INTECSEA (UK) Limited

(formerly Intec Engineering (UK) Limited)

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 2667945 30 June 2009

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the 18 month period ended 30 June 2009

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of consultant engineers in the oil, gas and water industries

Developments

On 16 April 2008, The Company's parent company Intec Engineering Group BV was acquired by WorleyParsons Europe Limited, whose ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is WorleyParsons Limited, incorporated in Australia

On 29 September 2008 the company changed by special resolution its name from Intec Engineering (UK) Limited to INTECSEA (UK) Limited

Business review and future developments

Turnover from continuing operations has increased to £25,986,587 from £9,110,949. The increase in revenue is due to the longer accounting period and growth in the work force

Operating profit was £5,920,437 compared to £1,339,214 in the previous year, whilst the profit on ordinary activities before taxation increased to £5,422,254 from £1,289,496 The company made a profit for the period after taxation of £3,972,455 (2007 £984,016)

The performance is in line with the expectations of the directors and reflects the ongoing trading performance of the company

The directors work closely with management to anticipate risks from economic or global factors and plan accordingly. In response to the shift in market conditions we have ensured that our personnel numbers and costs are in line with demand and reviewed all internal costs. We are confident that our medium-term and long-term prospects remain positive based on our competitive position and our strong financial capacity.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company recognises the need to manage the material business risks. The internal audit and risk management functions provide assurance that both the risk management process and the internal control framework are operating effectively

Economic risk

The business is influenced by the global oil and gas prices. The period has been tougher than the previous, but we have captured sufficient market share to keep the company profitable. In circumstances where we need to adjust the business model to ensure we are awarded work, we adjust accordingly

Directors' report (continued)

Exposure credit and liquidity risk

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise receivables, payables and cash. The company has policies and procedures in place to minimise credit and liquidity risk along with long established trading relationships with clients.

Currency risk

The company aims to secure all contracts in GBP Contracts secured in other currencies have applicable risk assessments carried out on them

Competition risk

The company is in a specialist niche market but with limited competition and is constantly looking to build upon its skills and add value to the client. Acquisition by WorleyParsons has opened up new markets and generated new synergies.

Reputation risk

The company has a strong image within the industry and looks to mitigate this risk through the WorleyParsons procedures and systems, ensuring constant quality

Proposed dividend

The directors have declared and paid a dividend of £2,513,803 (2007 £nil)

Directors

The directors who served during the period were

M Daly (appointed 3 November 2009)
G Taylor (resigned 3 November 2009)
M Mellema (resigned 22 September 2008)
I Nash (appointed 22 September 2008 and resigned 8 January 2010)

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

Persuant to Section 486 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

By order of the board

Michael Doly

M Daly
Director

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Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG LLP

Arlington Business Park Theale Reading RG7 4SD United Kingdom

Report of the independent auditors to the members of INTECSEA (UK) Limited (formerly Intec Engineering (UK) Limited)

We have audited the financial statements of INTECSEA (UK) Limited for the 18 month period ended 30 June 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 3

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors to the members of INTECSEA (UK) Limited (formerly Intec Engineering (UK) Limited) (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2009 and of the company's profit for the period then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

KPMG UP 15/2/10

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

Profit and loss account

for the period ended 30 June 2009	Notes	18 months ending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007
Turnover	2	25,986,587	9,110,949
Cost of sales		(14,226,960)	(5,154,893)
Gross profit		11,759,627	3,956,056
Administrative expenses		(5,839,190)	(2,616 842)
Operating profit		5,920,437	1,339 214
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6 7	9,658 (507,841)	20 430 (70,148)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3-5 8	5,422,254 (1,449,799)	1,289,496 (305,480)
Retained profit for the period		3,972,455	984,016

All amounts relate to continuing activities

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the current or prior financial period

