be payable if profits retained by overseas companies were distributed as dividends. Advance corporation tax on dividends paid and proposed is written off to the extent that its recovery against taxable profits is not anticipated. Amounts so written off are carried forward for taxation purposes and may be offset against taxation of subsequent periods.

# CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

### year ended 31 December 1989

£ millions	1989	1988	Notes
Sales turnover	7025	5473	1
Operating expenses	(5843)	(4601)	2
Other income	59	42	6
Trading profit before interest and taxation	1239	914	
Finance costs	(159)	(94)	7
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1080	820	1
Taxation	(297)	(230)	8
Profit after taxation	783	590	
Minority interests	(159)	(104)	
Earnings for the year	624	486	
Extraordinary items	36	(15)	9
Attributable to BTR plc	660	471	
Dividends	(261)	(203)	10
Retained profit	399	268	24
Movements on reserves are set out in note 24	المراجعة المستعدد والمستعدد والمستعد والمستعدد والمستعد والمستعدد والمستعد والمستعدد و		
Earnings per ordinary share	36.1p	28.7p	
Earnings per ordinary share are calculated million (1988 £486 million) and 1727 million ordinary shares in issue, which is the average	lion (1988 169	3 million)	<del>-</del>

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

### at 31 December 1989

£ millions	1989	1988	Note
Capital Employed			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2520	1540	12
Investments	160	154	13
	2680	1694	
Current assets		<del>-</del>	
Inventories or stocks	1185	920	15
Accounts receivable or debtors	1462	1193	16
Investments	76	73	13
Cash	642	757	
	3365	2943	
Accounts payable or creditors due within one year	2644	1864	17
Net current assets	721	1079	
Total assets less current liabilities Accounts payable or	3401	2773	
creditors due after one year	904	709	18
Provisions for liabilities and charges	83	68	22
	2414	1996	
Financed by			
Capital and reserves		45.4	
Called up share capital	434	424	23
Reserves	250	2/2	24
Share premium account	358	262	
Revaluation reserve	143	20 /120\	
Currency equalisation account	(102)	(178)	
Profit and loss account	764	837	
Shareholders' funds	1597	1365	
Minority interests	817	631	25
	2414	1996	

Approved by the Board on 13 March 1990

wen Green Director

John Calvill WACTOR

# BALANCE SHEET

### of BTR plc at 31 December 1989

& millions	1989	1988	Notes
Capital Employed			
Fixed assets	1974	1694	13
Investments			
Current assets	685	818	16
Accounts receivable or debtors Investments	55	51	13
IUAGZUNOMA	740	869	
Accounts payable or creditors due within one year	1350	1092	17
Net current liabilities	(610)	(223)	
Total assets less current liabilities	1364	1471	
Accounts payable or creditors due after one year	175	403	18
Clodiva	1189	1068	
Financed by			
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	434	424	23 24
Reserves	358	262	
Share premium account	87	87	
Capital reserve Profit and loss account	310	295	
I folio and see	1189	1068	

Approved by the Board on 13 March 1990

Ower Green Director

Own John Cahill Division

The amount of the profit for the year dealt with in the accounts of the parent company is £276 million (1988 £205 million). BTR plc has not presented its own profit and loss account as permitted by Section 228(7) of the Companies Act 1985.

	Censo	lidated	Consol	idated
& millions	1989	1988	1989	1988
Sales and profit before taxation				
Busine's sector	Sa	les	Pro	ofit
Industrial	1310	1171	213	210
Fransportation	946	846	196	146
Construction	1979	1375	329	227
Control Systems and Electrical	1077	883	136	94
Consumer related	1713	1198	365	237
Finance costs			(159)	(94)
<del>-</del>	7025	5473	1080	82u
Geographical analysis				
Europe	2944	2797	459	401
West	1856	1134	324	182
East	2225	1542	456	331
Finance costs			(159)	(94)
_	7025	5473	1080	820

#### 2 Operating expenses

Obergen 8 automate		
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	(52)	(58)
Raw materials and consumables	3164	2566
Employee costs (note 4)	1551	1196
Depreciation	217	145
Other operating expenses	965	752
	5845	4601
Other operating expenses are stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	7	6
Hire of plant and machinery	17	30
Other operating lease rentals	20	18

#### 3 Research and development

During the year expenditure on the development of new products and processes amounted to £65 million (1988 £55 million). Of this amount £50 million (1988 £45 million) has been charged in the profit and loss account and £15 million (1988 £10 million) has been capitalised in tangible fixed assers, relating to the provision of facilities for development activities.

