Company registration number: 4443573

J.G. Security Systems Ltd

30 June 2020



Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited
27 Wanderdown Road
Ovingdean
Brighton
East Sussex
BN27BT

### **Contents**

	Page
Directors and other information	1
Accountant's report	2
Statement of financial position	3 - 4
Notes to the financial statements	5 - 8

#### **Directors and other information**

**Director** J.G. Gorman

Secretary L. Stone

Company number 4443573

Registered office 27 Wanderdown Road

Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

Business address 2 Graywood Cottages

Greywood Lane East Hoathly East Sussex BN8 6QS

Accountant Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited

27 Wanderdown Road

Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN27BT

# Report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of J.G. Security Systems Ltd Year ended 30 June 2020

As described on the statement of financial position, the director of the company is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions I have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to me.

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited 27 Wanderdown Road Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN27BT

12 August 2020

# Statement of financial position 30 June 2020

	2020		2019		
	Note	£	£	£	3
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	=		<del>-</del>	
Tangible assets	6	9,298		11,118	
			9,298		11,118
Current assets					
Stocks		975		1,275	
Debtors	7	214		620	
Cash at bank and in hand		473		15,242	
		1,662		17,137	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(23,021)		(24,302)	
Net current liabilities			(21,359)		(7,165)
Total assets less current liabilities			(12,061)		3,953
Net (liabilities)/assets	•		(12,061)		3,953
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			(12,062)		3,952
Shareholders (deficit)/funds			(12,061)		3,953
•					

For the year ending 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position (continued) 30 June 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 August 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J.G. Gorman Director

Company registration number: 4443573

#### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2020

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 27 Wanderdown Road, Ovingdean, Brighton, East Sussex, BN2 7BT.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2020

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

#### **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non - puttable ordinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in profit and loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and there after at fair value with changes in profit and loss.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2019: 1).

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2020

5.	Intangible assets		Goodwill	Total
		•	£	£
	Cost At 1 July 2019 and 30 June 2020		100,000	100,000
	Amortisation At 1 July 2019 and 30 June 2020		100,000	100,000
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2020		-	-
	At 30 June 2019		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
6.	Tangible assets	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
		fittings and equipment	vehicles	
		3	£	£
	Cost At 1 July 2019 Additions	5,954 1,278	28,058 -	34,012 1,278
	At 30 June 2020	7,232	28,058	35,290
•	Depreciation At 1 July 2019 Charge for the year At 30 June 2020	5,073 539 5,612	17,821 2,559 20,380	22,894 3,098 25,992
	Carrying amount		====	====
	At 30 June 2020	1,620 	7,678	9,298
	At 30 June 2019	<u>881</u>	10,237 ———	<u>11,118</u>
7.	Debtors		2020	2019
	Trade debtors		£	£
	Other debtors		214	620 -
			214	620

### Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2020

# 8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	667
Accruals and deferred income	1,000	1,650
Corporation tax	138	3,507
Social security and other taxes	-	3,145
Director loan accounts	21,883	15,333
	23,021	24,302