REGISTERED NUMBER: 07769711 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 29 September 2019

<u>for</u>

J S Hunter & Sons Ltd

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J S Hunter & Sons Ltd

Company Information for the Year Ended 29 September 2019

DIRECTORS: J S Hunter

J S Hunter J D Hunter Mrs A N Hunter

REGISTERED OFFICE: Pursley Farm

Shenley Radlett Hertfordshire WD7 9EN

REGISTERED NUMBER: 07769711 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Hardcastle Burton LLP

Lake House Market Hill Royston Hertfordshire SG8 9JN

Abridged Balance Sheet 29 September 2019

	29.9.19		.19	29.9.18	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		1,617,188		1,533,500
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		345,084		259,369	
Debtors		387,584		330,535	
Cash at bank		5,012		· -	
		737,680	•	589,904	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		723,704		727,556	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			13,976	<u> </u>	(137,652)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				_	
LIABILITIES			1,631,164		1,395,848
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year			(552,124)		(521,055)
			, , ,		, , ,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(229,858)		(179,908)
NET ASSETS			849,182	_	694,885
				_	·
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		15,000		15,000
Retained earnings			834,182		679,885
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			849,182	_	694,885
				_	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 29 September 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 29 September 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
 - preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections
- (b) each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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Abridged Balance Sheet - continued 29 September 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 29 September 2019 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 6 May 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

J D Hunter - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 29 September 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

J S Hunter & Sons Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance
Tractors and combines - 15% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 29 September 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2018 - 5).

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 29 September 2019

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Totals
	£
COST	
At 30 September 2018	2,361,295
Additions	452,775
Disposals	(318,850)
At 29 September 2019	2,495,220
DEPRECIATION	
At 30 September 2018	827,795
Charge for year	211,151
Eliminated on disposal	(160,914)
At 29 September 2019	878,032
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 29 September 2019	1,617,188
At 29 September 2018	1,533,500
Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purel	nase contracts are as follows:
	Totals
	£
COST	
At 30 September 2018	1,132,463
Additions	431,450
Disposals	(176,000)
Transfer to ownership	(57,850)
At 29 September 2019	1,330,063
DEPRECIATION	
At 30 September 2018	314,342
Charge for year	163,951
Eliminated on disposal	(83,731)
Transfer to ownership	(43,632)
At 29 September 2019	350,930
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 29 September 2019	979,133
At 29 September 2018	818,121

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 29 September 2019

5. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

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A Hoffed	1001107	211.0	TIIIIX/	naid:
Allotted,	issucu	anu	IUIIV	Daiu.

Number:	Class:	Nominal	29.9.19	29.9.18
		value:	£	£
10,000	Ordinary A	£1	10,000	10,000
5,000	Ordinary B	£l	5,000	5,000
			<u>15,000</u>	15,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.