£millions			1989	bətebilo: 389).
Directors and employ	ees			<del></del>
Average number of perso	ons employ	ed by the group during	the ye	ar
Europe			8,514	52,866
West			3,486	15,558
East		3	7,501	30,196
			9,501	98,620
Employee costs				
Wages and salaries			1332	1048
Social security costs			142	99
Pension costs			30	18
Other			47	31
			1551	1196
Number of U.K. employ	ees in recei	ipt of emoluments with	iin rang	ges:
1989	1988		1989	1988
£30,001-£35,000 <b>82</b>	57	£70,001-£75,000	2	1
£35,001-£40,000 66	38	£75,001-£80,000	1	1
£40,001-£45,000 30	15	£80,001-£85,000	2	1
£45,001-£50,000 <b>19</b>	13	£85,001-£90,000	3	_
£50,001-£55,000 <b>15</b>	5	£90,001-£95,000	1	
£55,001-£60,000 <b>14</b>	3	£95,001-£100,000	1	
£60,001-£65,000 <b>9</b>	3	£105,001-£110,000	) 1	
£65,001-£70,000 <b>7</b>	6			
Aggregate amount receiv	able by dir	ectors of BTR plc:	£000	£000
Fees			22	31
Other emoluments:				
U.K. based directors			805	885
Overseas based directors			1467	1184
		-	2294	2100
Directors' emoluments (e	excluding p	ension contributions):		
Chairman			173	152
Highest paid U.K. based	director (19	89 two directors)	179	156
Number of other U.K. di		-		
1989	1988		1989	1988
£0 -£5,000	1	£75,001-£80,000		1
£5,001 -£10,000 1		£90,001-£95,000	1	
£10,001 –£15,000	1	£130,001-£135,000	1	
£15,001 –£20,000 1		£140,001–£145,000		2
C25,001 –£30,000	2	£150,001-£155,000		1
C45,001 -£50,000 1				

Consolidated 1989 1988

£ millions

#### 5 Pension arrangements

The provisions of SSAP 24 have been adopted with effect from 1st January 1989. The group operates many defined contribution and funded defined benefit schemes. Contributions to the defined benefit funds are made in accordance with the recommendations of the independent actuary of the relevant scheme. Complete disclosure of all pension scheme details is not practicable within this report. The most pertinent factors affecting the group's pension arrangements are discussed below.

Pension costs for the group in the year were £30 million, based on a normal cost of £66 million and an actuarial variation of £36 million.

The principal group scheme, covering the majority of UK employees, is a funded defined benefit scheme. The assessment of the scheme by independent actuaries as at 6th April 1988 was updated in assessing the cost of this scheme to the group, using the principal assumption that the average long term rate of return earned by scheme assets would be 2% per annum higher than the rate of salary inflation. The attained age funding method was adopted. The market value of the scheme's assets was £1,060 million and the actuarial value of the assets was sufficient to cover 153% of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for expected increases in earnings. The actuarial surplus is being spread over the average remaining service life of current employees, (estimated at 15 years) as a percentage of Pensionable Salary reduction.

There are numerous schemes operated by overseas subsidiaries. Of these the defined benefit schemes are normally assessed triennially by independent actuaries in accordance with local practice. Where SSAP 24 requirements can be fulfilled, the appropriate cost has been recognised, otherwise local practice has been adopted.

Other income		
Group's share of profits less losses of related comp	anies:	
Listed in U.K.	5	4
Listed overseas	3	2
Unlisted	35	28
Income from listed investments	7	5
Income from other investments	9	3
	59	42
Finance costs		
Interest payable on bank loans, overdrafts and oth	er loans:	
Repayable within five years	252	137
Repayable beyond five years	7	14
Interest capitalised	(12)	(7)
	247	144
Interest receivable	(88)	(5ປ)
	159	94