Balance sheet

at 30 June 2009	Notes	30 June 2009 £	30 June 2009 £	31December 2007 £	31 December 2007
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Investments	9		460,580		627,319 2,624
			460,580		629,943
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	6,587,003 840,148		4,389,346 827,191	
		7,427,151		5,216,537	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	12	(2,918,097)		(5,626,242)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			4,509,054		(409,705)
Total assets less current liabilities			4,969,634		220,238
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(3,290,744)		
Net assets			1,678,890		220,238
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		693,000		693,000
Profit and loss account	15		985,890		(472,762)
Shareholders' funds	17		1,678,890		220,238

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 9th February 2010 and were signed on its behalf by

Micron Day

M Daly
Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements except as noted below

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

Under Financial Reporting Standard I the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of WorleyParsons Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties) The consolidated financial statements of WorleyParsons Limited, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 21

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Computer equipment - 3 years
Leasehold Improvements - 3 years
Fixtures and fittings - 10 years

Long term contracts

The amount of profit attributable to the stage of completion of a long term contract is recognised when the outcome of the contract can be foreseen with reasonable certainty. Turnover for such contracts is stated at the cost appropriate to their stage of completion plus attributable profits, less amounts recognised in previous years. Provision is made for any losses as soon as they are foreseen.

Contract work in progress is stated at costs incurred, less those transferred to the profit and loss account, after deducting foreseeable losses and payments on account not matched with turnover

Amounts recoverable on contracts are included in debtors and represent turnover recognised in excess of payments on account

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

Notes (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Sales comprise the net value of work completed, services rendered or deliveries made during the period. Turnover is recognised when title passes or in accordance with work performed and the invoiced value of sales under the terms of the contract

Foreign Exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account

Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred

Post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

2 Turnover

	18 months ending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007
By geographical market	*	*
Europe	2,383,234	2,874,285
Africa	22,921,022	6,145,541
Asia	645,763	62 970
Other	36,568	28,153
		
	25,986,587	9,110,949

The directors consider that all turnover is attributable to a single business class

Notes (continued)

3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

5 Tione on ordinary activities before taxacion		
	18 months ending	Year ending 31
	30 June 2009	December 2007
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated		
after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration		
Audit of the financial statements	18,000	21,825
Other Services	3,000	4,000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets – owned	377,123	103,295
Hire of other assets - operating leases	488,811	322,818
4 Remuneration of directors		
	18 months ending	Year ending 31
	30 June 2009	December 2007
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	634,580	174,423
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	9,559	3,555
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	644,139	177,978
	<u></u>	

The highest paid director received emoluments of £432,640 (2007 £174,423) and company contributions to money purchase pension schemes of £6,311 (2007 £3,555) Retirement benefits are accruing to two directors (2007 one) under money purchase schemes

5 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, analysed by category, was as follows

category, was as follows	Number of employees		
	18 months ending 30 June 2009	Year ending 31 December 2007	
Engineering Administration	42 14	34 7	
	56	41	
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows			
	18 monthsending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007 £	
Wages and salaries	5,122,913	2,168,646	
Social security costs Other pension costs	592,278 72,121	248,631 35,761	
	5,787,312	2,453,038	

Notes (continued)

	18 months ending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007 £
Dank interact receivable	9.658	12,357

Bank interest receivable Foreign exchange gain	9,658	12,357 8,073
	9,658	20 430

7 Interest payable and similar charges

6 Interest receivable and similar income

	18 months ending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007 £
Bank interest Foreign exchange loss Payable to group undertakings	6,137 501,704	1,881 - 68,267
	507,841	70 148

Notes (continued)

8 Taxation

Analysis of charge in period	18 months ending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007
UK corporation tax Current tax on income for the period Adjustments in respect of prior periods	1,564,985 (91,090)	281,556 23,924
Total current tax	1,473,895	305,480
Deferred tax	(24,096)	•
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,449,799	305,480

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge for the period is lower (2007 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28%, 2007 30%) The differences are explained below

