# JOHN GORDON WALTON & CO.

## JACK LUNN (PROPERTIES) LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2000



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## AUDITORS' REPORT TO JACK LUNN (PROPERTIES) LTD UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2000 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

John Gordon Walton & Co

28 February 2001

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Yorkshire House Greek Street Leeds LS1 5ST

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2000

	2000		1999	
Notes	£	£	£	£
2		20,215,169		19,792,015
2		2		
		20,215,171		19,792,015
	416,789		110,981	
	651,785		709,661	
	1,068,574		820,642	
3	(4,270,371)		(3,571,936)	
		(3,201,797)		(2,751,294)
		17,013,374		17,040,721
3		(6,177,102)		(6,948,476)
		10,836,272		10,092,245
4		5,000		5,000
		5,864,223		5,557,068
		4,967,049		4,530,177
		10,836,272		10,092,245
	3	416,789 651,785 1,068,574 3 (4,270,371)	2 2 20,215,171  416,789 651,785  1,068,574  3 (4,270,371)  (3,201,797)  17,013,374  3 (6,177,102)  10,836,272  4 5,000 5,864,223 4,967,049	2 2 20,215,171  416,789 651,785 709,661  1,068,574 820,642  3 (4,270,371) (3,571,936)  (3,201,797) 17,013,374  3 (6,177,102) 10,836,272  4 5,000 5,864,223 4,967,049

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 27 February 2001

and and

G Lunn
Director

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2000

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary whose parent company publishes consolidated accounts in accordance with UK legislation.

#### 1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for rents net of VAT and trade discounts.

#### 1.4 Investment properties

Investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus is transferred to the revaluation reserve.

In accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP 19 (i)investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve, and (ii)no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run. Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic depreciation of these properties, the directors believe that this policy of not providing depreciation is necessary in order for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. These properties are maintained in a state of good repair and accordingly the directors consider that the lives of the assets are so long and residual values, based on prices prevailing at the time of valuation, are so high that any depreciation charge to the profit and loss account would be insignificant.

No provision is made for any capital gains tax that may arise in the event of actual sale being effected at these revalued amounts.

#### 1.5 Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

#### 1.6 Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contributions payable by the company during the year in accordance with SSAP 24.

#### 1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

#### 1.8 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiary undertaking comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2000

2	Fixed	assets
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	Tangible assets	Investments	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 October 1999	19,792,015	_	19,792,015
Additions	238,759	2	238,761
Revaluation	184,395	<u>-</u>	184,395
At 30 September 2000	20,215,169	2	20,215,171
At 30 September 1999	19,792,015	-	19,792,015

#### Holdings of more than 20%

The company holds more than 20% of the share capital of the following companies:

Company	Country of registration or incorporation	Shares held Class	%
Subsidiary undertakings LBS (Fire Services) Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100

The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the results of these undertakings for the last relevant financial year were as follows:

=	LBS (Fire Services) Limited	Capital and reserves	Profit for the period
	LBS (Fire Services) Limited did not trade during the year.		
3	Creditors	2000 £	1999 £
	Analysis of loans repayable in more than five years  Not wholly repayable within five years by instalments	1,772,921	1,878,098
	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments	5,169,170	5,169,170 ————

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £6,942,091 (1999 - £7,047,268).

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2000

4	Share capital	2000 £	1999 £
	Authorised	L	2
	5,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	5,000	5,000
}		= <u>=</u> =	<del></del>
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	5,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	5,000	5,000

#### 5 Ultimate parent company

The directors regard Jack Lunn (Holdings) Ltd , a company registered in England and Wales, as the company's ultimate parent company.