		Conso	lidated
•	£ millions	1989	1988
,	Taxation		
Taxation United Kingdom corporation tax at 35% Double tax relief  Overseas tax Deferred tax Related companies tax  Advance corporation tax written off  The charge for corporation tax has been reduced by the brought forward and other timing differences.	101	181	
	Double tax relief	(37)	(126)
		64	55
		191	154
		32	4
	Related companies tax	10	11
		297	224
	Advance corporation tax written off		6
	_	297	230
	The charge for corporation tax has been reduced by the brought forward and other timing differences. The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply.		
	brought forward and other timing differences. The close company provisions of the Income and Cor		
	brought forward and other timing differences. The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply. Extraordinary items Profit/(loss) on disposal or termination of businesses Related companies		xes Act
	brought forward and other timing differences. The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply.  Extraordinary items Profit/(loss) on disposal or termination of businesses	poration Ta	
	brought forward and other timing differences. The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply. Extraordinary items Profit/(loss) on disposal or termination of businesses Related companies	36 36 ion	(17) (1) 3 (15)
	brought forward and other timing differences.  The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply.  Extraordinary items  Profit/(loss) on disposal or termination of businesses Related companies  Other  The above figures include a taxation charge of £17 mill (1988 credit of £2 million) and a minority interests cred	36 36 ion	(17) (1) 3 (15)
	brought forward and other timing differences.  The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply.  Extraordinary items  Profit/(loss) on disposal or termination of businesses Related companies  Other  The above figures include a taxation charge of £17 mill (1988 credit of £2 million) and a minority interests cred (1988 charge of £9 million).	36 36 ion	(17) (1) 3 (15)
	brought forward and other timing differences.  The close company provisions of the Income and Cor 1988 do not apply.  Extraordinary items  Profit/(loss) on disposal or termination of businesses Related companies  Other  The above figures include a taxation charge of £17 mill (1988 credit of £2 million) and a minority interests cred (1988 charge of £9 million).  Dividends	36  36  ion lit of £1 mil	(17) (1) 3 (15)

### 11 Operating lease commitments

Commitments for rentals payable under operating leases during 1990 are given in the table below analysed according to the period in which each lease expires:

	Land and Buildings		Ot	her
	1989	1988	1989	1988
expiring:				
within one year	5	4	2	2
over one and under five years	25	16	9	6
beyond five years	17	13	1	1
<b></b>	47	33	12	9

	£ millions		Cons	solidated 1989
2	Tangible assets	Land and buildings m	Plant and achinery	Total
	Cost or valuation			
	Beginning of year	613	1440	2053
	Currency fluctuations	46	132	178
	Acquisitions less divestments	173	306	479
	Transfer to investments	(11)		(11)
	Additions	47	402	449
	Disposals	(30)	(71)	(101)
	Revaluations	162	(77)	85
	Revaluations End of year	1000	2132	3132
	Accumulated depreciation			
	Beginning of year	48	465	513
	Currency fluctuations	6	57	63
	Acquisitions less divestments		68	68
	Transfer to investments	(2)		(2)
	Charge for the year	16	201	217
	Disposals	(3)	(59)	(62)
	Revaluations	(13)	(172)	(185)
	End of year	52	560	612
	Net book value at beginning of year	565	975	1540
	Net book value at end of year	948	1572	2520

Certain tangible fixed assets of BTR Nylex Ltd and the land and buildings of BTR Dunlop Ltd, were revalued in the year by independent professional valuers on an open market existing use basis.

The historic cost of tangible fixed assets is as follows:

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Total
Cost	820	2209	3029
Accumulated depreciation	63	732	795
Net book value at beginning of year	545	975	1520
Net book value at end of year	757	1477	2234
The net book value of land and buildings comprises:		1989	1988
Freehold		763	425
Long leaschold		24	24
Short leasehold		35	30
Quarries and mineral rights		126	86
		948	565
	. 1 640	*11:	

Interest capitalised in the year amounted to £12 million.

4000

& millions					1989
Investments	n 1 .	1		Oshan	
		ed compa Share of		Other Cost or	
O 11 1 - 4 - 4		-		valuation	Total
Consolidated	valuation	reserves	Loans	valuation	
Beginning of year	148	(5)	3	81	227
Currency fluctuations Transfer from	12	(1)		1	12
tangible assets Acquisitions less				9	9
divestments	4				4
Additions	8			8	16
Disposals and repaymen	1ts (5)	(4)		(14)	(23
Reclassification	(28)	• •		28	
Businesses consolidated					(11
Goodwill	, ,	(6)			(6
Retained profits		8			8
End of year	128	(8)	3	113	236
Cost or valuation					
Listed U.K.	14			55	69
Listed overseas	6			9	15
Other	108			49	157
	128		<u> </u>	113	241
BTR plc	Subsidiary	P	clated		
	companies	com	panies	Other	Total
Cost or valuation					
Beginning of year	680		27	51	758
Additions				4	4
End of year	680		27	55	762
Loans (1988 £989 m)	1269				1269
Provisions (1988£(2) n	1) (2)				(2
·	1947		27	55	2029
Cost or valuation Listed U.K.			27	55	82

The total market value of listed investments was £110 million (parent company £96 million). Included in other investments are investments at directors' valuation amounting to £49 million (parent company £110 million). Total investments are shown as fixed assets £160 million (parent company £1974 million) and current assets £76 million (parent company £55 million).