(2870, 2007 5070) The differences are explained below	18 months ending 30 June 2009 £	Year ending 31 December 2007
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,422,254	1,289,496
Current tax at 28% (2007 30 %)	1,518,231	386,849
Effects of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	9,105	6,000
Depreciation for period greater/(less) than capital allowances	17,922	(1,180)
Utilisation of losses	-	(110 113)
Change of rate of taxation	19,727	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(91,090)	23,924
Total current tax charge (see above)	1,473,895	305,480

Notes (continued)

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold Improvements £	Computer equipment £	Fixtures and Fittings £	Total £
Cost At beginning of period Additions	439,049 4,491	353,817 165,384	143,774 40,509	936,640 210,384
At end of period	443,540	519,201	184,283	1,147,024
Depreciation At beginning of period Charge for the period	48,783 222,199	241,325 129,792	19,213 25,132	309,321 377,123
At end of period	270,982	371,117	44,345	686,444
Net book value At 30 June 2009	172,558	148,084	139,938	460,580
At 31 December 2007	390,266	112,492	124,561	627,319

10 Debtors

	30 June 2009 31 December 2007	
	£	£
Trade debtors	2,205,920	1 973,561
Amounts recoverable on contracts	1,777,148	1,206,523
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,172,062	634,795
Other debtors	118,392	288,261
Prepayments and accrued income	289,385	286,206
Deferred tax asset	24,096	-
	6,587,003	4,389,346

11 Deferred tax asset - accelerated capital allowances

	£
At 31 December 2007 Recognised during the period	24,096
At 30 June 2009	24,096

Notes (continued)

12	Creditors:	amount due	within	one year
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	30 June 2009 £	31 December 2007
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Loans from group undertakings Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	593,740 377,120 1,026,198 921,039	694,013 2,939,012 1,107,264 357,270 528,683
	2,918,097	5,626,242
13 Creditors: amount due after more than one year	 -	
To Creators, amount due and more than one jum	30 June 2009 £	31 December 2007
Loans from group undertakings	3,290,744	-
This loans are payable to WorleyParsons UK Finance Sub Limited and interesper annum	st on the loans is payable at between	een 2 760-2 835%
14 Called up share capital		
	30 June 2009 £	31 December 2007 £
Authorised, allotted and called up share capital 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	693,000	693,000
15 Profit and loss account		
	30 June 2009 £	31 December 2007 £
Balance at beginning of the period	(472,762)	(1,456,778)
Profit for the period	3,972,455	984,016
Dividend paid	(2,513,803)	
Balance at end of the period	985,890	(472,762) ——
16 Dividend		
The aggregate amount of dividends comprises	June 2009	December 2007
Interim dividends paid in respect of the current period	£ 2,513,803	£

Notes (continued)

17 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

		30 June 2009 31 December 2007		
	£	£		
Profit for the period	3,972,455	984,016		
Dividend paid	(2,513,803)	-		
Net increase in shareholders' funds	1,458,652	984,016		
Opening shareholders' funds	220,238	(763,778)		
Closing shareholders' funds	1,678,890	220,238		

18 Commitments

- There are no capital commitments at the end of the financial period for which no provision has been made (2007 £nil)
- b) Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows

	Land and buildings	30 June 2009 Other	31 Land and buildings	December 2007 Other
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	322,818	-	322.818	
in the second to that years inclusive				
	322,818	-	322,818	-

19 Pension Scheme

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension charge for the period represents contributions payable by the Company to the scheme and amounted to £72,121 (2007 £35,761)

Contributions amounting to £nil (2007 £9,206) were payable to the scheme and are included in creditors

20 Related Parties

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of WorleyParsons Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties)

Until 16 April 2008 the company belonged to the group headed by Heerema Engineering and Project Management Services Denmark Aps During the period of ownership, the company made £1,893,517 sales to Heerema companies under normal trading terms

Notes (continued)

21 Ultimate parent company

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of WorleyParsons Europe Limited, a company incorporated in the UK

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by WorleyParsons Limited, incorporated in Australia The consolidated accounts of this company are available from Level 12, 141 Walker Street, North Sydney NSW 2060 Australia This is the smallest group in which they are consolidated