The principal related company is Meggitt Holdings PLC (total issued share capital 154 million ordinary shares of 5p each) in which the group has an 18% share and is represented on the board of directors.

The equity accounted subsidiary of BTR Nylex Ltd, Bridge Wholesale Acceptance Corporation (Australia) Ltd has net assets of £9 million, representing gross assets of £159 million and gross liabilities of £150 million.

		ITR plc			
	£ millions	1989	1988	1989	1988
14	Capital commitments Authorised but not contracted Contracted			175 105	214 65
			<del>.</del>		
15	Inventories or stocks			309	189
	Raw materials			219	189
	Work in progress Finished goods			661	563
	Transacti goods		_		<del></del>
	3. 1			1189	941 (21)
	Progress payments received			(4)	
				1185	920
	Replacement cost			1227	945
16	Accounts receivable or debtors				0.44
	Trade			1085	866
	Amounts due by related companies	576	72.4	3	3
	Amounts due by group companies	576 109	734 84	374	324
	Other receivables and prepayments _				
	_	685	818	1462	1193
	Including amounts due in	136	120	150	91
	over one year	130	120		71
17	Accounts payable or creditors				
	due within one year	2.45	605	929	495
	Overdrafts, bank and other loans	345	685	675	606
	Trade Other payables, accruals and			0/3	000
	deferred income	2	5	538	369
	Amounts due to group companies	773	221		
	Taxation and social security				
	(note 19)	86	67	338	263
	Bills of exchange			20	17
	Proposed dividend	144	114	144	111
		1350	1092	2644	1864
18	Accounts payable or creditors				
	due after one year				
	Debenture, bank and other loans			00.1	454
	(note 20)		100	824 14	656
	Taxation and social security			66	18 35
	Other payables Amounts due to group companies	175	303	UU	33
	Withmits and to Broth combanes				700
		175	403	904	709
19	Taxation and social security				
	Includes advance corporation		. 27	0 e	£ 7
	tax payable	86	67	86	67

		R plc		lidated
£ millions	1989	1988	1989	1988
Debenture, bank and other loans Debenture loans repayable				
otherwise than by instalments within five years				
8% debenture stock 1985/90				8
8½% unsecured loan stock 1989/94			16	•
wholly beyond five years				
8½% unsecured loan stock 1989/94 4½% convertible subordinated				16
bonds 1995		100		100
Bank and other loans repayable		100		100
otherwise than by instalments				
wholly within five years			696	392
wholly beyond five years			19	53
by instalments				
within five years			26	18
beyond five years instalments due within five years			20	42
instalments due beyond five years			28 39	43 33
		100	824	663
Redeposits		100	O2T	(7)
		100	824	656
Debenture, bank and other				
loans repayable				
over one and under two years			563	281
over two and under five years		100	203 58	180
beyond five years	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			202
Dadanaire		100	824	663
Redeposits		400		(7)
		100	824	656

The above loans are at interest rates between 5.7% and 20.5%. Loans amounting to £89 million (1988 £51 million) are secured. Included within overdrafts, bank and other loans payable within one year is £8 million 8% debenture stock 1985/90.

#### 21 Contingent liabilities

Guarantees to related companies and bills of exchange discounted amounted to £11 million (1988 £15 million).

The parent company has guaranteed the borrowings of certain subsidiaries amounting to £144 million (1988 £156 million).

The group has contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business from which it is anticipated that no material liabilities will arise.

	£millions			Cons	olidated 1989
<i>â</i> 2	Provisions for liabilities and char Pensions and similar obligations Beginning of year Acquisitions Other movement:	irges			50 19 (12)
	End of year				57
	Deferred taxation Beginning of year Acquisitions Profit and loss account Extraordinary items Transfer to current taxation Other adjustments				33 (11) 32 (2) (8) 1
	End of year Advance corporation tax (1988 £6	(15) million	)		45 (19) 26
	Provisions for liabilities and charges				83
	Consolidated deferred taxation Capital gains Capital allowances	Pro 7 7	vided 4 7	Potential 1 30 156	liability 33 88
	Other items	31	22	8	8
	Advance corporation tax	45 (19)	33 (15)	194 (55)	129 (45)
		26	18	139	84
23	Share Capital Authorised:			1989	1988
	Ordinary shares of 25p			560	560
	Issued and fully paid: Beginning of year Options exercised and scrip divide ECU Bond conversion	lends		424 1 9	423 1
	End of year			434	424

At 31 December 1989, the number of ordinary shares in issue was 1,737,482,928 (1988 1,696,615,400) and there were outstanding:

(b) 52,635,792 warrants issued on 17 November 1989 and carrying the right to subscribe for 52,635,792 ordinary shares at a subscription price of 480peach during subscription periods in 1993 and 1994.

<sup>(</sup>a) 51,408,438 warrants issued on 18 November 1988 and carrying the right to subscribe for 51,408,438 ordinary shares at a subscription price of 285p each during subscription periods in 1992 and 1993;

24

Share			Profit and loss
ac.ount	reserve	account	account
262	20	(178)	837
i		102 (26)	
96			(476)
	127		2
			2
	(2)		399
250	143	(102)	764
Share premium	Capital reserve		Profit and oss accoun
#CCOGIII			29!
262	87		٠,٠
262 d 96	87		1
,	87		
d 96	87	988 £295 m 3 £264 mill	31
	premium Revac. ount 262 96 358 ents are state Share	premium Revaluation equal account reserve  262 20  96  127 (2) (2) (2)  358 143  ents are stated after adjust premium reserve	premium Revaluation equalisation ac.ount reserve account 262 20 (178)  102 (26) 96  127 (2) (2) (2)  ents are stated after adjusting for the Share Capital premium reserve

Minority interests	Consolidated
	1989 1988
Minorities share of net assets of subsidiaries Preference shares	489 317
	209 202
	119 112
Non-maturing Convertible Notes	817 031

BTR Australia Ltd Cumul..tive Redeemable Preference shares are redeemable on 31 March 1999 or, at the option of either the investor or the issuer, on 31 March 1992, and amounted to £196 million (1988 £189 million).

The minority share of BTR Nylex Ltd's issue of 9% Nor, maturing Subordinated Convertible Unsecured Notes amounts to £119 million (1988 £112 million). The notes have no maturity date and are redeemable only at BTR Nylex Ltd's option and only after 1 November 1998.

	Conso	lidated
G millions	1989	1989
Sources and applications of funds		
Sources		
Profit before taxation	1080	820
Extraordinary items	52	(7
Adjustment for non-cash items		
Depreciation	217	145
Profits retained in related companies	(18)	(18
Profit on businesses divested	(95)	
Proceeds of conversion/share issues	100	4
Minority share of rights and convertibles		240
Loans raised	387	283
Preference shares		189
X 1010101100 Billion		
	1723	1663
Applications		
Capital expenditure	449	30
Capital disposals	(39)	(2:
Investments net of divestments	(37)	(2
Businesses (see below)	675	434
Others	(18)	(1)
Working capital	(20)	(-
Inventories	47	28
Accounts receivable	(98)	80
Accounts payable	174	4:
Loans repaid	374	16
Dividends		
BTR plc	225	17
Minorities	39	2
Taxation	247	20
Other movements	(13)	1
	2062	1439
(Decrease)/increase in liquid funds	(339)	224
Net efficient of businesses acquired and divested		-
Tangible assets	411	26
Investments	4	7.
Inventories	174	15
Accounts receivable	315	160
Accounts payable	(384)	(30)
Goodwill & (profit)/loss on disposal	375	197
	(154)	(19
Loans	/Q\	(30
Taration	(8)	•
Tanation Minority interests	เบิร์	1.
Taration		)/ 3(

	£ millions			Consolidated 1989
27	Acquisitions			
	Acquisitions completed in			
	Co	nsideration and costs	Fair value of assets acquired	Goodwill
	Feltrax	346	60	286
	Measurement & Flow Control Division	282	165	117
	Others (including Schlegel Corporation)	231	50	181
	•	859	275	584
	Minority share of goodwil Goodwill arising in related	li d company		(114)
	Goodwill eliminated again		note 24)	476

Adjustments have been made to reflect the fair value of assets acquired as follows:

	let tangible ts acquired	Fair value adjustments	Fair value of assets acquired
Fixed assets	375	102	477
Inventories	213	(4)	209
Other current assets Creditors and provisions	395	(3)	392
	(681)	(122)	(803)
1	302	(27)	275

included in fair value adjustments for creditors and provisions is £81 million of reorganisation provisions.

#### 28 Share options

On 26 April 1989, options in respect of 2,435,000 shares, exercisable after three years at 360p, were granted under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme (1985), and on 27 April 1989, options in respect of 596,500 shares, exercisable after three years at 374p, were granted under the Senior Executive Share Options Scheme (1981). On 6 November 1989, options in respect of 2,483,998 shares exercisable after five or seven years at 362.4p, were granted under the SAYE Share Option Scheme (1981). Changes during the year in the number of options outstanding under the Schemes were:

•	Senior Executive Share Option Schemes	SAYE Share Option Scheme
Beginning of year Granted Exercised Lapsed	11,635,050 3,031,500 (2,186,350) (1,735,800)	12,153,450 2,483,998 (1,338,228) (919,825)
End of year	10,744,400	12,379,395

# PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES & DIVISIONS

The major management companies, operating subsidiaries and divisions analysed by activity are listed below. Unless otherwise stated, shares held are ordinary shares and the percentage held is 100%. The country of incorporation is the country of operation.

	Management & Halding Corner	mine	Hertfordshire-BTR	UK	
	Management & Holding Compa	USA	International Radiator Services Ltd.	UK	70%
5001	BTR Dunlop Inc.	South Africa	Metalastik Vibration Control Systems		
53%				UK	
		Netherlands	Permali	USA	
63%	BTR Nylex Ltd.	Australia	Schlegel Corporation	USA	
	BTR Industries Ltd.	UK	Stewart-Warner Corporation	OSA	
	BTR International Ltd.	UK	Construction	Australia	
	Dunlop Holdings plc	UK	ACI Fibreglass*	USA	
	Thomas Tilling plc	UK	Allstool Inc.	Australia	
			Amarek Ltd.	USA	
	Operating Subsidiaries and Divi	isions	Binswanger Glass*	UK	
			Graham Mudding Services Ltd.  Laminex Industries*	Australia	
	Lidustrial	. 1*		UK	
	Apex Belting	Australia	Pascon	UK	
51%	Asia Polymer Corporation	Taiwan	Pilkington's Tiles Holdings Ltd.	USA	
	BTR Farington	UK	Tilcon Holdings Inc.	UK	
	BTR Silvertown	UK	Tilcon Ltd.		
41%	China General Plastics Corporation*		U.S. Supply Co.	USA UK	
	Clarkson Industries Inc.	USA	William R. Selwood Ltd.	OK.	
	DCE Group	UK	Control Systems & Electrical	USA	
	Dunlop - CCT SA	Belgium	Measurement & Flow Control	UK	
	Dunlop Enerka BV	Netherlands	Newey & Eyre Group Ltd.	USA	
	Dunlop GRG	UK	The Rochester Corporation	UK	
	Dunlop Hiflex Ltd.	UK	Serck Audco Valves	UŞA	
	Dunlop Hydraulic Hose	UK	Summers Electrical Co. Inc.	USA	
	Dunlop Industrial Hose	UK	Worcester Controls Corporation	UK	
	Dunlop Oil & Marine	UK	Worcester Controls (UK) Ltd.	UK	
	Facile Technologies Inc.*	USA	Consumer Related	Australia	
	Hansen Transmissions	n 1 *	ACI Plastic Packaging*	Germany	
	International NV	Belgium	ADS Anker GmbH	Denmark	
	Leyland & Birmingham	UK Caratan and and	A/S Nunc	Australia	
	Lonstroff-BTR AG	Switzerland	Australian Glass Manufacturing Co	USA	
91%	Peter-BTR Gummiwerke AG	Germany	Bear Medical Systems Inc.	Germany	
	Serck Heat Transfer	UK	Becker AG	Australia	
51%	Taira Chemical Company*	Taiwan	BTR Nylex Packaging*	Australia	
	Vinyl Products*	Australia	CoDesign* Dunlop Gmbh	Germany	
	Vokes	UK		UK	
	Transportation	Australia	Dunlopillo Dunlon Shannaar International I td	UK	
	BTR Engineering (Australia) Ltd*	Australia	Dunlop Slazenger International I td.	ew Zealand	
	BTR Kennon			UK	
	Dunlop Automotive	UK. UK.	Huyck Huyck Corporation	USA	
	Dunlop Aviation	USA		Italy	
	Dunlop Aviation Inc.	UK	Irga Pretty Polly	UK	
	Dunlop-Beaufort	UK	Rest Assured Holdings Ltd.	UK	
05	Dunlop Precision Rubber		Sanshin Enterprises Ltd.*	Japan	
85%	Dunlop Topy Wheels Ltd.	UK Zimbabwe	S.W. Industries Inc.	USA	
75%	Dunlop Zimbabwe Ltd.		Viennatone Gmbh	Austria	
	Fateti-BTR SA	Switzerland			
	Haskon	USA	"The holding stated is that of BTR Nylex Limited.		

### REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

### to the members of BTR plc

We have audited the accounts on pages 41 to 57 in accordance with Auditing Standards.

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group at December 31, 1989 and of the profit and source and application of funds of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

London 13 March 1990 Ernst & Young
Chartered Accountants

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

	Ordinary shares of 25p		Warr	ants	Share Options		
	31.12.89	1.1.89	31.12.89	1.1.89	31.12.89	1.1.89	
Sir Owen Green	1,007,272	1,007,272	61,044	30,522	154,424	154,424	
J.C. Cahill	231,241	287,241	115,711	8,704	500,000	400,000	
C.R.H. Bull	£46,	_	5,000		150,000	150,000	
R.F. Faircloth	5,000		_	_	300,000	125,000	
N.C. Ireland	499,992	499,992	30,302	15,151	_	_	
A.R. Jackson	46,687	45,842	2,802	1,388	197,500	167,500	
H.W. Laughland	27,168	26,676	1,630	807	73,444	164,944	
E.E. Sharp	3,000	3,000	50 J		350,000	250,000	
J.D.M. Smith	43,772	45,772	2,713	1,387	170,424	120,424	
L.J. Stammers	192,500	192,500	5,833	5,833	160,938	160,938	
G.J. Yardley	21,054	20,374	1,254	617	198,723	121,737	

#### Notes

- Ordinary shares of 50 cents each held in BTR Nylex Limited at 31 December 1989: Sir Owen Green 778,651 (363,105); J.C. Cahill 526,419 (295,313); A.R. Jackson 200,832 (111,767); E.E. Sharp 367,043 (195,750). On 14 April 1989 A.R. Jackson was granted an option to subscribe for 225,000 Ordinary Shares of BTR Nylex Limited during the period of two years commencing 14 April 1992 and at 31 December 1989 had options over a total of 425,000 shares (100,000).
- 2. Holdings of directors on 15 March 1990 were as at 31 December 1989 save that on 1 January 1990 L.J. Stammers exercised an option to acquire 2,568 shares at a price of 144p per share.
- 3. All holdings shown above are beneficial. At 31 December 1989, there was registered in the names of directors a number of representative shareholdings held in a nominee capacity and to which no beneficial interests attached.

Notice is hereby given that the ninety-second Annual General Meeting of BTR plc will be held at the Queen Elizabeth II Conference Centre, Broad Sanctuary, London SW1 on 10 May 1990 at 11.30 am for the following purposes:

- 1. To receive the report of the directors and audited statement of accounts for the year ended 31 December 1989.
- 2. To declare a final dividend.
- 3. To re-elect directors who are retiring.
- 4. To re-appoint the auditors and authorise the directors to fix their remuneration.
- 5. To consider as a special resolution:

THAT the Board be and is hereby empowered pursuant to Section 95 of the Companies Act 1985 to allot equity securities (within the meaning of Section 94 of the Companies Act 1985) pursuant to the authority conferred by resolution No. 5 passed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 14 May 1986 as if subsection (1) of Section 89 of the Companies Act 1985 did not apply to any such allotment provided that this power shall be limited:

a) to the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favour of the ordinary shareholders where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of all ordinary shareholders are proportionate (as nearly as they may be) to the respective numbers of ordinary shares held by them but subject to such exclusions as the Directors may consider appropriate to deal with fractional entitlements or holders of shares outside the United Kingdom, and

b) to the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal value of £,21,725,000 and shall expire on the date of the next annual general meeting of the Company after the passing of this resolution, save that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Board may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer of agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired?

6. To consider as an ordinary resolution:

'THAT the Directors be authorised, pursuant to article 127 of the Company's Articles of Association to pay dividends for the year ending 31 December 1990 in the form of the Company's fully paid Ordinary shares of 25p each.'

7. To consider as special business the resolution set out in a letter to shareholders dated 11 April 1990.

By Order of the Board S. K. Williams, Secretary 11 April 1990

# EXPLANATORY NOTE TO RESOLUTION 5

This is the special resolution proposed annually renewing the Directors' limited authority under Section 95 of the Companies Act 1985 to allot shares otherwise than on a pre-emptive basis.

Ordinary shareholders only are entitled to attend and vote at this meeting and may appoint one or more proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of them. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. Completion and return of the proxy will not preclude a shareholder attending and voting.

Forms of proxy are to be sent to the registrars of the Company, Barclays Registrars Limited, 6 Greencoat Place, London SW1P 1YU, to arrive not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

The following information will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Company during business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excluded) from the date of this notice until 10 May 1990 and at the Queen Elizabeth II Conference Centre on that date from 11.15 am until the close of the meeting:

- a) a statement of the transactions of each director and his family interests in shares, debentures or other stocks of the Company and its subsidiaries; and
- b) copies of all contracts of service of directors with the Company or its subsidiaries other than those expiring or determinable by the Company without compensation within one year.

### TEN YEAR RECORD

£ millions	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989
Sales						-				
Europe	310	325	399	1139	1867	2381	2403	2537	2797	2944
West	77	135	147	648	1420	1161	1077	852	1134	1856
East	123	178	179	183	<b>20</b> 0	339	539	760	1542	2225
Total	510	638	725	1970	3487	3881	4019	4149	5473	7025
Profit Before Tax										
Europe	41	42	62	127	182	266	327	352	401	459
West	18	34	40	66	144	137	147	139	182	324
East	18	28	24	26	28	59	83	130	331	456
Finance costs	(7)	(14)	_ (19)	(48)	(70)	(100)	(52)	(31)	(94)	(159)
Total	70	94)	107	171	284	362	505	590	820	1080
Earnings		.,								,
Total	43	57	69	113	194	261	352	398	486	624
Capital Employed										<u>-</u>
Fixed assets	220	285	301	838	901	1030	1242	1236	1694	2680
Net trading assets	83	118	141	526	556	891	608	621	714	871
Total	303	403	442	1364	1457	1921	1850	1857	2408	3551
Financed by										
Issued capital	40	60	60	132	133	273	422	423	424	434
Reserves	182	201	257	560	714	743	829	866	941	1163
BTR shareholders interests	222	261	317	692	847	1016	1251	1289	1365	1597
Minority interests	16	19	21	35	38	83	189	221	631	817
Deferred taxation	1	2		9	15	74	24	18	18	26
Debt Long term	68	107	80	505	461	579	434	398	708	931
Short term net	(4)	14	24	123	96	169	(48)	(69)	(314)	180
Total	303	403	442	1364	1457	1921	1850	1857	2408	3551
Shareholders' Interests (adjusted for bonus and rights issues) in pence per share		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							-	
Earnings	4.4	5.3	6.3	8.5	12.2	16.0	21.2	23.6	28.7	36.1
Dividends	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.8	4.3	5.8	8.3	9.7	12.0	15.0
Shareholders' Funds	20.5	24.1	29.3	43.6	53.2	62.0	74.1	76.2	80.5	91.9
ther Financial Statistics						····				
Return on sales (%) note 1	15.1	16.3	17.4	11.1	10.2	11.9	13.9	15.0	16,7	17.6
Returnon papital (%) note 2	31.2	29.5	29.8	24.3	25.1	27.4	29.5	33.5	42.8	41.6
Interest cover (times) note 3	11.0	7.4	6.6	4.6	5.1	4.6	10,7	20.0	9.7	7.8
Debt to capital employed (%)	21.1	30.0	23.5	46.0	38.2	38.9	20.9	17.7	16.4	31.3
note 4	<b>-</b>									

されているというという人がでは、高温で表現である。これでは、これでは、かんとうときには、これでは、

Notes: (1) Profit before interest and tax (PBIT) on sales.
(2) PBIT on average of preceding and current vear end total capital employed.
(3) PBIT on net interest.
(4) Net debt on total capital employed.

## FINANCIAL CALENDAR 1990/91

Annual General Meeting	May			
Half year ends	June			
Announcement	September			
Full year ends	December			
Announcement	March 1991			
Interim dividend paid	November			
Final dividend paid	May 1991			